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Founder: Bherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Rescue The World From Path Of Suicide

JAWAHAR'S CALL TO RUSSIA AND AMERICA

Let 'Desire To Agree' Take Place Of 'Desire To Disagree'

NEW DELHI, August 13 (U.P.A.): Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, in the first exclusive interview since Indian Independence one year ago, told Stewart Hensley of the United Press of America that the world eventually will "commit suicide" unless it evolved some form of global federation inwhich the Anglo-Americans and the Russians agree to live peaceably.

Pandit Nehru called upon the big powers to make sincere efforts to settle their disputes instead of making "deliberate attempts to annoy" one another.

Maintaining that the danger of a third world war was lessened somewhat recently, Nehru, nevertheless, saw the powder keg still smouldering because the British, Russians and Americans are not making a real effort to resolve their differences

He said that among the Russians and Americans, "there appears not only disagreement, but a desire to disagree?a deliberate intent to annoy the other party. The first thing necessary is the desire to agree. That may not lead to agreement, but it would be a big step forward."

Nehru said, however, that "fear of the consequence is a powerful deterrent" which had averted a war this year, and "I hope that danger will pass next year too."

He said: "Some kind of World Government is bound to come either in our generation or the next, otherwise the world tends to commit suicide. In what shape and how it will come about is difficult to tell. It has to grow through the goodwill of the people."

Nehru held that it would have to be some form of loose federation, based not primarily on legalities but by a psychological change in the minds of the peoples.

Looking back on India's first year of independence Nehru said that despite the ordeals of mass migrations and strife through which the country had passed he was "on the whole optimistic" about the future

He admitted India was beset by inflation and was in a bad economic condition but said her soundness was attested by her ability to withstand the trials of the past year.

Nehru said his Government had "taken some steps" to remedy the economic situation and "we will take others in the course of the next few weeks. Basically, our economic position is sound."

FOREIGN AID

The Prime Minister said India needed American and other foreign capital to accomplish her reconstruction but wanted it only on terms which would safeguard India's economic independence. He said: "The Government is intensely interested in developing Indian industries. We want to develop both with our own and foreign capital. We want to give a square deal to foreign capital and personnel, but do wish to preserve our own economic independence. Therefore, we are reluctant to tie up with anything which may come in the way of our economic policy in future. We are thinking now in terms of big schemes like the Tennecce Valley Authority. We hope to give contracts some of these to American companies."

Nehru appeared in agreement with the United States policy of rebuilding Japanese economy. He said: "It would be foolish trying to suppress a people like the Japanese completely. It just cannot be done. Besides it is morally wrong as well as impractical. It would only delay their recovery as well as that of all Asia. Recovery in Japan on a democratic basis is the only right policy to pursue."

He warned, however, that there must be adequate guarantees against the resurgence of Japanese militarism.

COMMUNIST UPSERGE

Nehru said the recent upsurge of Communist activity in Asia was due to economic conditions and these must be remedied before the Communist threat is alleviated. He said India is not much troubled by Communists as are some other areas, such as Burma and Malaya.

He said Communist activity had "recently come to the front because of the fruitful field found in grave economic discontents. Apart from other measures that might be taken, the important way to deal with Communism is to better economic conditions".

Nehru appeared considerably older, more tired and weighed by the cares of office than when last interviewed by this correspondent three years ago. However, the gracious manner of the aristocratic Indian leader was unchanged and the warmth of his feeling for the Indian people and his clear and calm faith of their future steadfast as ever.

Nehru said he believed he would not be able to visit the United States this autumn after attending the Commonwealth Premiers' Conference in London in September because although "I would love to" he believed it better not to be away from India too long.

He indicated he was planning a separate visit to the United States at a later date.

HYDERABAD QUESTION

Asked concerning the Hyderabad and Kashmir problems with which India was now faced Nehru said that if Hyderabad ever were independent "it would make Indian independence a mockery." The whole of South India would be in jeopardy. He added that nowhere in the world was there any independent nation entirely surrounded by the territory of a single other independet nation.

Nehru said: "Hyderabad is completly feudal and autocratic in its Government. All other Indians have a form of democratic representation. Relatively a small minority controls Hyderabad against the wishes of the majority and interferes with the development of India. It is quite absurd to say the Government of India wants to make Hyderabad a sort of subordinate country. Hyderabad can be an autonomous province—a partner in a large federation?with no subjection."

He pointed out that only Foreign Affairs Defence and Communications would pass to the hands of the Indian Government.

KASHMIR AND U. N.

Nehru indicated his displeasure with the way the United Nations had handled the Kashmir dispute between India and Pakistan declaring that Pakistan's admission that her troops were fighting in Kashmir now proved the Indian case had been right all along.

He said: "To understand the Kashmir situation one must understand the basic fact that there was aggression from outside—from Pakistan. It could not have taken place without the encouragement of Pakistan.

"India went to the United Nations making a simple request that Pakistan be asked to stop aiding theseaggressors. Either our facts were right or wrong. The United Nations never gave us an answer."

Nehru added, however,: "Now it is clarified by the fact that Pakistan had admitted her troops are fighting in Kashmir" which, he said was a reversal of their claims before the United Nations.

The 40-minute interview took place at the Prime Minister's spacious but not luxurious, office at the Council House where the Indian Assembly is currently meeting, wrestling with a multitude of the financial and other problems which beset this nation in the wake of independence and partition.

LIVING WORD OF MAHATMAJI

Eire Greets India

LONDON, Aug. 13 (UPA): Sean McBride Foreign Minister of Eire today dispatched an open message of felicitations to India through the United Press of America on the occasion of India's first independence anniversary

McBride wired: "I am glad of this opportunity of expressing Ireland's felicitations and good wishes to the people of India on the occasion of the first anniversary of Indian independence.

"Admiring India's effort for freedom and mindful of the vommon struggle to independence of our two peoples, Ireland rejoices in India's progress and in her unceasing labour in the cause of world peace and hope her objectives will be ultimately crowned with success".

Attlee's Greetings To India

LONDON, Aug. 13 (UPA): Prime Minister Clement Attlee tonight sent telegrams to the Prime Ministers of India and Pakistan on the occasion of the anniversary of the two Dominions' independence expressing "warm congratulations and cordial wishes for the future prosperity".

INDEPENDENCE CELEBRATIONS
(See Page 7)

I shall work for an India in which country, in whose making they have there shall be no high class and low class of people, an India in which all communities shall live in perfect harmony.

There can be no room in such an India for the curse of untouchability or the curse of intoxicating drinks and drugs.

Women will enjoy the same rights as men.

This is the India of my dreams.

I decline to be a slave to precendents or practices I cannot understand, or defend on a moral basis.

I do not want my house to be walled in on all sides and my windows to be stuffed. I want the culture of all lands to be blown about my house as freely as possible. But I refuse to be blown off my feet by any of them. I refuse to live in other people's houses as an interloper, a beggar or a slave.

Mine is not a religion of the prison house. It has room for the least among God's creations. But, it is proof against insolent pride in race, religion or colour.

Indian culture is neither Hindu, Islamic nor any other, wholly. It is a fusion of all.

★ ★ ★

I know the path. . It is straight and narrow. It is like the edge of a sword. I rejoice to walk on it. I weep when I slip. God's word is: "He who strives never perishes".

I want to live the whole span of my life. But I do not think I shall live so long. When I am gone, India will be free and not only India will be free, but the whole world will be free.

the poorest shall feel that it is their an effective voice, an India in which

PILGRIM OF STERNITY

'Coup D'etat' Plan Foiled In Burma

RIFLE DESERTERS' MARCH TO RANGOON SMASHED

RANGOON, August 13 (Reuter): Plan to overthrow by force of the Caretaker Government of Premier Thakin Nu was disclosed today in an official "communique" here.

Deserters from the Burmese Army had decided to attack Rangoon and other places in the Delta Area on August 10 and establish a military Cabinet, the "communique" added.

RANGOON QUIET

To meet the situation the Government appointed Maj.-General Smith Dun, Supreme Commander for all Defence Forces, and Government troops were mopping up four recaptured towns where 130 deserters had been killed. Rangoon was quiet today.

DESERTERS FOILED

The Government's first announcement of disaffection in the forces said today that loyal troops intercepted and smashed an attempt by 600 Burma Rifle deserters to march on Rangoon. They fled leaving trucks and ammunition when attacked 60 miles north of the Capital.

Another 350 deserters who "disappeared with a large quantity of arms" on Aug. 10 from Mingaladon, 12 miles from Rangoon, were straffed by aircraft as they headed northwards and were later dispersed by ground forces.

For two nights armed patrols have enforced an eight-hour curfew in war-scarred Rangoon where action was feared from deserters sympathising with Communist rebels.

The Capital was quiet this morning while police vans toured the streets instructing residents to report to the police within 2 hours if there were any new arrivals in their homes. This was regarded as a precautionary measure against infiltration into the city.

The semi-official "New Times" of Burma today warned people to keep calm and "not be dismayed by exaggerated rumours" It said the Government announcement clearly showed that the mutiny was limited in scope.

The paper said the connection between the "White Band" section of the Peoples' Volunteer Corps—which opposes Premier Thakin Nu—and the Communists was not yet clear.

Army deserters were recently reported joining the "White Band".

No Gurkhas In Rangoon

RANGOON, Aug. 13 (Reuter): Reports that Gurkha troops have arrived in Rangoon to help maintain law and order were officially denied here today.

SIAMESE DRIVE AGAINST 'REDS'

BANGKOK, Aug. 13 (Reuter)—About 200 people, mostly Chinese, have been rounded up by the Siamese police in various parts of the country during the past 24 hours it was learned authoritatively here tonight.

The arrested persons, a high police authority told Reuter, were suspected of being implicated in "secret society gangsterism", extortion and other crimes.

Many leading Communists have escaped to Indo-China as a result of the Siamese Government's "precautionary drive", according to Siamese press reports.

The Siamese Navy sent one 800-ton destroyer "Prab" and three landing craft for patrol duty along the southern coast adjoining terrorist-stricken Malaya on Wednesday.

Another destroyer, "the Bangrachen", is on duty on the southern coast.

The Bangkok Government is reliably reported to have strengthened her frontier forces since last weekend after reports that the Malayan Government's anti-Communist campaign was reaching a climax with the possibility of a large-scale Communist attempt to escape to Siam.

INSURGENT HIDE-OUTS BATTERED IN MALAYA

KUALA LUMPUR Aug. 13 (Reuter): Royal Air Force planes struck twice at guerilla jungle hide-outs in South Fahang States Malaya, today blasting huts with rocket and cannon fire.

An official "communique' said guerillas were caught by surprise in open rad and were probably wiped out.

In the other strike the aircraft concentrated their fire on a small dense jungle area known to be an insurgent hide-out.

COLOMBO, Aug. 12. (Reuter): Three Royal Air Force "Beaufighters" of number 45 Squadron based on Ceylon left Begombo airfield north of here today for Malaya where they will be temporarily attached to the Air Command.

Parliament Approves Sterling Agreement

Gaekwar Leaves For India

LONDON, August 13, (Reuter): The Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda left Gatwick Airport, near London, tonight for Paris on his way back to India.

The Gaekwar left Gatwick in his private Dakota plane accompanied by two members of his household staff in addition to the crew.

NEW MADRAS GOVERNOR

Bhavanagar Ruler To Succeed Nye

NEW DELHI, AUGUST 13 (A.P.I.): THE MAHARAJA OF BHAVANAGAR HAS BEEN APPOINTED TO SUCCEED LT.-GEN. SIR ARCHIBLED NYE AS GOVERNOR OF MADRAS.

A Communique issued from Government House, Delhi, says:— H. E. Lt.-Gen. Sir Archibald Nye, who had, at the time of the transfer of power, been invited by the Government of India to continue as Governor of Madras and who agreed to do so for a short period, will be demitting office next month.

His Excellency the Governor-General has, on the advice of his Government, appointed Col. His Highness Maharaja Shri Sir Krishna Kumarsinhji Bhavsinhji, Maharaja of Bhavanagar, as Governor of Madras in succession to Lt.-Gen. Sir Archibald Nye'.

The Maharaja of Bhavanagar is at present acting Rajpramukh of Saurashtra. He ascended the "gadi" of Bhavanagar in 1919 and was invested with full ruling powers in 1931. He was educated at Harrow. His State along with other Kathiawar States joined together to form the Union of Saurashtra of which he became Uprajapramukh.

British Assets In Union Provide Sufficient Cover, Assures Chetty

NEW DELHI, Aug. 13 (A.P.I.): The Indian Parliament today approved the Sterling Balances Agreement after a six-hour debate extending over a day and half. It did so by agreeing to two Supplementary Grants totalling over Rs. 280 crores in respect of Capital outlay on Sterling pensions and Defence Capital outlay.

CHETTY'S DEFENCE

The highlight of today's debate was a factual defence put up gy the Finance Minister Mr. R. K., Shanmukham Chetty, supported by Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari, a non-official member of the Indian Delegation.

Fears Unfounded

The Finance Minister said that fears of scaling down of the Balances were unfounded because even if it came to the worst British Assets in India would provide sufficient cover. He added: "the House might feel perfectly confident that all Sterling Balances are safe notwithstanding all the Churchills of England."

Proceedings In Detail

NEW DELHI, Aug. 13, (U.P.I.): Resuming further discussion in the Parliament today on Finance Minister demand for a supplementary grant of a sum not exceeding Rs. 216,27,18,000 for payment in respect of capital outlay on Sterling Pensions and sum not exceeding Rs. 65,33,33,000 for and subsequent cut motions by Mr. Z. H. Lari and Mr. Shiabban Lal Saxena, Mr. Punjab Rao Deshmukh asked as to how long India would have to wait for the full realization of sterling balances from the British Government.

PAYMENT FOR STORES

Referring to payment for stores and installation Dr. Deshmukh next speaker asked whether any efforts were made to get aeroplanes and other defence goods which were badly needed by India. It may be that the Delegation had not succeeded to the extent the House would have expected them to do but in view of the fact that balances were accumulated at the cost of great sacrifices by the Indian people the House had a right to ask whether efforts were made for a more favourable agreement.

Continuing Dr. Deshmukh enquired whether any other method of agreement was suggested to the British Government by which we could get back our balances at an early date and also that India could get other materials.

PLEA FOR "SCALING UP"

Mr. Krishna Murthi Rao speaking next, said that India could put up a counter-claim of scaling up the sterling balances. He said that the sterling balances, were accumulated against stores which were not purchased at market rates. Statistics and figures could be produced to prove that prices of goods purchased were much higher than at which they were purchased by the British Government.

Mr. Krishna Murthi Rao did not understand why at all it would be necessary for India to deposit Rs. 267 crores in the Bank of England as currency reserve.

He observed that the purposes of the sterling and dollar reserve were being served by the International Monetary Fund and as such India should utilise the services of that Fund instead.

Mr. B. Das continuing asked why the best of the stores were declared as scraps and sold to Hyderabad and other Governments? Why the right type of stores were not available to India? And they the best of

(Continued on Page 7.)

Bombay Demands 4-Crore Loan

NEW DELHI, August 13, (U.P.I.): The Finance Minister, Mr. Shanmukham Chetty, disclosed in the Dominion Parliament during the question hour today, that the Government of Bombay have applied to the Government of India for a loan of Rs. 4 crores for their housing schemes which covered all the chief industrial areas in the province.

BREN-GUN FACTORY IN HYDERABAD

Dismantled And Removed To Cawnpore, Says Baldev Singh

NEW DELHI, August 13, (U.P.I.): The Defence Minister informed Mr. Mahavir Tyagi that the number of ordnance factories which were working during the last war was 36 and the number of factories working now was 15. Articles manufactured by these factories were small arms and artillery, gun and small arms ammunition, scientific and optical instruments, clothing and parachutes, bayonets, mortar bombs, mines, and grenades.

The Defence Minister stated that it would not be in the public interest to divulge the capacity of the ordnance factories.

Replying to a supplementary question the Defence Minister said there was no factory in States, except one in Hyderabad which was dismantled and was being removed to Cawnpore.

Replying to another question the Defence Minister stated that the bren-gun factory which was situated in the Hyderabad State was dismantled and it was being erected in Cawnpore

Police Guard Pakistan Government Offices

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Aug. 12. It seems, Pakistan Government have lately tightened up Security Measures with a view to keep out Enemy Agents from the Government offices.

At the Ministry for the Interior, which is surrounded by a foot high barbed wire, entrance is obtained by means of passes which are strictly checked up by the police at the gate. Perhaps the most carefully guarded place is the Foreign Office which is housed in Mohatta Palace and Bhopal House at Clifton. It is difficult to go near these buildings—especially the latter which contains the Cipher Bureau—without being accosted by a policeman. The freelance writers and new journalists whose faces are not familiar to the men on duty sometimes find it a trifle difficult to prove their bona-fides.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION TOO?

The Pakistan Public Service Commission has also taken security measures but for very different reasons. The purpose here is to prevent news from leaking out not to fifth columnists but to candidates who are extremely keen to get their results in advance. They are particularly keen on finding out the names of examiners in the case of a competitive examination for purposes of wire-pulling.

DIRECTIVE TO BR. OFFICERS

NEW DELHI, Aug. 13, (A.P.I.): British officers serving in the Hyderabad State forces have been advised that in the event of military operations they should resign their Commissions, a Communique from the United Kingdom High Commissioner in India stated tonight.

Indian Hockey Team Presented With Gold Medals

LONDON, Aug. 13 (Reuter)—The Indian Olympic Hockey Title winners were presented with their Gold Medals in the Olympics Stadium tonight.

In their pale blue blazers and white flannels they looked extremely happy as they mounted the Rostrum in the growing darkness.

A large part of the crowd had stayed on and the Indians received a tremendously warm welcome.

The medals were presented to the Indians by their own member of the International Olympic Committee. Mr. Sondhi. He went among the team presenting each man with his individual prize.

The Indian National Anthem echoed around the stadium, as their flag was slowly raised in honour.

OTHER SPORTS ON PAGE 5

Battle Against Inflation

Labour Leaders To Meet Nehru Cabinet Today

(From Our Correspondent)

COUNCIL HOUSE (New Delhi), Aug. 13—Six key industrialists and six leading economists have been invited by the Nehru Government to meet the Cabinet next week. As was reported yesterday six key labour leaders are meeting the Cabinet tomorrow. The Cabinet will meet each group separately and discuss with the daily deteriorating economic situation in the country. The Government are presently discussing whether to invite the industrialists industrywise, one each from iron, cement, textile, coal, jute and miscellaneous or invite representatives from trade organisation in the country. It is likely that later on groups will meet each ither and reach a common plane of action.

EXTENSION OF BOMBAY PRESS ACT TO SAURASHTRA

Premier Dhebar On Appointment Of Adviser To Government

RAJKOT, Aug. 12 (API)—Mr. U. N. Dheber, Chief Minister of Saurashtra, announced at a press conference here this evening that Mr. N. M. Buch, I.C.S., Joint Secretary to the Ministry of States and Regional Commissioner, Western India Gujrat States region, has been appointed as Adviser to the Government of the United States of Saurashtra.

Answering a question whether the appointment was with the consent of the Government of Saurshtra, Mr. Dheber replied: "Government of India's recommendations are there before us and we shall be able to place our views before them."

Asked to define the functions of such an adviser Mr Dheber said that the Adviser will be called upon to advise the Government in certain matters. His advice if not accepted by the Saurashtra Government will be referred to the Ministry of States whose decision will be final.

It may be recalled that at the last conference of Rajpramukhs and Chief Ministers of the Unions at Delhi Saurashtra was the only Union which raised a protest against the appointmen of Advisers to popular Ministries.

Mr Dheber also announced that the Indian Press Emergency Act as it is in force in Bombay is being applied to Saurashtra and a Press Advisory Committee on the model of Bombay would be set up for Saurashtra also. Mr. Dheber made it clear that the present action is not intended to curb criticisms against the Government

Mr. Dheber also announced that the recommendations of the Capital Committee appointed to advice on suitable capital for Saurashtra was before the Saurashtra Government and it is being forwarded to the State Ministry with the Government's views

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Wagh Pleader's World-wide marriage Bureau Free enlistment. Behind City Post 1734 Shukrawar Poona. 9172

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PEN-FRIENDS

We introduce pen, personal friends for arts, hobbies, business, social contact etc. India, abroad. Particulars against 2 1/2 annas stamps. Aesthetic Society, Post Box 5531, Bombay. (9319)

Social-Circle Either Sex Introductions. Particulars 0/5/0. Write Miss Deshpande. Post Box 4014 Bombay 7. (9361)

Kith-Kins Club Social Both Sex friends. Prospectus 0/3/0. Write: Miss Premlata, Post Box 563 Poona. (9361)

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted— The Council of Bose Institute invites applications from experienced persons for the filling up of the post of Registrar of the Institute. Pay 350-25-500 plus D.A.; but his initial pay may be fixed at such stage in the time scale as the appointing authority may deem suitable. Appointment will be for two years in the first instance, and after two years of approved service it will be on permanent basis upto age of 55; at the discretion of the Council, the appointment can be extended upto 60 years of age. The Registrar will be a whole time officer and will act as Secretary of the Council and of various other Committees, and will assist the Director in the general administration of the Institute and will not be assigned any scientific work. Candidates should possess a good Post Graduate science degree and some administrative experience preferably in academic institutions. Age should preferably not exceed 45 years. Applications with copies of testimonials to be sent to the Director, 93 Upper Circular Road, Calcutta, by the 30th August 1948. 1045

Wanted— Lady Doctor for a dispensary in Bombay. Write Box No. 9346 "Bombay Chronicle"

Applications are invited for the post of Supervisors and Overseers for Buildings and Roads in the grade of Krs. 400-20-600 and Krs. 300-10-500 (Re. 1 is equal to Krs. 3 app.) respectively. Knowledge of Gujarati essential. Persons having qualifications of B.E. (Civil) or D.C.E. need apply to the State Engineer, Kutch State, Bhuj, on or before 25-8-1948, giving age, qualifications and experience, etc. 972

Wanted an experienced Bazaar Salesman for sale of foreign cotton yarn and piecegoods and also artsilk yarn. Applicant must be able to secure indents from wholesale dealers. Salary upto Rs. 250/- with prospects. Apply Box No. 9337 "Bombay Chronicle".

HOTEL (IN HILL STATION)

Deolali Grand Hotel. Good Rooms Food and Management. Charges Moderate. Apply Manager 9270

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions - Davar's College Of Commerce - Enrol immediately for Special New Session Classes for late entrants for Professional Diploma Courses. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. (9369)

Homoeopathy—Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission. Mavelikara, Travancore 107

Wanted candidates to become Overseers through correspondence instruction. Apply to the Principal, British India Technical College. (B): Broach (9221)

ASTROLOGY

Astrological Works Scientifically prepared with expert knowledge. Write The Eastern Astrological Service Post Box 35A, Bombay 1. (9353)

PROPERTIES WANTED

Wanted suitable buildings and plots in City and Suburbs on Sale, Lease and Mortgage. Management and rent collection of properties undertaken. Yearly rent paid in advance. Investors big or small get 6 per cent interest with cent per cent security. Consult Champion Properties Co. Ltd. 30I, Charni Road. Bombay 9275

DEBT - RECOVERY

For Recovery Of Your Claims And Decrees from Madras, Coimbatore & Banglore side, write to Post Box 526, Bombay. (9355)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THIRD CLASS TOURIST CAR IS AGAIN AVAILABLE ON THE G. I. P.

THE G. I. P. RAILWAY has pleasure to announce that III class Bogie Tourist Car No. 4699 is available for hire to the Public from August 1st, 1948 for journeys over the G. I. P. Railway and from September 1st, 1948, in through booking over other Railways.

* Ideal for marriage parties, pilgrim tours etc. Fitted with kitchen, bathrooms, latrines and SLEEPING ACCOMMODATION for 38 passengers.

* COMPLETE INDEPENDENCE AND COMFORT.

* CHARGES: Actual fares on the carrying capacity of the car, subject to a minimum of 12 annas per car-mile exclusive of increased charge, calculated over each railway separately; plus Rs. 10/- as hire per 24 hours or part thereof for the time the car is at the disposal of the party, whether occupied or not. Where the total charge on the through distance amounts to less than Rs. 67-12-0 inclusive of increased charge, a charge of Rs. 67-12-0 will be made.

NO CHARGES FOR EMPTY HAULAGE WILL BE LEVIED OVER THE G.I.P. AND E.P. RAILWAYS.

* The Tourist car will be available only for tours not exceeding 20 days. No person will be allotted the car at intervals of less than 2 months unless there are no other bookings within 14 days of the car becoming free.

APPLICATIONS with details of the proposed tour should be made to the CHIEF TRANSPORTATION SUPERINTENDENT, G. I. P. RAILWAY BOMBAY V.T. or the STATION MASTER, of the station from where the journey is to begin WITH A DEPOSIT OF RS. 50/- IN CASH without which no application will be considered.

Write for further particulars to the

CHIEF TRANSPORTATION SUPERINTENDENT,
G.I.P. RAILWAY,
Bombay V.T.

(1043)

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DEPUTY General Manager (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V. T. will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m. on 25-8-1948 for the supply of groundnut oil at the railway grainshops on the Poona division. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Assistant Controller Grainshops, G. I. P. Railway, at Poona.

(1031)

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

APPLICATIONS are invited for posts of Probationary Assistants in the scale of Rs. 225-25-275, on confirmation as Staff Assistants Rs. 300-20-400 EB. 25-600. Promising Staff Assistants will be eligible for promotion as officers in the scale of Rs. 350-400-450-500-50-750 EB. 50-1000.

Selected candidates will be entitled to dearness allowance, the present rate of which is 25 per cent of pay to those drawing upto Rs. 500/- p.m. and when serving in Bombay or Calcutta to local allowance at 10 per cent of pay.

2. Minimum qualifications required of candidates who should be of good social standing shall be a first or 2nd Class B.A., B.Sc., B.Com. or LL.B., degree of a recognised University, preferably with Economics, Mathematics, Banking or Accountancy as a special subject of study. Preference will be given to candidates who have practical experience of work of a secretarial nature or have worked in a commercial or an Exchange Bank and have passed the Associate Examination of an Institute of Bankers.

3. Applicants must not be less than 21 or more than 25 years of age on the 1st April, 1948. The age limit may be raised upto 30 where the candidates possess previous experience of value to the Bank.

4. The successful candidates will be on probation for a period of 3 years during which they shall be liable to discharge at one month's notice or pay in lieu of notice. Applicants must be prepared to serve at any office of the Bank.

5. Before appointment the candidates will be required to undergo a medical examination by the Bank's Medical Officer and be passed fit for service in the Bank. Candidates already in employment will have to produce satisfactory letters of release, if selected.

6. Applications which should be in a special form to be obtained from the nearest office of the Reserve Bank and accompanied by copies of two recent testimonials should be addressed to the Secretary, Central Recruitment Board, Reserve Bank of India, Post Box 406, Bombay so as to reach him not later than the 15th September, 1948.

7. The Bank does not undertake to acknowledge the receipt of the applications and will not enter into any correspondence regarding them.

8. Canvassing will be considered a disqualification.

(1014)

MACHINERY TOOLS FOR SALE

Visit —Associated Machine and Tool Company's Showroom at 130, Medows Street, Bombay, where various kinds of machinery, electrical equipments and engineering tools are displayed. (7430)

PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Advertisement No. 38

APPLICATIONS invited for 11 temporary posts of Assistant Development Officers (Grade II), Directorate General of Industry and Supply from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House P. Box No. 186, New Delhi. When applying for forms candidates must specify the name of the post. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 11th September, 1948. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Separate application with separate fee required for each category of posts. Candidates from outside India are not required to pay any application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

12½% posts reserved for Scheduled Castes. Women eligible. AGE: FOR ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER (DRUGS): PREFERABLY between 25 and 30 years. FOR ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER (GENERAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING): Preferably between 28 and 35 years. FOR ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER (TOOLS): Preferably between 27 and 35 years. FOR ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER (PLYWOOD): Preferably between 25 and 40 years. FOR ALL OTHER POSTS: Preferably between 25 and 35 years. Calculating date in all cases 1st January, 1948. All age limits relaxable in special cases, particularly Government servants. PAY: Rs. 325-25-500-30-590. QUALIFICATIONS: For various posts are given below:-

1. ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER-METALS.
   (a) Sound general education with at least a Bachelor's degree in Metallurgy of a recognized Indian or Foreign University.
   (b) At least three years' production experience in Steel Works, or plants manufacturing and/or fabricating Copper, Lead, Aluminium, Zinc or Tin. Special preference to candidates with experience of both ferrous and non-ferrous metals.

2. ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER — ELECTRO- CHEMICALS ESSENTIAL:
   (a) B. Sc. (Hons.), preferably M. Sc., with special knowledge of Electro-Chemicals.
   (b) At least two years' practical experience in some factory or laboratory.
   DESIRABLE: Doctorate in research work.

3. ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER-DRUGS.
   (a) B. Sc. (Hons.) Degree.
   (b) Practical experience in some factory or laboratory.
   (c) Candidates should be conversant with official correspondence.

4. ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER-MECHANICAL ENGINEERING.
   (a) Degree in Mechanical Engineering from a recognised University or a first class diploma from a leading Engineering Institution or success in an equivalent examination of any leading Engineering Association in India, U.K. or U.S.A.
   (b) At least 5 years' apprenticeship in some reputable Engineering Works.
   (c) Contact with Engineering Industry for at least 2 years.

5. ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER-GENERAL & ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.
   ESSENTIAL.
   (a) Science or Engineering degree in Electrical subjects with working knowledge of Mechanical Engineering or of workshop practice.
   (b) At least three years' practical experience in Industry.
   DESIRABLE: Experience of the production of electrical goods.

6. ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER—TOOLS.
   (a) Degree in Mechanical Engineering from a recognised University or a first class diploma from a leading Engineering Institution or success in an equivalent examination of any leading Engineering Association in India, U.K. or U.S.A.
   (b) At least 2 years' practical training in a recognised Engineering Works, preferably in a Machine Tool Manufacturing concern.
   (c) About two years experience of service in the public services connected with the Machine Tool Engineering or in a leading Engineering firm.

7. ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER-PLYWOOD.
   (a) Degree in Science.
   (b) Administrative experience and knowledge of plywood Industry.
   (c) Some research experience of problems relating to Plywood Industry.

8. ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER-LEAVE RESERVE.
   (a) At least five years' apprenticeship in Engineering Works.
   (b) Contact with Engineering Industry for at least two years.

9. ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER- (COTTAGE INDUSTRIES).
   (a) Sound general education and administrative ability.
   (b) Candidates must possess specialized knowledge of at least one of the following: (i) 'ART' in industry, design, etc. (ii) Handloom and associated industries; (iii) Dyeing and finishing; (iv) Metalware, etc. etc.
   (c) At least three years' practical experience in cottage industries.

10. ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER-(PIG IRON CONTROL).
   (a) Degree or diploma in Mechanical Engineering from a recognized institution.
   (b) Candidates should be associate member of the Institution of Mechanical Engineers (London) or the Institution of Engineers (India)
   (c) At least two years' practical 'experience in a foundry of repute. Candidates should have thorough knowledge of estimating quantities of materials required in a foundry.

A candidate with experience in planning of production will be preferred.

11. ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER-MACHINE TOOLS LICENCING.
   (a) Degree in Mechanical Engineering from a recognised University or a Diploma from a leading Engineering Institution in India, U. K. or U.S.A.
   (b) At least 2 years' apprenticeship specializing as Mechanist.
   (c) Minimum of two years' experience in machine shop practice in a recognized En-

1029

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE

No. 18445/151 - Impt. — The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bom. IV of 1902), is published as required by sub-section (2) of the said section for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that any objections or suggestions which may be received in writing by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, from any person or persons with regard to the said draft on or before the 29th August 1948 will be duly considered:—

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902, the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, makes the following new rule:—

Rule 21 (c)—

"No animal-drawn vehicle shall be permitted to use Harkness Road due to steepness of the road involving danger to the animal and its attendants."

J. S. BHARUCHA,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office:
Bombay, 26th July, 1948.

(1051)

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY TENDER NOTICE

Annual contract item costing over Rs. 10,000/- class I contract.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, E. I. Rly., 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, before 12 noon on 3-9-48.

TENDER NO. SP/E/EST/F1/17/48 FOR SUPPLY OF 64 NOS. CARTS NIGHT SOIL 110 GALLON CAPACITY TO E.I.R. DESIGN.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 5/- per copy, to the Treasurer, E. I. Rly., 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta, may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores, by money order. No refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration to the General Manager's office and then put into the tender box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

The tender will be opened in the office of the Deputy General Manager (Works), E.I.Ry., Calcutta, at 12 noon on 3-9-48. The tenderer, if they desire, may be present at the time of opening of the tenders.

GENERAL MANAGER.

(1035)

PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Advertisement No. 39.

APPLICATIONS invited for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or citizens of Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Women eligible for all posts. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Post Box No. 186, Council House, New Delhi. When applying for forms candidates must specify the name of the post. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 11th September, 1948 Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Separate application with separate fee required for each category of posts. Candidates from outside India are not required to pay any application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so

1. 9 TEMPORARY POSTS OF JUNIOR ARCHITECTS, CENTRAL PUBLIC Works Department. AGE:— Preferably between 25 and 45 years; relaxable for Government servants. PAY: 600-40-1000-1000- 1050- 1050- 1100- 1100- 1150. Higher initial pay may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. QUALIFICATIONS:— (a) A.R.I.B.A. OR (b) Bachelor's degree in Architecture of British, Australian or American Universities with 3 years experience. OR (c) G.D. Arch. or Associateship of the Indian Institute of Architects, with 10 years experience. OR (d) All India Diploma of Architecture of the All India Council of Technical Education with 3 years experience. One post reserved for Scheduled Caste candidate. If choice would lie between 2 or more equally qualified candidates preference will be given to a candidate permanently resident in a Centrally administered area.

2. ONE TEMPORARY ASSISTANT (ACTUARIAL) MINISTRY OF LABOUR, New Delhi. AGE:— Preferably below 30 years; relaxable for Government servants. PAY:— FOR DIRECT RECRUITS: Rs. 160-10-330-E.B.-15-450. FOR PERSONS IN GOVERNMENT SERVICE SINCE 15TH JULY, 1931: Rs. 200-15-365 (E. B.). 380- 15- 500. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (a) The candidate should be a First or Second Class Mathematics Graduate or should possess a Commerce Degree with Actuarial Science as one of the subjects DESIRABLE: (a) Should have passed one or more parts of the Examinations of the Institute of Actuaries or Faculty of Actuaries (Scotland). (b) Training in or experience of actuarial or statistical work.

3. ONE PERMANENT POST OF CONSULTING ARCHITECT FOR THE M. E. S. ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF'S BRANCH, ARMED FORCES HEADQUARTERS (INDIA). AGE:— Preferably between 35 and 50 years. PAY:— Rs. 1300-60- 1600. QUALIFICATIONS:— (a) Fellow or Associate of R.I.B.A. (b) Practical experience as a Junior in an Architects Office. (c) At least five years experience as a Principal of an office employing other Architects working for a firm or Public Body of repute. This pre-supposes considerable previous experience as a Junior before becoming Principal.

4. ONE TEMPORARY POST OF SECOND ENGINEER, OFFICER, I. M.M.T.S. "DUFFERIN", BOMBAY. AGE:— preferably below 40 years. PAY:— Rs. 600- 40- 1000- 1000- 1050-1050- 1100- 1100- 1150 plus messing allowance at Rs. 3/4/- per day when on duty. QUALIFICATIONS: Ist Class Certificate of Competency (Steam and or Motor), OR Lt. (E) R.I.N. or R. N. As a Marine Engineer Foreign-going under the Rules and Regulations of the Ministry of Transport.

5. ONE TEMPORARY POST OF ASSISTANT SOLICITOR TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW. Scheduled Castes candidate preferred. AGE:— Preferably between 30 and 40 years for direct recruits. For Government servants preferably between 35 and 45 years. PAY:— Rs. 800-40-1000. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL— Candidate must be an officer of a Provincial Judicial Service or an attorney of the High Court at Bombay or Calcutta, with practical experience in a Solicitor's firm of repute. DESIRABLE— Secretariat experience.

6. ONE TEMPORARY POST OF DIRECTOR, PLANNING, FERTILIZER PROJECT, SINDRI, MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY. AGE:— Preferably between 35 and 50 years. PAY:— Rs. 1300-60-1,600. QUALIFICATIONS— (a) B.Sc. Engineering A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I. Mech. E. or equivalent Continental U.S.A. or Indian qualifications. (b) Must have been regularly trained as a Civil or Mech. Engineer and preferably with a firm of repute, employed on design and construction of large undertakings, such as Power House Installation, Heavy Chemical Plants, Steel Works or Ordnance Factories. (c) Must have had at least ten years' practical experience in the design, planning and implementation of large scale projects of the types mentioned under (b) above of which period not less than five years shall have been spent in posts, the equivalent of Works Managers or Resident Engineer, involving a large degree of direct personal responsibility for the execution of the work in hand. Candidates must furnish definite information regarding actual works on which employed and degree of personal responsibility. (d) (i) Must be experienced in the drafting and examination of contracts. (ii) Must be experienced in preparing estimates for works of the types mentioned above. (iii) Must be a good administrator and experienced in the management of labour. Army experience in the I.E., I.E.M.E., or other technical experience will qualify provided basic training is in accordance (a) and (b) above, and service duties furnished the experience called for under (c) above.

7 ONE TEMPORARY POST OF ASSISTANT CHEMIST (FOOD), DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY. AGE:— Preferably between 25 and 35 years on 1st January, 1948, relaxable in special cases and particularly for Government servants. PAY:— Rs. 160-10-330. QUALIFICATIONS:— (a) B.Sc. (Hons.) in Organic Chemistry. (b) Research experience.

8. 6 TEMPORARY ASSISTANT CHEMISTS, GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA, CALCUTTA. AGE: Preferably below 25 years; relaxable for Departmental candidates PAY: Rs. 275-25-500-E.B.-30-650-E.B.-30-710. QUALIFICATIONS:—(a) M.Sc. Degree in Chemistry preferably with experience in analytical work relating to rocks and minerals and assaying of precious metals, or M.Sc. Degree (having Chemistry as one of the subjects) with at least 3 years' experience in mineral and rock analysis and in the assaying of precious metals in the Geological Survey of India Chemical Laboratory. (b). Experience in the analysis of rocks and minerals, and in the assaying of precious metals.

9. TWO TEMPORARY POSTS OF (i) ASSISTANT ANTHROPOLOGIST (CULTURAL) AND (ii) ASSISTANT ANTHROPOLOGIST (PHYSICAL), ANTHROPOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA. AGE:— Preferably below 40 years; relaxable in special cases. PAY:— Rs. 200-15-350-25-650. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—For (a), (i) M.A. or M.Sc. in Anthropology (not lower than 2nd Class) with special papers in Cultural Anthropology, and (ii) experience in field investigations with a recognised Institution. For (b), (i) M.A. or M.Sc. in Anthropology (not lower than 2nd Class) with special papers in Physical Anthropology and (ii) experience of modern methods of laboratory training in Physical Anthropology in a recognised Institution. DESIRABLE: — Knowledge of French or German and (ii) experience of teaching in a University. Those who applied in response to previous advertisement for these posts need not apply again.

(1030)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. COMMITTEE

On and from MONDAY, the 16th August, 1948, the following alterations and deviations will be made in the running of the bus services.

Route N1 From Jacob Circle to Foster & Co. via Hains Road, Worli D. D. Chawl Road, Globe Mills Passage (Foster & Co.) return via Annie Beasant Worli Naka Hains Road to Jacob Circle.

Route O1 From Tardeo Tram Terminus to Worli Sea Face North via Tardeo Road, Hornby Vellard Annie Beasant Road, Maulana Abdul Gafarkhan Road and return along the same route.

TRAFFIC MANAGER.

(995)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. COMMITTEE

SEALED TENDER for the supply of C.T.S. Cable 250 Volts will be received by the Chief Storekeeper upto noon on Friday the 20th August 1948.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post.

1048

NOTICE

WANTED IMMEDIATELY three STENO-TYPISTS for the Office of the Commissioner of Police, Bombay.

EDUCATION—Matric or any equivalent examination. 130 words speed in shorthand and 50 words speed in typewriting.

AGE—Below 25 years.

PAY—Rs. 75 in the scale of Rs. 75-5-140-6-200 plus a shorthand allowance of Rs. 40/- and dearness allowance Rs. 40/-.

Intending candidates should see Dy. Commissioner of Police, Head Quarters at the Head Police Office, at 10-30 a.m. on Wednesday, the 18th August 1948 together with their certificates. Candidate should also produce a certificate of 130 words in shorthand (Bombay Government Shorthand Certificate Examination), without which no shorthand allowance will be admissible.

T. E. McKenzie,
Dy. Commissioner of Police,
Head Quarters.

HEAD POLICE OFFICE,
BOMBAY 13TH AUG. 48.

(1060)

PUBLIC NOTICES

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY TENDER NOTICE

Item costing over Rs. 5,000.- Class I Contract

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the Controller of Stores Office, E. I. Railway, 105 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on or before 10-9-48 at 12 noon.

Tender No. SP C 162 GB5 86 for supply of 950 gallons Paint Ready Mixed Grey French B.S.C. 86 to I.S.D. Specification No. G P-307 158.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the Controller of Stores' Office, E. I. Railway, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 2- per copy to the Treasurer, E.I. Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt, when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the Controller of Stores' Office and then put into the Tender Box outside Controller of Stores' room by the tenderer or his representative.

Tenderers if they desire may be present at the time of opening of the tenders which will be opened in the office of the Controller of Stores, E.I. Rly., Calcutta on 10-9-48 at 12 noon.

CONTROLLER OF STORES.

1032

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY TENDER NOTICE

Annual contract item costing over Rs. 10,000 - Class I Contract

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, E.I. Rly., 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, before noon on 3-9-48.

TENDER NO. SP.E EST.F1 17 48 FOR SUPPLY OF 58 NOS. CARTS REFUSE 50 Cft. CAPACITY WITH 500-19 PNEUMATIC EQUIPMENT ROLLER BEARING HUBS AND 1-1 4" DIA. AXLE TO E.I. RY: DESIGN.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, E.I. Rly., 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 5 - per copy, to the Treasurer, E.I. Rly., 105, Netaji Subhas Road. Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta, may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores by money order. No refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration to the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

The tender will be opened in the office of the Deputy General Manager (Works) E. I. Rly., Calcutta, at 12 noon on 3-9-48. The tenderers, if they desire, may be present at the time of opening of the tenders.

GENERAL MANAGER

1033

FAST INDIAN RAILWAY TENDER NOTICE

Annual contract item costing Rs. 10,000 - class I contract.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, E. I. Ry., 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, upto 12 noon on 6-9-48.

TENDER NO. SP.E EST F1 48 48 FOR SUPPLY OF 4330 NOS. WHEELS C.I. RUBBER TYRED 10" DIA. WITH 1 1 4" DIA. HOLE FOR AXLE WITH RUBBER TREAD 2".

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, E.I.Ry., 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 5,- per copy, to the Treasurer, E. I. Ry., 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta, may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores, by money order. No refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration to the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Dy: General Manager (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

The tender will be opened in the office of the Dy: General Manager (Works) E. I. Ry., Calcutta, at 12 noon on 6-9-48. The tenderers, if they desire, may be present at the time of opening of the tenders.

GENERAL MANAGER.

1034

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY

Electric Grid Department
Bombay

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for supply of one Electrically driven deep well pump capacity 60 G. P M. depth 70 ft. height of discharge 40 ft.

Further particulars can be obtained at the office of the undersigned. Last date for receipt of tender is 20-8-1948

P. B. ADVANI
Electrical Commissioner
with the Government of Bombay
Foreshore Road,
Bombay 1.

Dated: 10th August, 1948.

1038

(For Further Notices See Page 3.)

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC ARE INFORMED that on SUNDAY, the 15th August, 1948, the undermentioned Roads will be CLOSED to vehicular traffic between the hours of 4.0 p.m. and 8.0 p.m. on account of the Public Meeting at Chowpatty Sands:—

CHOWPATTY SEA FACE from its junction with Babulnath Road to its junction with Marine Drive.

FRENCH ROAD AND HARVEY ROAD from their junctions with Chowpatty sea face to their junctions with Chowpatty Road.

The public residing in the North of the City are requested to use Mohamedalli Road.

The public residing on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are requested to use Nanas Chowk and Kemp's Corner.

This order is made under the provisions of Section 23(4) of the Bombay City Police Act, IV of 1902.

(Sd.) J. S. BHARUCHA
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office:
Bombay, 11th August, 1948.
(1052)

OUDH TIRHUT RAILWAY

TENDER No. Eb-1/Axle Brass/19/48.

1. Axle Box Bearings 7" x 3½" to O. T. Rly. Drg. No. WC 144 =3500 Nos.
2. Bushes Brass Side Rod L & T with inserts for ABP class engines to O.T.R. Drg. No. MN 101=3000 Nos.
3. Brasses connecting rod, big end with inserts for A.B. & P. class engines to O.T.R. Drg. No. LM 6=1600 Nos.
4. Brasses Axle for W.D. wagon 8" x 4 1/4 to O. T. R. Drg. No. 2033=1000 Nos.
5. Brasses Axle 9" x 4½" I.R.S. type to ..g. No. W802=800 Nos.
6. Brasses Axle Box Tender for A.B. & P. class engines to O.T.R. Drg. No. LM 8=800 Nos.
7. Bushes Brass Side rod for Y B class engine to O.T.R. Drawing No. MN-99=600 Nos.

The Controller of Stores, O. T. Railway, Gorakhpur invites sealed tenders on prescribed form for supply of the above. Tender forms can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, O.T. Rly., Gorakhpur on payment in cash or by money order (not refundable) of rupees three per set. If drawings are required Rs. 5/- for one set of 7 drawings should be sent in addition. Tenders must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, O.T. Rly., Gorakhpur before 21st September 1948 on which date no tender will be sold. These will be opened the next day at 3 p. m.

CONTROLLER OF STORES
(1000)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF FOOD (DIV .II)
Office of the Chief Director of purchase.
Mansingh Road, New Delhi.

TENDER NO. A/762

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase, Ministry of Food (Division II), New Delhi, invites tenders for the supply of 1602 tons Decorticated Groundnut Oilcake during October, 1948.

Applications for tender forms will be received upto the 28th August, 1948. The price of each tender form containing full particulars is Rs. 10/- per set which is not refundable under any circumstances. Payment must be made in cash or by money order only (cheques will not be accepted) to the Chief Director of Purchase, Ministry of Food (Div. II), New Delhi, quoting tender No. A/762 and giving the remitters full address on the coupon. Tender forms are not transferable.

Tenders will be received upto 4 p.m. on Wednesday the 8th September, 1948.

New Delhi,
Dated the 10th August, 1948.
1043

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on THURSDAY, the 19th August, 1948, that day being a Public Holiday (COCOANUT DAY) under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

C. W. MIDDLETON,
Offg: Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay, 10th August, 1948.
(1037)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates of Bombay domicile for the post of a full time trained Vaidya for the Ayurvedic Dispensary to be started at Bhawani Shankar Road, Dadar. The pay of the post is Rs. 100-5-150 plus usual dearness allowance, and is subject to revision. No private practice allowed. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year and will be amenable to the Municipal Service and Provident Fund Regulations.

Candidates must possess a medical degree registrable under the Bombay Medical Practitioners Act of 1938.

Applicants not in Municipal Service must be under 40 years of age.

Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications, previous experience, accompanied by copies of testimonials and certificates of age, physical fitness and character should be sent to the Executive Health Officer so as to reach him not later than 30th August 1948.

Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the candidates.

K. N. CHOKSY,
Ag: Executive Health Officer
Municipal Offices, Fort.
Bombay, 12th August, 1948

PUBLIC NOTICES

ASSAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

WANTED VICE-PRINCIPAL, PROFESSORS & ASSISTANT PROFESSORS.

APPLICATIONS will be received by the Superintendent, office of the Assam Public Service Commission upto 23rd August, 1948 for the following posts on the scale of pay noted against each for H-R.H. the Prince of Wales Technical School, Jorhat, Assam. The posts are temporary but are likely to be permanent. Non-native and non-domiciled candidates may also apply.

NAME AND NUMBER OF POSTS.	SCALE OF PAY.	QUALIFICATIONS.
One Vice Principal	Rs. 200-15-300-20-500/- P.M. (subject to revision) with a special pay of Rs. 25/- P.M. plus the usual allowances. Experienced candidates may be placed any where on the pay scale.	A candidate must be graduate in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering or Mining Engineering having teaching and practical experience, capable of giving instructions in workshop Technology, Metallurgy Mechanical Drawing nd Design. A good knowledge in internal combustion Engines, Automobile Engineering and Surveying is additional qualification.
One Professor of Mechanical Engineering.	Rs. 200-15-300-20-500/ P.M. plus usual allowances.	Degree in Mechanical Engineering from a recognised University preferably with some experience in Industry and in teaching.
One Professor of Automobile Engineering.	Do	Degree in Mechanical Engineering from a recognised University and with sufficient experience in Automobile Industry and in internal combustion Engines. Teaching experience is another qualification.
Two Professors of Electrical Engineering.	Do	Degree in Electrical Engineering from a recognised University preferably with sufficient experience in Electrical Industry in teaching. Knowledge of Radio Engineering will be an additional qualification.
One Assistant Profe sor of Mechanical Engineering.	Rs. 150-10-300/- P.M. plus usual allowances.	Degree or a good diploma in Mechanical Engineering from any recognised Engineering College preferably with practical experience.
One Assistant Professor of Mechanical and Electrical Drawing and Design.	Do	Degree or good diploma in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering and Electrical Drawing and Design.
On Assistant Professor of Mathematics.	Do	Master's degree in Applied Mathematics.
One Assistant Professor of Physics.	Do	M. Sc., in Physics.
One Assistant Professor of Chemistry.	Do	M. Sc., in Chemistry.

Candidate should mention specifically for which particular post or osts he applies.

Application stating in a tabular form candidates' (1) Age on th t January, 1948 (2) Qualifications, (3) Community, (4) Home District, (5) Experience, (6) Present occupation with emoluments thereof etc., should reach th Superintendent, Office of the Assam Public Service Commission on or before the 23rd August, 1948. No original certificates need be sent. Copies wi. do which will not be returned.

An application fee of Rs. 10/- should be credited into a treasury under the head "XXXVI—Miscellaneous Departments—Examination Fees—Receipt of the Assam Public Service Commission", and cha.an only attached to application. This fee is not refundable and no postal stamps or mone orders will be accepted in lieu of the treasury chalan.

Ex-War Service candidates applying through the Employment Exchanges need not pay application fee.

Canvassing either directly or indirectly will disqualify the candidate.
(1041)

THE TATA MILLS LTD.

LOST OR MISPLACED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Certificate for one old Preference Share No. 4067 of the Tata Mills, Ltd., standing in the name of Bai Dhunbaiji Ardesher Babeycon has been LOST or MISPLACED and cannot be traced.

Any person claiming any interest in the said share must notify such claim to the Company at its registered office, "Bombay House" Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay or the undersigned within 30 days of the date hereof, as application for duplicate share certificate has been made to the Company.

DHUNBAIJI ARDESHER BABEYCON.
Asoka Bungalow,
Naroda Road, Ahmedabad 2.
14th August, 1948.
9368

NOTICE

MR. H. N. KOTHAWALA, who was so far working as our Salesman, is not in our service effective from 13th August 1948 and is not entitled to book orders for, or in any way act on behalf of our Company.

GEIGY INSECTICIDES LTD.,
Neville House,
Nicol Road, Ballard Estate,
Bombay.
(9370)

WANTED

(1) a READER in Weaving, minimum qualifications required:—B.Sc. (Tech) in Textile Technology of the Manchester College of Technology with not less than 5 years practical experience in Weaving Technology. Grade 500-25-700; higher starting salary in the prescribed scale will be given according to qualifications to a really deserving candidate.

(2) LECTURER in Spinning:—Qualifications required: B.Sc. (Tech.) or L.T.M. with 5 years experience in Spinning. Grade Rs. 170-10-350. Higher starting salary may be given to a really deserving candidate. Apply to:—The Principal and Secretary, V. J. Technical Institute, Matunga, Bombay before Friday the 27th instant stating qualifications and teaching experience with copies of two recent testimonials.

1036

THE BARSI LIGHT RAILWAY COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated in England)

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a Depot Store Keeper in the grade of Rs. 260-15-350 plus usual Dearness Allowance. Candidates should have at least passed Senior Cambridge Examination, and must be not less than 30 and not more than 45 years of age. They should have extensive experience of all branches of work in Railway General Stores. Applications should be addressed to the Agent and General Manager, Barsi Light Railway Co., Ltd., Kurduwadi. Dist. Sholapur, so as to heach him not later than 25th August 1948. (1025)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

OFFERS ARE INVITED for the sale by private contract of the following shares by the party concerned on account and at the risk of the pledgor, who made default in redeeming the said shares on payment of the dues of one of our clients. The said offer should reach the undersigned by 4 p.m. on the 16th inst. The terms on which the said shares are to be sold can be had at the office of the undersigned during office hours.

PARTICULARS OF THE SHARES

3660 (Three thousand six hundred and sixty) shares of the International Bank of India Ltd., of the face value of Rs. 100/- each of which Rs. 50 - have been paid up.

363 (Three hundred and sixty three) shares of the International Bank of India Ltd., which are fully paid up.

3500 (Three thousand and five hundred) shares of the East and West Insurance Co. Ltd., of the face value of Rs. 10/- which are fully paid up.

Dated this 12th day of August, 1948.

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS
Attorneys-at-Law.
19, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort.
Bombay.
1044

Application No. 187/1948

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Summary Suit No. 452 of 1948

MATADIN GAURI-SHANKER .... Plaintiff
vs.
HAJI VALI MAHOMED NATHUBHAI ..... Defendant

WHEREAS in pursuance of a Warrant of sale of immovable property, dated the 14th day of July, 1948, the Sheriff has been directed to sell by Public Auction at the instance of the plaintiff all the right, title and interest of the defendant in the following property:

All that piece of land with the dwelling house, situate at Sonapur Street in Bombay, admeasuring 350 square yards or thereabouts bearing C Ward Nos: 3386-3387 and Street Nos: 16-22 and New Survey No. 8138 Collector's New No. 988 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 540 of Bhuleshwar Division.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having rights in or charges or claims on the abovenamed property (other than claims involving an objection to the attachment or seeking the removal of the same) that they should on or before the 10th day of September, 1948, lodge in my office an affidavit verified by oath or solemn affirmation of such rights claims or charges.

Dated this 31st day of July, 1948

(Sd.) A. H. KIRTIKAR
Commissioner

1053

AUCTION SALES

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (Sunday) at 10-30 a.m. Property of J. Morris Esqr., and others at Chowpatty sea face near Vianelli's Restaurant of complete household and office furniture, Milners and other safes, mirrod door, steel almirah, Singer machine, type-writer, Eng. Beethoven 5, Val all wave radio. Eng. large ice box, zoola sofa cabinet, dining, writing and dressing table, chairs, side board show case, chesterfield, almirah, Vono bed, gramophone glassware, etc., (S. Tax.) T. 40213 EASTERN AUCTION CO., (Delivery within 3 days).

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT BHANDARI STREET, NULL BAZAR WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

M|S. GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from M.s. Mahimtura and Co. Attorneeys for Mr. Kamruddin Kadibhai and Abbasbhai Kamruddin Tranferees of Mortgage and on a|c and at risk of Mortgagors Nathalal Chhagan-lal, Bai Gawribai wife of Vithal Dayal and Harkore-bai, wife of Pranjivan Hargowin and in pursuance of the power of Sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated 3-12-1941 and made between Bai Amba widow of Chhaganlal Anandji of the one part and Balkrishna Bhaishanker and others of the other part and indiverse Transfer of Mortgage and Deeds of further charge and ultimately in the Transfer of Mortgage dated 18-5-1946 made between Popatlal Prahudas and others of the First Part the Mortgagors of the Second Part and the Transferees of the third part and further charge dated 18-5-1946 made between the Mortgagors of the one part and the Transferees of the other part, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned very valuable immovable property on Wednesday 18-8-48 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of quit and ground rent land with the messuage tenement and dwelling house standing thereon situate at Bhandari Street Null Bazar, admeasurement about 123 sq. yds. Old No. 9033, New No. 3764, New Survey No. 4893, Cadastral Survey No. 3033 of Bhuleshwar Division and under C Ward No. 7512 and Street No. formerly 12 and now 100.

For further particulars of sale please apply to M|s. Mahimtura & Co. at their office or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 24 Cases Rayon Waste Yarn on Friday, 20th inst. at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the shop of M s Kundanmal Ramlal, Cotton Bazaar, Trambakata, Pydhuni, Bombay, under instructions from the Court Receiver, High Court, Bombay, as the receiver appointed in Bombay High Court Suit No. 3783 of 1947 (M s Kundanmal Ramlal V|s Dilsizian Inc. and others).

Terms: 25% Cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT JAGJIVAN KIKA STREET, (GULALWADI)

M s GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from M s Shastri & Co., Attorneys for the Surviving Mortgagee and at the risk of the Mortgagors Mahadev Keroba Mantri and Wasudeo Keroba Mantri under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated 20th February 1936, Transfer of Mortgage dated 31st August 1936 and Further Charge dated 31st August 1936 sell by Public Auction the undermentioned very valuable immovable property on Monday 23-8-48 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of Fazandari land or ground with the messuage, tenement and dwelling house or chawl of three storeys standing thereon situate on the West side of Jagjivan Kika Street containing by admeasurement 124 square yards according to the Cadastral Survey (formerly believed to contain 113.6 Sq. Yds.) and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 749 New Survey No part of 577 bearing Cadastral Survey No. 2488 of Bhuleshwar Division and registered in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C. Ward No. 5404 and Street Nos. 184, 186, 188, 190, 192 and 194.

For further particulars of sale please apply to Messrs. Shastri & Co. Attorneys for the surviving Mortgagee or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of Office Furniture including tables, chairs and Pigeon Hole Rack on Wednesday, 18th Inst. at 11 a.m. at Controller of Inspection's Office at Feltham House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, under instructions from The Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed goods at unclaimed Goods Office, Wadi Bunder, including Sugar Sweeping, Bags of G. N. Seeds, Cotton seeds, castor seeds, Hirda, cotton, bidi leaves, brooms, slates, gunnies, bangles, catachue, tea, shoes, chapals, cycle parts, elec. goods, toilet, medicines, tins of ghee, oil, grease, rose water, E. I. Casks, C. P. Goods, E. I. Barrels, etc. on Monday, and Tuesday, 30th and 31st Inst. each day at 11 a.m. respectively, under instructions from G. I. P. Rly., and in accordance with section 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act 9 of 1890.

Terms; 50% Cash deposit, balance to be paid and delivery on or before 8-9-48:

AUCTION SALE of The Rights of Exhibition, Distribution and Exploitation of Seven English Pictures.

M s GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from M s Motichand & Devidas, Attorneys for M s Ruby Pictures Ltd. Secured Creditors and on a|c & at risk of M s Film Sales Service the Borrowers, on Friday 10-9-48 at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Rooms, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Positive Prints and available publicity of the following seven English Films:—

1. Keep them Laughing.
2. Last of the Mohicans.
3. Let them have it.
4. War brides secret.
5. Palooka.
6. I cover the water front.
7. Her Enlisted man.

The Rights of Exhibition, Distribution and Exploitation of all pictures in English Version for India, Pakistan, Burma, and Ceylon.

Terms; 25% Cash deposit.

BEST OPPORTUNITY TO CINEMAOWNERS & INVESTORS

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS "SHIRIN TALKIES," with all cinema machinery, apparatus, furniture, etc., and 4 storeyed Chawl known as Jamshed Bldg., at the junction of Clerk Road & Mahalaxmi Bridge.

M|S. GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from M s Kanga & Co., Attorneys for Sheth Damodardas Madhavji & Ors., the second Mortgagees and on a c and at risk of Mr. C. J. Dubash, the mortgagor, pursuant to the power of sale contained in the Indenture of second Mortgage dated 27-9-45 and with the consent of Sheth Damodardas Madhavji & Bhagwandas Ramdas, the Equitable Mortgagees, sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned immovable property on Monday, 13-9-48 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of Leasehold land with buildings, etc., admeasuring about 1,299, Sq. Yds., being plot No. 1 of the Municipal land at Jacob Circle, bearing C.S. No. 7 of Lower Parel Division, G. Ward Nos. 48 (12A), 48 (13), 48 (13A), 48 (14), 48 (15), 48 (16), 48 (17), 48 (18). Street Nos. 82, 82A, 84-84-A, 84B, 86 & 20.

Monthly rent is about Rs. 4,800/-.

For particulars apply to M's. Kanga & Co., Solicitors, at Ready-money Mansion, Churchgate Street, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu, Shravan Shud 10, 2004.
Muslim: Sawal 8, 1367.
Parsi: Aspandarmad 16, 1317
Sunrise: 6-19 a.m.
Sunset: 19-08 p.m
Highitide: 09-00, 19-54.
Lowtide: 01-33, 15-20.

To-day's Engagements

CONTEMPORARY WRITERS AND ARTISTS ASSOCIATION: A Mushaira will be held at Chetana, 34, Rampart Row, Fort, at 6-30 p.m., today (Saturday). Sagar Nizami Shyda and others will participate.

GHATKOPAR TALUKA C C Congress "effective" members' meeting today (Saturday), 10 p.m., V. C. Gurukul High School Hall.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY, BOMBAY: Twenty-first annual ordinary General meeting of the Society will be held in the Committee Room on the First Floor of the Civil Secretariat, Fort, Bombay, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), today.

YOUTHS' ART & CULTURE CIRCLE: Opening of an exhibition of the photographs of Mahatma Gandhi's Peace Mission to Bihar, Shree S. K. Patil, President of Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, will inaugurate the Show at 5-30 p.m., today, at the Bombay Art Society's Salon, 5, Rampart Row, Bombay. On view daily from 11 a.m. to 7-30 p.m. till the 16th August. Lectures on this Peace Mission on 16th August at 5-30 p.m.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE, BOMBAY: Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet at the League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon, when Mr. S. R. Bhise will deliver a lecture on "Uplift of Adivasis", at 6 p.m. (S. T.), today.

HARIJAN SEVAK SANGH: Under the auspices of the Sangh Bombay Provincial Board, a meeting will be held to congratulate the Harijan girl students who have passed different annual examinations during this year, at 4-30 p.m., today (S. T.), at the Indian Merchants' Chamber Hall, Opp. Churchgate Railway Station Fort, Bombay. Smt. Lilavati Munshi, M. L. A., will preside.

LIMBDI CITIZEN'S MEETING: A meeting of the citizens of Limbdi District (Saurashtra) has been convened today (Saturday), at 3 p.m., at Messrs. Durlabhji Umedchand & Co.'s Office at 177-179, Kalbadevi Road, to extend the Co-operation to the Reception Committee of the ensuing Kathiawar Rajkiya Parishad which is to be held at Limbdi on 24th and 25th of August.

PREPARATION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS: The Government have directed all the heads of departments to instruct their subordinate staff to help the Revenue authorities, as and when required, in the work of preparing electoral rolls on th basis of adult franchise.

ALL—BOMBAY CONSUMERS' CO-OP. SOCIETIES FEDERATION: All Bombay Consumers' Co-operative Societies Federation. Meeting of all Consumers' Co-operative Societies at Hirabaug Hall, Madhav Baug, C. P. Tank at 5 p.m., today.

INDIAN MUSIC & DANCE CULTURE CIRCUIT: Function of the Indian Music and Dance Culture Circuit will be held at the Forbes Hall, at 8 p.m today., Principal D. D. Nadkarni Vocalist and other instrumentalists will participate. Organiser or the above Institute Mr. D. L. Roy, will speak on 'Discovery of Music'.

NEW LABOUR WELFARE CENTRE AT JACOB CIRCLE:- A new type labour Welfare Centre will be opened at 65, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, on the 'Independence Day' August 15 at 10-30 A.M. Dr. T. R. Naravne will preside on the occasion.

LABOUR WELFARE CENTRE:- A new 'C' type Labour Welfare Centre will be opened at the Chhinpokli Municipal Urdu School (near Jai Hind Talkies) on the 'Independence Day' August 15, at 8-30 a.m. Sjt. P. K. Savant M.L.A., will preside.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION:- "With effect from 15th August letter telegrams service will be readmitted to Haifa, Tel Aviv and Jewish quarter of Jerusalem. Such telegrams will be subject to censorship and at senders' risk as all other telegrams".

TEXTILE PRESS NOTE:- The Transport Group of the Textile Commissioner's Office will receive applications from dealers only for the movement of piecegoods to stations in the following zones between the hours of 10 A.M. and 12 Noon on dates shown against each. South, Orissa and Central India Zones, Monday, 16.8.48.

Bombay Surplus Zone and Central Provinces Zone Tuesday 17-8-48.

BOMBAY PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION:- Mr. M. V. Amruth will speak on 'Psychoanalysis and Morality' at Wilson College today (Saturday) at 6-15 P.M.

LALIT KALA NIKETAN: Variety entertainment at 5-30 p.m. today at Bivateky Lodge.

BOMBAY TENANCY ACT

Applicable To Merged State.

BOMBAY, Friday.

A Press note issued by the Director of Publicity says—The Government of Bombay desires to bring to the notice of the people of the Gujarat and Deccan States including the Janjira State whose administration has been integrated with this Province, the actual position regarding the enforcement of the Bombay Tenancy Act, 1946 in those areas, consequent on the merger, with a view to ameliorating the condition of the tenants of these areas Under Government Order No 3323 46P, dated July 28, 1948—Indian States (Application of Laws) Order 1948 it was intended to make the Tenancy Act applicable with effect from September 15, 1948. On further consideration however the Government has decided that the interests of the tenants of these areas will be better served by making that law applicable with immediate effect. Accordingly a notification has been issued deleting the entry of the Bombay Tenancy Act, 1946, from the list of laws contained in part II of Schedule II of the Indian States (Application of Laws) Order, 1948, and a fresh order has also been issued under Government Notification, P.&S.D. No. 3323/46-F, dated August 11, 1948, making the Act applicable to these areas with immediate effect viz, from August 11, 1948.

New J. Ps. And Honorary Magistrates

BOMBAY, Friday—On August 9, 1948, the Government of Bobay discontinued all appointments of J. Ps. and Honorary Presidency Magistrates in force till then and have made fresh appointments. As persons holding these offices perform certain statutory duties, the Government considers that it would be desirable for persons who have held these appointments before the date of revision, to verify that they are still J. Ps. and Honorary Presidency Magistrates, before they act in that capacity. The names of the new J. Ps. and Honorary Presidency Magistrates are published in the Gazette Extraordinary of the 10th instant.

Radio

BOMBAY, Saturday Aug. 14.
244 m (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Swarooplata (Geet Rilas Sarosh) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Swarooplata (Ghazal Gaili) (Ghazal Gaili) 8-45 Laxmibai Jadhav (Vocal Music) 1-00 p.m. Bombay Calling Parisarat A variety programme in Marathi 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Marathi Gaili 1-40 News (H) 1-50 News (E) 1-40 You Asked For It Compere: Mr. Dhonay 4-40 Durga Kulkarni (Vocal Music) 4-50 Shapurbag Musical Centre (Gujarati Geeto) 5-0 Shingul 5-15 Yahuroopi Programme of special interest in Children in Gujarati produced by D Dani (Air) 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (M) 6-15 Yeshwantrao Purohit (Marwa) 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 Durgashankar Trivedi (Suresh Gandhi-Krut Geeto) 7-30 Ahtanek Namaskar Replies to Listeners' letters in Marathi 7-40 Clarionet Par Ek Dhun By L. K. Kunte 7-45 'Gunsundari' 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Durga Kulkarni (Vocal Music) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Review (In English) By Rudolf D'Mello 10-0 Pitanan Pran" Jagna Gujarati play written by Vaju Kotak and produced by Ghanashyam Shah 10-30 Laxmibai Jadhav (Vocal Music).

VARIATIONS.

41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s).
7-40 Garrgeete 8-0 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

31.41 metres (9,550 kc/s).
12-0 to 2-03 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s).
4-20 to 5-45 As in Bombay 1
5-45 Shahpurbag Music Centre (Gujarpurbag Music Centre (Gujarati Geeto)
7-30 to 7-40 a.m. As in Bombay 1
6-15 Calling Rular Listeners' 8-15 to 7-30 Internal

61.48 m (4,880 kc/s).
7-30 to 7-40 a.m As in Bombay 1
7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 Durgashankar Trivedi Indulal Gandhi-Krut Geeto 8-15 Nakhab Ke Gee, AIR Artist 9-0 Yeshwantrao Purohit Mor bole Kangan wa mora.

BROADCAST BY 'C. R.': Today (Saturday), at 8-30 p.m., H. E. Sri C. Rajagopalachari, will broadcast in English from A. I. R. Delhi, Bombay Station will relay on 244 and 31.48 meters.

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

MORMUGAO LINE SAILING CANCELLED.

Owing to unfavourable weather this week's sailing of s.s. "Kalavati" on the Mormugao Line on Saturday, the 14th August, 1948, has been cancelled.

100 Frere Road,
Bombay, 13/8/48.

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Owing to inclement weather, this week's intended sailing of m.v. "SONAVATI" for Cochin on Friday, the 13th August, 1948, has been POSTPONED indefinitely.

Passengers are requested to enquire about the exact date and time of the sailing when resumed at our Prince's Dock Office (Tel. No. 24060) or at 100, Frere Road (Tel. No. 25061).

Bombay, 13th Aug. 1948.

Surely A Super Social!
OMAR KHAIYAM PICTURE
TOOTE TARE
SHAMIM, MRIDULLA
11TH WEEK!
OPERA HOUSE
3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Matinee Sunday 12-45 p.m.
Also Showing:
'AZAD-HIND-KI-SALGRIHA'
PEARL Release

REGAL (Air-Cooled & Comfortable)
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
You'll scream your head off with laughter when you see
ROBERT HUTTON
JOYCE REYNOLDS
and JANIS PAIGE
in the new Warner laugh riot!!
Wallflower
Sunday Morning at 10
WARNER'S 1 augh-packed line-up of
COLOR CARTOONS
and 2-Reeler Comedies
Bring the KIDDIES along

RANJIT'S
BICHHADE BALAM
5TH WEEK AT
IMPERIAL
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Sunday Matinee 1 p.m.

PALACE
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
The one and only King of Adventure!
A reward on his head..A price on his heart! With dashing....Romantic....
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS, Jr., in
"THE EXILE"
Starring:
MARIA MONTEZ, PAULE CROSET, NIGEL BRUCE, HENRY DANIELL
Tomorrow Morn. at 10-30 a.m.
FULL SERIAL
"DRUMS OF FOO MANCHU"
with WILLIAM ROYLE
Also Showing:—
"FIRST YEAR OF OUR INDEPENDENCE"
A Chronicle of events from 15-3-47 to 15-8-48.

NOW SHOWING!
CITY-LIGHT
MATUNGA (B.B.)
Daily: 1, 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
KANU DESAI'S
GEET GOVIND
Story of Devotion & Faith
PREM ADIB, LEELA DESAI.
Sun. Morn. 9 a.m.
MANONMANI (Tamil).

18TH WEEK
A thing of beauty is a joy for ever
SOHAG RAAT
LAMINGTON
(LAST WEEK)
4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 p.m.
CHITRA
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sat., Sun. 12-30 p.m.
A VARMA FILM Release.

6TH WEEK!
HIND-MATA
PAREL
Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
Matinee: Sat. Sun. 1 p.m.
BASANT PICTURE
BACHPAN
Baby Madhuri, Mazhar, Dixit.
Sun. Morn. 10-30 a.m.
OUTLAW
Jane Russell.

NEPTUNE
Opp. Bandra Station. Phone: 89419
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Matinee Sunday 1 p.m.
2nd Week!
FILMISTAN'S
SINDOOR
Shamim, Paro, Kishore Shahu.

Also Showing:—
"FIRST YEAR OF OUR INDEPENDENCE"
A Chronicle of events from 15-8-47 to 15-8-48.
"The Northern Lights of Bombay"
AURORA
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
TODAY to MONDAY
She's rich..wicked..exciting..she's a reckless woman of the world.. She knew too much about men!
Rita Hayworth & Orson Welles in
THE LADY FROM SHANGHAI
with Everett Sloane, Glenn Anders
Tomorrow Morn. at 10-30 a.m.
Bing Crosby & Joan Caulfield in
'WELCOME STRANGER'
TUESDAY to THURSDAY!
Cornel Wilde & Evelyn Keyes in
"A THOUSAND AND ONE NIGHTS"
in TECHNICOLOR

From FRIDAY 20th Comes
a Progressive Social with a Great Theme
GREAT INDIA PICTURES
PARAI AAG
MUNWAR SULTANA, MADHUBALA, A. SHAH (Shikarpuri), W. M. KHAN and others.
Director: NAJAM NAQVI of 'PANNA' & 'PUNARMILLAN' fame
From FRIDAY 20th at 2 Theatres.
LAMINGTON AND **JAI HIND** (BYCULLA).
Ad. Booking from Mon. 16th
Daily: 10 to 11-30 and 4-30 to 6 p.m.
A PEARL RELEASE.

ON THE AUGUST DAY OF AUGUST 15th

PRITHVI THEATRES' most humbly offer at the feet of the Nation—
The play you've been waiting for the play that will strike at the root of disunity and discord.
GHADDAAR
Written by: INDER RAJ ANAND
Music: RAM GANGOOLI
Produced & Directed by: PRITHVIRAJ KAPOOR
Starring: PRITHVIRAJ, UZRA MUMTAZ, ZOHRA SEGAL, SAJJAN, VYAS, KAMAL KAPOOR, SHREERAM, PUSHPA, ISMAIL
SUNDAY 15TH 9-30 A.M. MONDAY 16TH 11 A.M.
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Plans open 9 to 12 and 3 to 7 p.m.

INCLUDE BOMBAY IN MAHARASHTRA

Naik Reiterates Demand At Chamber Meeting

BOMBAY, Monday.

Maharashtrians' demand to include Bombay in the new province of Maharashtra yet to be formed was reiterated by Mr. D. R. Naik, President of the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, at the third quarterly general meeting of the Chamber today.

Mr. Naik affirmed that Bombay was a vital part of Maharashtra linguistically, geographically, culturally and economically. There was no justification in separating Bombay from Maharashtra on the ground that capital from all parts of India and other foreign countries was invested in that city. Similar was the case with Calcutta and yet it formed part of Bengal.

Continuing Mr. Naik said that men and capital might go wherever any opportunity is found for them, but because of this to create new political or administrative inlets in the midst of a clearly-defined area having a linguistic and geographical continuity was improper.

Adverting to what he called the deteriorating economic conditions of the country Mr. Naik advocated the adoption of stringent measures to bring down the cost of living and simultaneously to step up production. Unless this was done there will be no peace in the country, said he. He welcomed Government of India's policy of reimposition of control on cloth and hoped that the control measures would be better planned and executed in the light of experience so far gained.

REDUCING COST OF CIVIL LITIGATION

New Bombay Court To Start Functioning From Monday

The Government of Bombay has decided to establish the Bombay City Civil and Sessions Courts from Monday, August 16, in the High Court extension building and bring into force the relevelant Acts on the same date.

With a view to reducing the cost of civil litigation and lightening the heavy burden which the trial of Sessions Cases entailed on the High Court, it was decided last year to establish in Greater Bombay a city civil and a sessions court. To give effect to this decision the following Acts were passed by the Bombay Legislature during the last session:

(1) The Bombay City Civil Court Act, 1948; (2) The Code of Criminal Procedure (Bombay Amendment) Act, 1948; (3) The Court-fees (Bombay Amendment) Act, 1948; (4) The Bombay High Court Letters Patents (Amendment) Act, 1948; (5) The Legal Practitioners Amendment) Act, 1948; and (6) The Presidency Small Cause Courts (Bombay Amendment) Act, 1948.

It was provided in these Acts that they would come into force on such date as the Government might by a notification in the official Gazette appoint. All the preliminaries necessary for the functioning of these courts having been completed the Government has decided to establish the Bombay City and Sessions Courts with effect from August 16, 1948 in the High Court extension building and bring into force the above Acts on the same date. The necessary Notifications in this behalf and rules framed by the High Court for these courts are being published in the Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary, dated the August 14, 1948.

As a result of the establishment of these courts, all suits and proceedings of a civil nature not exceeding ten thousand rupees in value and the sessions cases in Greater Bombay which were hitherto tried by the High Court will henceforth be tried in these courts. The admiralty, testamentary, matrimonial and insolvency jurisdiction of the High Court, however, remains unaffected as also the jurisdiction conferred upon the High Court under any special law other than the letters patent.

Mr. M. B. Honavar, District and Sessions Judge, has been appointed as Principal Judge and Sessions Judge and Messrs. Karl J. Khandalawalla, J. M. Shelat and J. C. Bhatt, Members of the High Court Bar, have been appointed as Judges and additional Sessions Judges of these courts.

INTERESTING RULE

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bhagwati)

Mathuradas Dwarkadas and another Petitioners
vs
The Province of Bombay and others Respondents.

The petitioners were tenants of a flat at Walkeshwar which in 1944 was requisitioned by Government. As a result of this the petitioners, with their four children were at considerably inconvenience driven to live with the father of the first petisioner. The petitioners therefore purchased a property called "Mukund Nivas" at Gamdevi. As the petitioners wanted a flat in this property for their own use, they obtained an ejectment decree from the High Court against one Mrs. Karanjawalla who occupied a flat on the second floor af this building In accordance with this decree Miss Karanjawalla vacated the flat on 31st July 1948, and the petitioners put their own lock on it. That very evening the first petitioner was served with an order of requisition under which the Government allotted the flat to Mrs. Karanjawalla. The petitioners thereupon filed the present application challenging the requisition order as illegal inter alia on the ground that the order in effect superseded the ejectment decree and amounted to the executive overriding the judiciary.

His Lordship directed the issue of a Rule which will come up for hearing in due course.

Mr. N. A. Palkivala instructed by Messrs. Roomer Dadachanji and Jethna appeared for the petitioners.

ARREARS

Weather Summary

POONA, August 13, (A.P.I.): Following is the daily weather for Friday, the 13th August 1948:—

The Bay depression is centred this morning 70 miles east of Gopalpur and is likely to move West or North-west. The trough of low pressure off the Kathiawar-North Konkan coast is still persisting. There has been widespread rainfall in Malabar and over the region from the East Punjab and West Gujarat to Orissa and the South Konkan. Locally heavy rain has occurred in the Konkan and the East Punjab.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 14TH:—Rainfall will be widespread over the stretch of the country extending from Gujarat and the Konkan to the East Punjab and Orissa. There will also be local showers generally over the rest of the country.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rainfall is likely in the East Punjab Hills, along the Circars Coast, in Orissa, the Central parts of the country and east Hyderabad during the next 48 hours.

Weather Chart

POONA, Aug. 13. (API) The following is daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 12th August 1948 and departure from normal recorded at eight hours (I.S.T.) on 13th August 1948:—

Ahmedabad 99 75 1.0 6.6- minus 13 6 BOMBAY 81 75 1.8 42.0 minus 7.7 Calcutta 92 79 0.1 30.6 plus 0.8 Cuttack 90 81 1.0 24.7 minus 4.1 Delhi 90 78 0 16.6 plus 2.7 Lahore 83 77 2.6 20.4 plus 11.2 Lucknow 90 79 1.6 27.5 minus 15.5 Madras 91 77 0.3 6.9 minus 0.4 Nagpur 87 74 T 0 20.1 minus 8.0 Patna 91 82 023.3 minus 0.6 Poon 84 71 T 11.9 minus 0.9 Shillong 77 61 0.1 56.6 plus 18.9 Simla 85 58 0.2 22.2 minus 9.0

PRIORITY MOVEMENT BY RAIL

Steps To Improve Situation In Gujerat

BOMBAY, August 13.

The Regional Advisory Committee for Rail Priorities, Bombay, held thirteen meetings during the month of July, 1948. They recommended priority assistance for movements to and from different areas in this region to the extent of 4,025 wagons containing various commodities such as firewood, charcoal, stone oilcake, oilseeds, timber, lime and limestone, paper, bones, yarn, building materials, etc.

Movement of traffic from the Bombay area is controlled by allotted wagon quotas for each priority class, and from August 1 a similar system has been introduced for Jhansi, Bhusawal, Sholapur, and the Bombay divisions of the G. I. P. Railway.

Movements to and via Ahmedabad District, via Sabarmati, via Viramgam and via Ratlam continue to be difficult because of limited transport capacity through these points. While free movements through these bottlenecks cannot take place, steps have been taken to ensure that on one day in the week Class I traffic for these areas is not accepted and Class II and III traffic is given a chance of movemant to the extent of the limited quotas fixed for movements via these junctions.

PETROL ISSUES IN CITY

Government To Announce Decision Soon

A Committee was appointed by the Government of Bombay in May last to consider petrol issues in Bombay City and to make recommendations to the Government in the matter. The report of the Committee has been received and its recommendations are at present under the consideration of the Government. Pending a decision on the recommendations, supplementary rations have been issued temporarily and as an experimental measure on the basis of the recommendations of the Committee.

Electrical Supervisors Examination

The Examination for Electrical Supervisors (Competency Certificate) and Wiremen (Wiremen's Certificate) will be held in Bombay, Poona and Ahmedabad simultaneously, commencing from Monday the October 11, 1948 at 10 A.M.

Forms of application may be obtained from the office of the Secretary, Licensing Board, Elec. Department, P. W. D. Churchgate St. Fort Bombay.

Mr. G. D. Vartak

Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self Government will leave Bombay, on Monday, August 16, on a tour in the Bhimthadi Taluka of the Poona District, and return on Thursday, August 19.

Mr. Vaikunth L. Mehta

Mr. Vaikunth L. Mehta, Minister for Finance Co-operation and Village Industries, will leave Bombay for Miraj, on August 16. and return on August 18.

New Government Pleader

Mr. H. M. Choksi has been appointed Government Pleader of the Bombay High Court (Appellate Side) in place of Mr. S. G. Patwardhan who relinquished charge on Thursday.

Workers Rally Under Congress Banner

The Hon. Secretaries, F Ward District Congress Committee writes:—

The mill-workers of Bombay are always in the vanguard in all struggles in India. The reported strike of Aug. 11 sponsored by the Socialists and actively supported by the Communists was a challenge to the Nationalist-minded workers of Bombay. They took up the challenge. They rallied magnificently under the Congress banner. They went to their respective mills with all enthusiasm: They showed they have always the interests of their country at their heart. The "F" Ward District Congress Committee heartily congratulates the workers for their grand support.

PROWLER IN HOME MINISTER'S COMPOUND ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Friday.

Albert Anthony D-Souza was apprehended by a police guard when he is reported to have been prowling about in a suspicious manner in the compound of Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister Government of Bombay

Suspecting that he is connected with Hyderabad espionage activities, the police have detained him.

"Hindustan" Daily

The "Hindustani", a Gujerati Daily of Bombay will be inaugurated between 8-30 a. m. and 11-30 a.m. tomorrow (Sunday at Akhil Bharat Bhavan opposite Sonawala Buildings, 341, Tardeo, Bombay.

COLLEGIANS ON HUNGER-STRIKE

Alleged Breach Of Promise By Sind Government

From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Aug. 13.

Seven students of local D. J. College have started fast unto death for the last three days as a protest against Sind Government's order handing over the Arts Section of their College building to the Sind Muslim College. The agitation in this connection is going on since last week, and the present hungerstrike is its climax. It will be recalled this and other colleges, run by D.J. Sind Collegiate Board, with assets of about 34 lakhs of rupees were recently taken over by Sind Government on account of migration of non-Muslims who predominated in the running as well as in taking advantage of these Colleges. The Sind Government while taking possession had assured that the names of these Colleges will be maintained and accordinly the Government's present step is termed as a breach of promise and therefore this agitation is conducted for its withdrawal

Traffic Restrictions Tomorrow

On Sunday, August 15, the roads in Bombay mentioned below will be closed to vehicular traffic from 4 p.m. to 8 p.m. on account of the public meeting to be held at the Chowpati sands:—

Chowpatty sea face from its junction with Babulnath road to its junction with Marine Drive.

French Road and Harvey Road from their junctions with Chowpatty sea face to their junctions with Chowpatty Road.

The public residing in the North of the City have been requested to use Mohamedalli Road. Residents of Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill area have been requested to use Nana Chowk and Kemp's Corner.

Educational Concessions For Refugee Students

The backward class refugee pupils who intend to settle in the Province of Bombay and are studying in the educational institutions of this Province are eligible, with effect from the beginning of the current academic year, for the educational concessions which are at present admissible to backward class pupils of this Province.

Last Day For Registration Of Refugees

BOMBAY, Friday.

With a view to enabling all refugees who have not yet registered under the Bombay Refugees Act, 1948, to get themselves registered, the Government of Bombay has extended the period of registration by another two months i.e. all refugees must get themselves registered by September 30, 1948.

A GLORIOUS CHAPTER
FROM THE HISTORY OF INDIA'S FIGHT FOR FREEDOM
Revived on the Screen
in FILMISTAN'S
Astounding, Popular Hit
SHAHEED
Starring
KAMINI KAUSHAL
DILIP KUMAR
CHANDRAMOHAN
& LEELA CHITNIS
Story & Direction. RAMESH SAIGAL
Music GHULAM HAIDER
2nd WEEK AT **ROXY**
Daily 3, 6-15, 9-30 and Sat., Sun. Matinee 12 noon.
EXTRA SHOW TOMORROW AT 9 A.M.
Book in Advance: 10 a.m. to 12 noon and 4 to 6 p.m.

FREEDOM That Sultans don't have but SABU has!
ENCHANTED PICTURE-GOERS HAVE GIVEN HIM THE FREEDOM OF THE CITY! 2ND WEEK
EXCELSIOR 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Advance Booking Open
MINERVA 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
PLANS Open 10 to 12
Mat. at 12-30 Sun. Hol.

"A TENDER, AMUSING, HUMAN Story—Skilfully told with lot of Music & Dancing—"
—Universal opinion
PUNJAB FILM CORPORATION'S
LATEST SUCCESS
PADMINI

Starring: ASHOK KUMAR, MUMTAZ SHANTI, NEELAM, MUMTAZ ALI
Direction: WALI SAHEB Music: GULAM HAIDER
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m. Sat., Sun., Holidays Mat 12-15 p.m
A JAGADISH FILM CIRCUIT RELEASE
3rd POPULAR WEEK
Produced at: THE BOMBAY TALKIES' STUDIOS
MAJESTIC

A THRILLING EPISODE FROM RAMAYAN!
M & K PRODUCTIONS' MYTHOLOGICAL
Sati Vijay
ALIAS
SATI SULOCHANA
Produced by KEKI DAMANIA MINOO SETHNA.
Direction: PARMAR
Starring: RATNAMALA, KISHORE KUMAR, SURYAKANT, CHATTERJI, KANTA KUMARI.
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 Sun. Thurs. 12-30.
Plans open 10 to 12, 4 to 6.
A 'SELECT' RELEASE.
KRISHNA

THE DAUGHTER OF THE WILD JUNGLE
—NO POWER COULD ROB HER OF HER FREEDOM!
HER THRILLING STORY COMES TO SCREEN IN RAJKAMAL'S DARING SOCIAL

BANWASI
Directed by CHANDRASHEKHAR, Story: R. W. DIGHE, Dialogues and Songs: NARENDRA SHARMA. Music: RAM GANGOLI, Camera: A. KADAM, Art: D. N. JADHAV, Sound: A. K. PARMAR, Editing: BABU MARWAD, Processing: S. N. SHIRODKAR, MAKE-UP & DRAPERY: WARDAM.
Starring: SHOBHARANI, GYANI, VISHWAS, MAHIPAL, SUSHANTA, AMINA, GULAB, SUNDRA, NANA PALSIKAR, MADGULKAR, ANGRE, MARUTIRAO, DILIP.
Plans open Box, Bal. Rs. 1-5 class. Daily 10 to 12 & 4 to 6 p.m.
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 10 Sun., Hol. Thursday 1-30 p.m.
OPENING THURSDAY 19TH AT *NEW WEST END*

Pakistan Loses Hockey Replay

Heavy Dutch Team Wins By Four Goals To One

LONDON, Aug. 13 (Reuter)—Pakistan, fighting gallantly to the end on a greasy rainsoaked pitch, lost their Olympic third place in the Hockey Tournament tonight to Holland who won by four goals to one.

The Pakistanis were in trouble from opening whistle and they did not for one moment get a chance to display and the form which enabled them to draw last night. Rain had fallen all the morning. Pakistan made several changes in their side to try to counteract the obvious Dutch advantage. But of no avail.

The heavier Dutch team, with a better grip on the field, brushed aside the Pakistani defenders whose efforts were always thwarted by the lack of foothold. The Pakistanis managed to send numerous shots up to the forwards, chances which the attackers were always ready to grab.

Despite all these disadvantages, Pakstanis were the first to open the scoring—through Aziz, only four minutes before the interval.

But after that the Dutch gave them little chance and from then to the end Pakistan was out-manoeuvred pitifully.

Prominent amongst the changes were Hamidullah Khan Burki, who moved from right-half to centre-half, his place being taken by Tuki, and Quayum, who took the outside-left position from Rahmatullah Shaikh.

The Dutch played the same them as last night.

The following are the Teams:—

PAKISTAN

Anwar Beg Moghal. Razzak and Niaz; Tuki, Hamidullah Khan Burki, and Shah Rukh Shahzada; Masud, Dara, Aziz and Quayum.

HOLLAND

Righter; Daerck and Drijver; Langhout, Loggere and Tiel; Van Heel, Boestra, Bromberg, Kruize and Esser.

PLAY STARTS IN SEVERE RAIN STORM

The two teams bullied off in a lashing rain storm that drove all but the hardiest spectators into cover. So hard was it that the first six minutes played was practically blind, the players groping their way around the midfield.

Then the downpour stopped and the game got underway.

The Dutch were the first to find their feet and Moghal was soon out defending his goal. Razak and Niaz were always at hand to clear and the Dutch forwards got little chance to exploit their openinys.

DARA MISSES GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY

Then, after fifteen minutes, the Pakistan forwards, though, slithering on the soft surface, got hold of a long upfiled ball from Burki. Aziz carried it through several Dutch defenders, then slipped in across to centre forward Dara who was unmarked. Dara had only the Dutch goalkeeper to beat. But Richter, who gave the Pakistanis a lot of trouble in last night's game, managed to block Dara's drive.

AZIZ SCORES FOR PAKISTAN

In a surprise move only four minutes before the interval, Masud took a clear pass from Tuki. He passed quickly to Aziz and the inside left, close to the goal, netted.

With Pakistan one ahead play livened.

HOLLAND EQUALISER

Holland swept back and the equalizing goal came one minute later through Boestra despite a gallant attempt to save by Moghal.

The second half saw the Pakistani defenders pressed hard against their goal as the Dutch rushed on them intent on making the most of the greasy surface.

SECOND DUTCH GOAL

Razzak and Niaz fought valiantly trying to shield Moghal, but three minutes after the resumption of play Bromberg, the Dutch centre forward, beat Burki, crashed past two backs and gave Mognal no chance with a low shot from three yards out.

Pakistan tried hard to make up the leeway and nine minutes later looked as though they might succeed. Dara and Mahmud swept through the Dutch defence from half way and rushed on the Dutch goal with such speed that Dara became entangled in the back of the net, but the Referees offside whistle robbed them of the equalising goal.

After that Pakistan seldom strayed out of their own half. Instead they grouped themselves into a tight knot in front of their goal and the forward line joined the backs in a last—Ditch defence.

It proved successful and several Dutch attacks spent themselves on the wall of defenders.

Pakistan held out until full time with no change in the score against them.

WORLD RECORD HOLDER

Ann Elisabeth Curtis of the University of California, who set a new World Record in winning for the United States, the 400 metres Free Style Swimming Event at the Olympic Games.

Olympic Results

MARETHRN CYCLING

Olympic Road Face over 195 Kilometres; Final Individual Placings:

FIRST: J. Beyaert (France) in five hours, 18 minutes 12.6 seconds. SECOND: G. P. Voorting (Holland); THIRD: L. Woutters (Belgium); FOURTH: L. Delachouwer (Belgium); FIFTH: N. Johansson (Sweden); SIXTH: R. Maitland (Great Britain); (All in five hours, 18 minutes, 16.2 seconds).

FOOTBALL

The final placings in the Olympic Football Championship were:

FIRST, Sweden; SECOND, Yugoslavia; THIRD Denmark.

BOXING

P. Perez (Argentina) won the Olympic Flyweight Championship in defeating S. Bandinelli (Italy) on points in the final.

T. Czik (Hungary) won the Olympic Bantamweight Championship by defeating G. B. Zuddas (Italy) on points in the final.

WEIGHT LIFTING

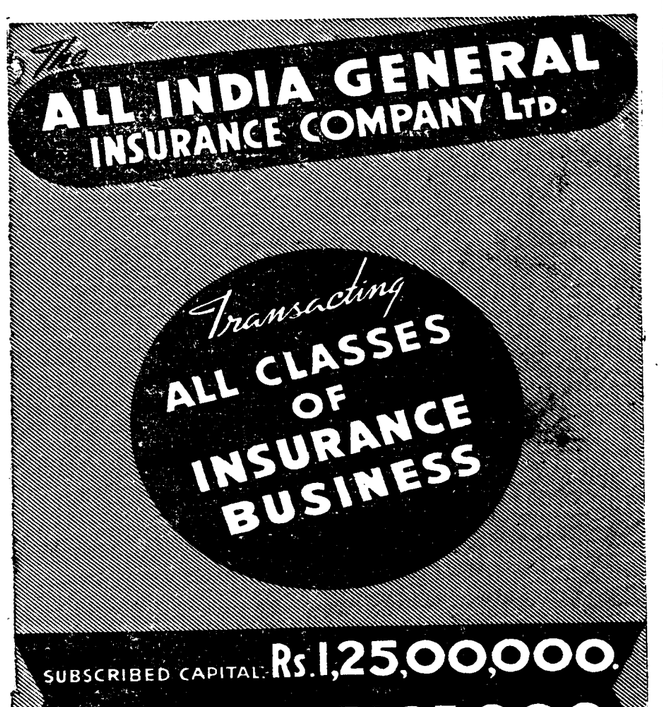
LONDON, Aug. 13 (Reuter)—The Scales beat many of Britains best Weight-Lifters at the British Empire Championships here today.

Julian Grews, runner-up in the Olympic Bantamweight class, Jim Halliday, third among the Olympic Lightweights, and Dennis Hallett, Britain's number one Featherweight, all failed to make the weight.

R. Wilkes, of Trinidad, who came second in the Olympics event, made a new British Empire Featherweight Record for the clean and jerk of 281-1/2 pounds outside the competition.

Wilkes won the Featherweight title with a total lift of 699-1/2 pounds made up of 209-1/4 pounds press, 214-3/4 pounds snatch and 275-1/2 pounds jerk.

R. Smith, of Canada, who won the Bantamweight class with a total of 611-1/2 pounds —press 176-1/4 pounds snatch 187-1/4 pounds and jerk 28 pounds.



WORLD BEATING U. S. SWIMMERS

The American 400 Metres Swimming Team, which established a new record inwinning this event in the recent Olympic Games in London.

Inter-Collegiate Badminton

SINDHU PHANSALKAR'S BRILLIANT VICTORY OVER BETTY FARIAS

Elphinstone And Ruia To Try Conclusions For Championship

BOMBAY, Friday.

Sindhu Phansalkar stole the lime-light in Friday's play in the Inter-Collegiate Badminton Tournament with her great display both in the Singes and Doubles events in which she partipated. In the former she was responsible for the first major surprise in the tournament so far, by her historic over Miss Betty Farias who was confidently expected in some camps, to carry away this year's top honours in the ladies singles event. Sindhu's clever court-craft proved too much for Miss Farias to cope with and she had to bow down to a vastly superior opponent. The latter's perfect lobs and cross-court drops repeatedly left Miss Farias standing, while in the other event in which she figured, ably supported by Mrs. Yashwanti Kapadia she fully extended the holders, the St. Xavier's College "A" pair.

RUIA WIN MEN'S DOUBLES

In the Men's Doubles Finals The Ruia College represented by Nerurkar and Bhopardikar, proved too good for the Elphinstone College pair who were incidentally the holders of the title. Nerurkar and Bhopardikar forced the holders on the defensive right from the start and nothing that Desai and Shums did could hold them back. Nerurkar was outstanding in this fast and furious encounter with his brilliant smashes, and with this victory, enhanced his chances of winning the triple crown, at the same time, putting paid to Ramesh Desai's cherished desire, of winning the same.

The rest of the matches proved to be lame encounters, in spite of Mallapur, the second string of the E.C. & R. T. Sc., having snatched a game fro mNerurkar before going down.

The championship is in a very interesting stage. Both the Elphinstone and Fuia Colege are running neck to neck and whichever College win two of the three final tomorrow will win the coveted championship.

The following are the results:

Men's Singles Semi-Finals

E. C. & R. I. Sc. "A" (Ramesh D. Desai) beat Ruia "B" (M. K. Bhopardikar) 17-14, 15-3

Ruia "A" (S. S. Nerurkar) beat E. C. & R. I. Sc. "B" (B. R. Mallapur) 15-9 5-15, 15-9

Ladies Singles Semi-Finals

Ruia "A" (Miss S K. Nigudkar) beat St. Xavier's "B" (Miss T. Vakil) 12-9, 11-4.

E. C. & R. I. Sc. "A" (Miss Sindhu Phansalkar) beat St. Xavier's "A" (Miss Betty Farias) 11-8, 11-4.

Men's Doubles Finals.

Ruia "A" (M. K. Bhopardikar and S. S. Nerurkar) beat E. C. & R. I. Sc. "A" (R. D. Desai and N. H. Shams) 15-6, 16-6.

Ladies Doubles Finals.

St. Xavier's "A" (Miss Betty Farias and Miss Tehmi Vakeel) beat E. C. & R. I. Sc. "A" (Miss S. Phansalkar and Mrs. Yeshwanti Kapadia) 12-15, 15-9 15-6.

Fixtures for Saturday the concluding day for the Tournament are:—

Men's Singles Finals

E. C. & R. I. Sc. "A" (Ramesh D. Desai) vs Ruia "A" (S. S. Nerurkar)

Women's Singles Finals

Ruia "A" (Miss S. K. Nigudkar) vs E. C. & R.I. Sc. "A" (Miss S. S. Phansalkar)

Mixed Doubles Finals

E. C. & R. I. Sc. "B" (R. D. Desai and Miss Phansalkar) vs Ruia "B" S. S. Nerurkar and Miss Oak).

SPARTA BEAT INDIA 2—1

Exhibition Match In Holland

ROTTERDAM, Aug. 12 (Reuter):—Sparta football club beat India by two goals to one in a football match here to-night, all the goals being scored before the interval.

Both halves lasted only 40 minutes because of the late start.

Drizzle which fell before and during the match made the field very slippery and none of the Indians played in bare feet, but there were fewer falls than expected.

India's team was Sanjiva (goalkeeper); Papen and Manna (backs); Basheer, Rao and Mahabir (halves); Vajravelu, Parab, Mewalall, Ahmed and Nandi (forwards).

Sparta took the lead in less than one minute when Van Male, Sparta outside left, worked the ball past Sanjiva. Twelve minutes later Van Male gave a sharp low pass forward near the corner flag which the Dutch centre forward Meeken headed into the goal.

The Rotterdamers continued to attack until a break through gave the Indians a corner. Vajravelu placed the ball in front of the goal and the Dutch keeper jumped to catch it but it slipped through his hands and Mewalall rushed it into the net.

Encouraged, the Indians tried to force the pace but their lack of teamwork—although their individual play was good—prevented success.

The halftime score was Sparta two, India one.

Both goals were threatened during the second half but neither team was able to round off its attacks. Encouraged by an enthusiastic crowd of 12,000 the Indians did their best to score an equaliser but their forwards were inclined to hang on to the ball too long, losing it to a sound Dutch defence.

Balbir Singh And Not G. Singh Played For India

Confusion In Names

LONDON, August 13, (Reuter): Confusion over the names of the Indian Hockey Players who defeated Great Britain in the Olympic Championship at Wembley last night was reflected in all British newspapers today.

The Official Programme contained the names of the players and the reserves. In this programme G. R. Glacken was given as centre forward. Later, it was announced that G. Singh would play in place of Glacken. The name of Balbir Singh did not appear on the programme. Only today it was learned that it was Balbir Singh who played at centreforward yesterday and scored two of his teams goals.

This tall handsome player who gave such a grand display in the all important match, laughed at the confusion over the names. Like the rest of the Team he relished yesterday's hard fight and regretted that London's weather had caused the Indians to much concern and had handicapped their play so considerably.

Indian Hockey Victory Applauded By British Press

LONDON, Aug. 13 (Reuter): India's decisive 4—0 hockey win over Great Britain was unanimously applauded by today's British Newspapers.

General opinion was that the Indian Team were far superior, while their speed, assurate passing and clever stickwork came in for especial praise.

Under a double-column heading "India win hocky final" "The Times" summed up: "India's passing and interpassing quite bewildered the British side whose own passing was faulty. Their hitting was poor in comparison with that of India. The India defence was always on top of the British forwards".

The paper considered outside right Kishan Lal the outstanding forward on the field.

The "Manchester Guardian" said: "It was a brilliant victory. Though the soft pitch was all against their traditional style of play, the Indians played beautiful hocky and their stickwork both in attack and defence was a constant delight to the eye".

England Entertains Hopes Of Victory

Crapp Replaces Washbrook In Fifth Test

LONDON, Aug. 13 (Reuter): The rain, which has dulled the English summer recently, has increased the brightness of England's hopes of ending the Test Series strongly with a win against Australia in the Fifth Test at The Oval, starting tomorrow, although the wicket there has earned a "feather bed" reputation in the past.

Whether the wicket favours England or not, the task will, however, be a hard one with the Australians on their mettle to win four out of the five Tests in this country for the first time, and to give their Captain Don Bradman a victorious end to his Test career.

With the destination of the Ashes decided for the present, and the rubber lost, the England Selectors have pursued a bolder course than before in nominating four new players among the twelve from whom the team will be chosen

The loss of Cyril Washbrook through injury is a blow to England, but the new men — J. Dewes, R. Simpson, A. Watkins and Eric Hollies — should bring batting strength. The surprise selection is Watkins, Glamorgan's left-handed all-rounder. He is a medium to slow change bowler and a useful bat, but his choice is perhaps based mainly on his brilliant fielding close to the bat, with a view to his being Twelfth Man.

Of these four, only Hollies has played for England before, and his return to the side seemed almost assured after his eight wickets for 117 for Warwickshire against the Australians at Birmingham. Dewes has scored a century against the Australians, and Simpson is one of the most pleasing stroke players in the game.

To make way for these, Jim Laker, Jack Crapp, Kenneth Carnston and R. Pollard were dropped, but Washbrook's injury has brougnt Crapp in again.

Whether the new comers will strengthen the Team all round remains to be seen, but the Selectors' policy in bringing in new blood has met with the approval of most critics here.

Rain May Delay Start Of Fifth Test

LONDON, August 13, (Reuter): The Fifth and Final Test Match is due to start at the Oval here tomorrow, providing England with her last chance of defeating Australia and thus giving the game in this country a fillip which would be of benefit to players and spectators alike.

So much rain has fallen at the Oval in the past week that unless there is a big improvement in the overcast and windless conditions of this morning the start of the Test seems almost certain to be delayed.

In accordance with the Rules, the pitch was completely covered for the next 24 hours from just before noon today.

Mr. Bert Lock, the Oval Groundsman, stated today that the present rain would undo all the good work he put in last night.

He added that a strong wind and sun were wanted to dry off the surface moisture.

CHAMPION HURDLER

W. Porter (United States) who won the 110 metres Hurdles in the Olympic Games, establishing a new Olympic Record of 13.9 seconds.

DENMARK BEATS BRITAIN FOR THIRD PLACE

Olympic Football

LONDON, August 13, (Reuter): Denmark beat Great Britain by five goals to three at Wembley Stadium in the match between the beaten Semi-finalists to decide third place in the Olympic Football Championship.

Raj Doot Likely To Win Independence Cup

(By Our Racing Correspondent)

Picking the winner in the Independence Cup race is a tough problem as all the contesting candidates are winners in the past and therefore any one of them may spring a surprise. The big event, however is a good betting race and promises to enrich the Bookmakers.

My choice falls on Kashmir-owned Raj Doot, who has impresed in his trials and has now been placed at favourable weight.

The following are my selections:—

1st race—
FULL POPPY ..... Win
JUST WAIT ..... Next best

2nd race—
LITTLE JOHN ..... Win
MARLOW ..... Next best

3rd race—
COURAGE (late Khalif) .. Win
SHAH JAHAN ..... Next best

4th race—
AAN BAAN ..... Win
BAVAJI ..... Next best

5th race—
DASHERA ..... Win
BRILLIANT SUNSHINE .. Next best

6th race—
RAJ DOOT ..... Win
SWEET SERENADE ..... Next best

7th race—
QUEEN OF GWALIOR .... Win
BASHIR ..... Next best

8th race—
BOLD BANDIT ..... Win
ROYAL BLESSINGS .... Next best

CHOICE TREBLE:
LITTLE JOHN,
QUEEN OF GWALIOR,
SOLD BANDIT.

FLUKES:
MR. O. K.
KICKSHAW.

ST. XAVIER'S TABLE TENNIS

CHANDARANA RETAINS SINGLES TITLE

Gool Nasikwalla Wins Two Events

D.H. KAPADIA'S BRAVE DEFENCE FEATURE OF MEN'S DOUBLES FINAL

BOMBAY, Friday.

Uttam Chandarana, the Indian Table Tennis Star this evening retained his Singles Title in the St. Xavier's College Open Table Tennis Tournament. Playing far above the form that he had displayed so far in the Tournament, he beat Khanchand in three straight games. Khanchand today was playing at his very best and although he lost last in three straight games he was in no way disgraced, and actually made the Champion play for all he was worth before he acknowledged defeat in the initial game in which he was leading right from the start, and in fact had two game points in his favour. Khanchand was a much improved player, and his defence was met to be trifled with. In the first game even Uttam treated his defence with considerable respect.

With occasional taking ove. of the attack, Khanchand today gave Uttam the toughest time that he had experienced so far in this tournament. The huge crowd that had come to witness the Finals were not disappointed, and everywhere Khanchand's brave defence was being widely praised.

Uttam Chandarana was concerned in one of the most thrilling and hair-raising doubles encounters seen for many years in Bombay. In partnership with Dr. Kirloskar—incidentally they were the holders of the title—Chandarana found D. H. Kapadia and Vittal a great stumbling block in their path. In five exciting games, D. H. Kapadia and Vittal gave a brilliant display of Table Tennis, and in particular D. H. Kapadia won rounds after rounds of applause by stoutly defending against Chandarana's merciless attack. Very often when Chandarana and his partner thought that their drive had completely penerated the opponent's defence, and were feeling a sense of security over having won a vital point, as if by miracle the ball would as sure as anything be back in play. It was an irrestible D. H. Kapadia who today deprived Chandarana of his double crown. After four games, well contested were played and the crowd was awaiting to cheer what looked like a certain victory for the holders, Chandarana and Kirloskar were leading 14-6 in the final game—D. H. rallied brilliantly to reduce the margin 14-16 against them. In his enthusiasm to level matters D. H. became very impatient and due to carelessness lost the next three points to give his opponents a vital lead of 19-16, It seemed all over for them, but D. H. was not to be denied today, and playing daring Table Tennis he won four points off the reel all on his own, and bring their score within a point of their rivals. A series of blunders by both the sides and by all the four players, ultimately resulted in a thrilling five game victory for D. H. Kapadia and Vittal. This victory in some manner compensated Vittal for his defeat at the hands of Khanchand in the semi-finals last evening.

Gool Nasikwalla, the last year double crown winner, retained her singles title by eliminating Meera Gajendrasingh in the finals in five prolonged games. Incidentally Gool Nasikwalla retained both her titles that she had won last year, viz., the Singles as well as the Doubles with Enid Bocarro.

Thackersey lost the Junior's final to Mulla in two straight games.

The following are the results of the Finals played on the final day:

Mr. L. Rodericues presided and distributed the prizes.

MEN'S SINGLES FINAL

U. M. Chandarana beat H. M. Khanchand, 22-20, 21-17, 21-13.

WOMEN'S SINGLES FINAL

Gool Nasikwalla beat Meera Gajendrasingh 21-9, 21-10, 14-21, 13-21, 21-12.

MEN'S DOUBLES FINAL

D. H. Kapadia and M. V. S. Vittal beat U. M. Chandarana and Dr. W. Kirloskar. 13-21, 21-18, 21-18, 18-21, 22-21.

JUNIOR'S SINGLES FINAL

N. N. Mulla beat S. K. Thackersey 21-17, 21-19.

I. F. A. SHIELD SEMI-FINAL ENDS IN A DRAW

CALCUTTA Aug. 13.

In The I. F. A. Shield Semi-Final today East Bengal and Bhowanipur played a drawn game, each side scoring one. (API)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

Tenders are invited for the purchase of the following Hydraulic Plant located at Dock Hydraulic Pump Station, Gate No. 5, Port Commissioners, Calcutta.

Hydraulic Plant Capacity 500 gallons/min comprising of:-

(1) One 180-I.H.P. Armstrong Mitchell slow running Steam Engine, with two H.P. and two L.P. cylinders. Steam Working Pressure 85 lbs/sq. inch. Complete with Belt Driven Governor, Counter and Stop Valves.

(2) Two Hydraulic Plunger Pumps.

(3) Surface Condenser fitted with valve and other auxiliaries.

(4) One double acting vertical type Circulating Pump.

(5) One vertical type Air Pump.

(6) Two Garrick and Wardle Lift Pumps.

(7) One Duplex Tangye Pump

(8) One Accumulator capacity about 350 gallons.

(9) Steam Pipes, spares and other auxiliaries.

Details of specifications of the above will be found in the Tender Form.

Tender Forms (non-transferable) containing details of the Plant together with a permit to view the same at site may be obtained from the Cashier, Directorate-General of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, or from the Regional Commissioners of Disposals at Bombay, Madras, Calcutta and Kanpur on payment of Rs. 5/- (non-refundable) per set in Cash/Money Order/Postal Order.

Tenders in the prescribed form should be submitted in sealed double covers with the tender "No. DGD SR-847/CPM-3" superscribed on both the covers and should be addressed to the Director General of Disposals, C.P.M. Directorate, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.

Last date for receipt of tenders: 20th September, 1948.

Public opening of tenders: 11 A.M. on 21st September, 1948.

Offers to remain open for acceptance up to: 20th October, 1948.

Tenders should be accompanied by a receipt for 10 per cent of the price offered, deposited in favour of the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi, under the Head of Account "Revenue Deposits" in a Government Treasury or Reserve Bank or Imperial Bank of India. Deposits in other forms will not be accepted. The Earnest Money of the successful tenderer will be retained as Security Deposit against satisfactory completion of contract.

Sale will be subject to the general conditions laid down in Form "Con-117" which can be seen at any Office of the Director General of Disposals. The machinery is offered for sale on "as is where is" basis. Intending purchasers should view the machinery and satisfy themselves in all respects before offering to purchase.

The Director General of Disposals reserves the right to reject the highest or any tender without assigning any reason therefor.

Issued by
The Director General of Disposals,
Government of India.

A.C.392

The Bombay Chronicle

That is the most perfect Government under which a wrong to the humblest is an affront to all.
—SOLON.

INDEPENDENCE DAY

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Congress President, has well reminded us that the 15th of August is a day not merely of rejoicing but also of remembrance and dedication. Rejoicing will doubtless be, as it should be, the predominant feeling. Even if the calamities that attended the very advent of independence and that we have passed through since then were ten times as many, we would and should rejoice for our freedom, for which no price is too dear. Indeed, many of our recent and present calamities are the direct or indirect consequences of our subjection for over a century to foreign rule. But our freedom, though attended with disasters, has enabled us to pass through them with honour, courage and confidence, which should sustain us in facing the problems that are still confronting us.

Let us, therefore, rejoice by all means on the first anniversary of independence, even though it brings with it sad memories, the memories of the horrors of a virtual civil war, of millions uprooted from their homes many of whom are still to be rehabilitated: of an undeclared war with a sister Dominion; of an endless number of murderous raids by the Razakars on the helpless villagers on the Hyderabad border: of semi-starvation of millions and, above all, of the assassination, by a fellow-countryman, of the very hero and leader who brought us independence. This last memory is the most painful as the loss—to India and the world—is literally irreparable. Having won independence for India and Pakistan but having failed for the time being to keep Hindus and Muslims together in one State, he struggled incessantly to keep alive Hindu-Muslim unity in both the States and particularly to vindicate and demonstrate the secular character of the Indian Dominion. This struggle cost him his life but those who mourn his death will be false to his sacred memory if we fail to carry on his struggle for communal unity till every Indian, whatsoever his community, learns to cherish a spontaneous love for his country, his loyalty being based more on such love than on fear of punishment for disloyalty. This is the first and foremost duty of those who glibly talk of India as a secular State and claim to be Gandhiji's followers.

Another task to which the Mahatma devoted his last months was to adjust the people's politicial attitude to the needs of independent India. For a whole generation he had taught the people to offer non-violent non-co-operation to the foreign Government, but even then he commended his Construction Programme to all those who were not actively engaged in any militant campaign. After the advent of Swaraj he called upon every Indian to devote himself to a larger extent to a wider Constructive Programme with special emphasis on communal unity and promoting Hindustani in both the scripts. To stress the value and need of constructive work he proposed a radical change in the very constitution of the Congress so as to make it a body of the country's servants. Congress leaders have already accepted his revised constitution, which is sure to be adopted by the next session of the Congress. But it is a far cry from the adoption of a paper constitution to Congressmen's translating it into practice in its true spirit. That is why the Congress President has appealed to every Congressman to rededicate himself to the service of his country which is still in distress. Gandhiji himself felt the distress acutely and often and often remarked, even after the advent of Independence, that the Swaraj of his dream was still far away. Let us, therefore, on the first anniversary of Independence, make a solemn resolve to serve the country in a way worthy of Gandhiji and hasten the realisation of his dream of Poorna Swaraj in which every Indian is free, not merely from foreign rule, but also from the fear of want and of communal discord.

Grave But Not Panicky

Sir Chintaman Deshmukh in his address to the last of the annual general meetings of the present Reserve Bank of India covered wide ground and in particular tried to tone down the deep outlines of the somewhat gloomy picture of our economy contained in the annual report of the bank released earlier. The key-note of Sir Chintaman's latest speech can be summarized in the following judgment: "The situation is grave, but it need not cause panic if all sections of the community including the State play their part properly." Unless we expect that at any time a responsible officer like the Governor of a central bank will say that a situation is such as justifies panic, this judgment of the Governor of our Reserve Bank must be taken to be as grave a warning as ever is likely to come from that quarter. It will not be fair to Sir Chintaman to drag into controversy what he says about the nationalization of the Reserve Bank and about the Sterling Balances agreement. He is so intimately connected with both these events that a detached and comprehensive judgment on the issue involved cannot be legitimately expected from him. Still it is fair to notice that all that he claims for the sterling agreement is that, in the present circumstances, no better deal was possible, and that if the economic condition of Great Britain improves there is no reason why we should not be able to get bigger releases in future. On the subject of nationalization, while we can understand the natural disinclination of the central board of the bank to see any merit in the idea—a feeling shared by the Governor—we fail to see why a nationalized bank should have either less freedom or less authority than the present organization. While it is true that the central board in its present form has occasionally communicated views which ultimately did not find favour with the Government of the day, there is no instance in which on a matter of policy the views of the board have prevailed against the treasury. We agree that there is no magic either in nationalization or its negation. How the board of a nationalized central bank is constituted and what traditions of mutual relationship between it and the treasury are created in the earlier years are the really significant things. There is no inherent reason why on either of these counts we should be less optimistic about the future than we are about the present.

The central core of the Governor's speech is, however, to be found in his exhortation that unless a disinflationary policy is followed by all sections of the community the economic situation would continue to deteriorate. The implications of a policy of disinflation are different for different sections of the community, and, though Sir Chintaman did not naturally specify the details of action expected from each, his general argument clearly indicated the lines of desired action. The principal part has, of course, to be played by the State. Decontrol and deficits—the principal causes of the worsening economic situation—are both items of Government policy, and can only be cured by a reversal of Governmental action. The salutary effect that decontrol was expected to produce on output and dishoarding has not been experienced as a general phenomenon. Heavy shortages have continued and have given rise to a steep upward movement in prices. Unless we believe in the ultimate justice and benefit of the ruthless law of competition and are prepared to tolerate the immediate misery and injustice caused by such a policy it is difficult to disagree with the Governor's advice that in some form controls must be reintroduced. It is surprising that a board for the freedom and responsibility of whose members Sir Chintaman himself has offered testimony should contain a number of influential members who disagree with him on this crucial question. While the famine lasts decontrol spells concentrated privation at one end and concentrated profits at the other.

Almost as important as regulation of the economy of the nation is the need to have a balanced and, in fact, a more than balanced budget for the Government. As Sir Chintaman pointed out, both on revenue and on capital account Government has been running deficits. These are being met by drawing on balances and on fresh issues of currency. Unless public expenditure is brought within the limits given by taxation and borrowing the inflationary pressure will continue to grow. It is for Government to decide how it will reach this balance—whether by cutting expenses or by raising taxation and loans or by both.—But the need for immediate action to secure such a balance is an urgent one as pointed out by the Governor. Other sections of the society have also to contribute to the success of this policy of disinflation, but they will neither be induced to follow such a policy nor will they be strengthened in their desire to persist in it, unless the Government gives a determined lead. For instance, Sir Chintaman asks the banks to put a voluntary embargo on inflationist advances. Now, even supposing our banking system as a whole has been keyed up to taking the lead from the central bank, will bankers be encouraged to follow a discriminating policy in regard to their advances so long as they know that Governmental action is putting a steady premium on inflation? Equally well the implied exhortation to workers to couple higher eearnings with lower costs can have a justification and an appeal only in a system where equal sacrifices and stable costs of living are ensured by State action. A policy of uncontrolled inflation does not act as incentive to production, least of all in India where physical limitations on production are of greater significance than the price structure. A full and a co-operative effort is necessary to raise the level of production. By positive action, by exhortation and if need be, by restriction the State must take the lead in organising such an effort.

University For Gujarat

Taking into account the opinion of a section of people about a separate university for Gujarat the Bombay Government has appointed a committee to inquire into the question and the Committee has already commenced its work. In view on the fact that the said demand was not so general and forceful as to receive Government's immediate attention, the Government was in my opinion, over hasty in appointing the said committee. The question of a separate university for Maharashtra was taken up since long and the proper way for the Government is to settle that question first. It would have been far better if the question of Gujarat University was taken up after carefully scrutinising for some time the effects and the reactions of the proposed university of Maharashtra when it has begun to run.

The enormous increases in the bulk of work of the Bombay University and the consequent necessity to lessen it any how has not a sound and sufficient reason for the establishment of a separate university for Gujarat. The only argument that can justify a separate university for Gujarat is the medium of instruction viz, Gujarati. The inquiry committee is yet inquiring as to which language should be the medium of instruction for the proposed university for Gujarat. Apart from the question of Gujarati, as the medium of instruction, the question of a separate university for Gujarat has no meaning. If the medium of instruction adopted in Bombay university is also chosen for the proposed university for Gujrat, what harm is there if the schools and colleges of Gujarat continue to be under the existing Bombay University? For, the necessary changes that times and the circumstances may call for, may be readily effected even in the existing university of Bombay. The real fact is that most of those who talk of a separate university for Gujarat do not understand what they say. A separate university was established in Gujarat at the hands of Mahatma Gandhi. So if there be any authority worth quoting regarding this question, it is Mahatma Gandhi and none else. He had already given his clear opinion that the question of a separate university for Gujarat comes up only after the establishment of a separate province of Gujarat. A few days prior to his death he had sternly warned us against the idea of a separate university for Gujarat. To talk of a separate university for Gujarat before the formation of a separate province of Gujarat is to put the cart before the horse. We are already attached to the Bombay university. The education progress of Gujarat students is in no way hindered or jeopardised. Hence in view of the far-sighted warning of Mahatma Gandhi and the present critical times, we should drop altogether the idea of a separate university for Gujarat before Gujarat has been formed into a separate province. Otherwise, we would be guilty of leaping in the dark and it would be hard for us to undo the evils arising therefore.

I therefore suggest that the Bombay Government may focus its attention on the establishment and commencement of the separate university for Maharashtra and may dissolve the committee for a separate university for Gujarat.

ISHAWARLAL N. NAIK.
NAVSARI.

Madras Letter

TWO EX-MINISTERS OF LAW DEFEND INDIVIDUAL LIBERTY

"We Have In Past Objected To Rule By Ordinance And Now We Resort To Same Method"

MADRAS, (By Mail) : Two striking speeches by two ex-ministers for law in the Madras Government, Dr. P. Subbarayan and Mr. K. Bhashyam, marked the debate in the Madras Legslative Assemoly on Wednesday, August 11th on the Bill to amend the Maintenance of Public Order Act and the Ordinance recently issued in that connection by the Madras Government. The Bill was passed in the course of a single sitting of the Assembly and except for two amendments, one of which limited the period of extension of the Act to three years instead of five years as proposed in the Bill, and the other substituting the word "satisfaction" for "opinion" to justify the provincial Government's passing an order of detention, the Bill went through as drafted by the Government.

In his speech Dr Subbarayan took strong exception to the procedure adopted by the Government in proroguing the Legislature on one day and promulgating the Ordinance the next day, whereas the more legitimate and appropriate course would have been to hold a sitting of the Legislature and place a Bill before it. He also strongly objected to drastic powers curtailing the liberty of the individual being assumed by the Government in that manner, and revealed how Pt. Nehru was unhappy about the provision in the Ordinance removing the right of detenus to move for "habeas corpus" writs.

LEST WE FORGET

They were forgetting, Dr. Subbarayan said, that they had always objected to the Rule by Ordinance and now they resorted to the same method of dealing with an emergency. Unless there was an overriding necessity, there was no justification for depriviing the individual of his liberty. Mr. Bhashyam also objected to the promulgation of the Ordinance and to the provision in the Bill extending the life of the Act by five or three years, which would mean so many years of martial law, as it were. The Government, according to him, dealt with the Communists in a pusillanimous manner in the beginning—and came forward with drastic legislation now, and had it not been for the urgency of the situation at present, the Bill should have gone before a Select Committee.

On behalf of the Government it was urged that the necessity for the legislation and the extension of its life by three years was contained in the emergency situation created by the Communist activities in the province. Mr. Madhava Menon, Law Minister, further pointed out in reply to Muslim League criticisms that the legislation was not intended to be used against any particular community.

PLEA FOR CAUTION

Now that the amending Act has been passed by the Assembly and is sure to be passed by the Council, and the Government have been armed with all necessary power to deal with the Communists or any others who may be inclined to create conditions of disorder, it is to be hoped that the powers will be carefully and cautiously used. The substitution of the word "satisfaction" for "opinion" imposes on the Government an obligation fully to satisfy themselves, before every order of detention is passed, that the order is "bona fide" and that there is an indispensable need to pass it in the case of the individual concerned. The High Court's jurisdiction is there to hear petitions for "habeas corpus" writs, so that if in any case an order is hastily passed, the Government will lend themselves to censure at the hands of the court.

IRON AND STEEL INDUSTRY IN MADRAS

What are the prospects of starting an iron and steel industry in Madras? This question will be investigated by experts from the United States, who have been invited by the Government of India to advise them on the starting of two iron and steel factories in India and the places where they should be located. The Madras Government are reported to be keen on having one of these factories set up in the Madras province, where in the Salem and Kurnool districts, investigations already undertaken by the Geological Survey of India nave revealed the existence of large quantities of iron ore deposits of fairly good quality. Whether the ore is of sufficiently good quality as to facilitate manufacture of steel out of it remains to be examined.

It may be mentioned in this connection that the Madras Industrial Planning Committee was divided in its opinion about the possibilities of the successful working of an iron and steel industry in Madras. But at a conference convened by the Government of Madras to discuss the formulation of a regional scheme for the development of industries in the province, it was recommended that the matter should be further investigated by an expert committee set up by the Government of India. It may also be mentioned here that according to the Geological Survey's estimate, the reserves of iron ore in the Salem and Kurnool districts are in the neighbourhood of 304 million tons, and this figure represents deposits up to a depth of 100 feet only, so that the total quantity of ore in the mines may be much more.

If the expert opinion is in favour of the possibility of extracting good quality steel from the iron ore in the Salem hills, the prospects of an iron and steel factory being established in that area are bright.

CONGRESS COMMITTEES AND GOVERNMENTS

The question of the relations that should subsist between the Congress Committees and the Congress Governments and officials, about which a circular letter is reported to have been issued by the Congress President, was referred to in a letter addressed by the Secretary of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee to all the district Congress organisations. Emphasis was laid in that letter on the need for Congressmen abstaining from interfering with the work of administration and of the officials and on the need for their concentrating their attention on the implementation of the constructive programme. The Congress Secretary admits that the activities of some Congressmen in this connection, which amounted to a misuse of their position, had tended to lower the prestige and compromise the good name of the Congress. The Secretary's letter exhorts office-bearers and others connected with the Congress Committees to maintain unity and not to foment splits or promote group loyalties among the rank and file of Congressmen. Considering the confused and chaotic state of affairs in the Congress organisation in Andmedara, this exportation does not come a day too soon.

No Reimposition of Food Controls: The Government's intention not to reverse the policy of gradual decontrol of food and not to reimpose controls has been reiterated by the Madras Food Minister, Dr. Rajan, in the course of his reply to an interpellation in the Madras Assembly. The Minister claimed that decontrol was a success and that Government had enough stocks of food to maintain prices of foodgrains at a satisfactory level for the next two months. The rise in foodgrain prices reported from various parts of the province, be attributed to the nefricus activities of the profiteering and balckmarketing propensities of the traders. Whether the Food Minister's optimism is justified or not, time alone can show; but in the meantime, the policy of increasing the number of relief shops in the deficit areas and of establishing such shops in the surplus areas also, is being pursued to enable poor people to get their requirements at fair prices.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

NEW DELHI, Aug. 12: Prince Moazzam Jah Bahadur, the second son of the Nizam, has resigned the post as President of the Hyderabad Improvement Trust, it is learned here today.

The resignations of the Prince of Berar as Commander-in-Chief of the State Forces (reported yesterday) and of Prince Moazzam Jah, it is reported, are due to their differences with the administration and the unhelpful attitude which the party in power has adopted towards them.—U.P.I.

* * *

Dr. Malan, the South African Prime Minister, has given notice in the House of Assembly that he would seek to introduce a bill to repeal the Indian representation part of the 1946 Asiatic Act.

This, we hope, will enable Britain and the United States to make an even more effective contribution to the-er-soluton of the Indo-South African controversy at the next session of the U. N. Assembly.

* * *

"The Executive Committee of the Madras Legislative Congress Party has recommended the postponement from October 1 to April 1, 1949, of the extension of prohibition to Madras City and some other non-dry districts in view of the situation created in the districts bordering Hyderabad State.

A great idea, we must say. In order to meet effectively the situation on the areas bordering Hyderabad, Madras City as also other districts should get drunk. A truly great idea.

* * *

Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung, Foreign Minister, Hyderabad State, says the Indian Government's White Paper on Hyderabad "contains glaring inaccuracies and misstatements."

The most glaring of which, of course, is that the White Paper doesn't describe Hyderabad as Hyderabad shouldn't be described.

* * *

It is reported from Karachi that the U. N. Kashmir Commission will submit on Monday simultaneously to India and Pakistan its proposals for a "cease fire."

We hope due regard has been paid to the Security Council's main headache, which will be removed as soon as India has been made to recognise Pakistan as a non-aggressor belligerent.

* * *

According to an Ahmedabad report, representatives of wholesale cloth merchants' associations have rejected the Government's offer to work as Government's agent for procurement of cloth from mills and its distribution in the districts.

We should have been surprised if they hadn't.

But what did the Government think? As if the wholesale cloth merchants had no dignity, no self-respect, no solidarity, no class consciousness.

We congratulate the cloth merchants representatives on their firm stand.

* * *

According to the same report, a leading cloth merchant said: "This is rather a delicate question. How is it possible for our association to go against the wishes of its members and become Government's agents?"

How indeed! We quite agree with the leading cloth merchant. Could you, we challenge, think of anything more degrading and-er-unpatriotic than to serve as Government's agents?

* *

General Carl Spaatz, the former American Air Chief, says that if Russia fought a war in the near future it would be an "orthodox" war, but if the war, came about 1952 or later, it would start with an atomic bomb air raid on the U. S. and so on and so forth.

Therefore let's have the war now, unless you are too unorthodox.

★ ★ ★

The three Western Envoys tonight had their fifth meeting with the Soviet Foreign Minister, M. Molotov.
—Moscow Report.

The three Western Envoys have, however, not yet been told about the total number of attendances that they will be required to dance.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Soviet Journal's "Facts"

Sir,—'New Times" is a weekly journal published by the Newspaper 'Trud", Moscow, and "Trud" is the official organ of the Federation of Trade Unions in the Soviet Union. Hence the "New Times" is often recognised as a semi-official organ from Moscow devoted to questions of the foreign relations of the U.S.S.R. and other countries and to current events in international life. In such a distinguished and serious journal which reflects the relations between Soviet Union and other countries one is surprised to find in its 23rd issue dated 2nd June 1948 an article under the caption "The Situation In India" by A. Dyakov, who is considered to be an authority on Indian affairs in Soviet Union. Talking about the Hyderabad Issue, the author says:—

"The crux of the Hyderabad problem, however, is not whether Hyderabad joins the Indian Union or not. Hyderabad is a multinational State. More than 50 p.c. of its population are Andhras, nearly 30 p.c. Marathi nearly 10 p.c. Kanarese and 10 p.c. Hindu, the latter being the dominant nationality. The Nizam and most of the members of the ruling clique—land owners merchants and officials—are Hindus and are worshipers of Islam whereas 90 p.c. of the population are followers of Hinduism. The Andhra, Marathi and Kanarese, who make up the overwhelming majority of the population of Hyderabad are reduced to the status of disfranchised and oppressed tenant farmers."

The confusion of ideas as well as want of correct conception of facts about India is obvious. What surprises one is that journalism in the Soviet Union, which has got of the best machinery for the collection of correct news from all countries and a most efficient system of dissemination of the same, can betray such rank ignorance. To confuse between nationaity and religion and say 10 p.c. Hindus form a dominant nationality is to say the least most ill-fitting Soviet Journalism. In our country we have organisations like the Communist Party of India and Friends of the Soviet Union who could and should give to Soviet Union, the correct idea of what is happening in our land. I do not venture to say whether Dyakav has to thank any of these sources for his misconception. But it is high time that journalists in Soviet Union tried to learn facts about India from more reliable sources than the present ones.—Yours etc.

G. P. NARAYAN

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Gandhi Memorial Fund

The Commerce Minister's Bill to enable Companies to make donations to the Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund is a timely measure which, we trust, will be adopted by the Central Legislature without any delay. It is only an enabling bill and leaves every company free to contribute or not to contribute to the Fund. But we are confident that every company will deem it a privilege as well as a duty to contribute generously to such a National Fund, which is meant not merely to perpetuate the memory of the Father of the Nation but also to help constructive work throughout the country. Comparatively few are capable of rendering such service but many can contribute funds for making the service possible and efficient. What is now most necessary is that the organisers of the Fund should not be content with making appeals and waiting for response to come to them. In all such cases they and a number of volunteers have to go about and make the necessary collections. Millions are willing to contribute to the best of their capacity but they should be properly approached by responsible voluntary workers. The organisers should not be satisfied with merely big collections. They should also elicit response from a vast number of donors. Then alone will the Fund be truly national

Ceylon And U. N.

According to a Reuter's report from Lake Success, Ceylon's application to the United Nations this year is still in the balance and informed circles fear that Soviet opposition may prevent the application from being approved in time for the General Assembly. The Western democracies command a decisive majority in the Security Council. And when they seek to carry a proposal not agreeable to the Soviet Union through by that majority the Soviet Union replies with its veto power. This has happened, among other cases, in the case also of new applications for membership. We are not here concerned with the merits and demerits of the fate of several countries whose applications were sponsored by rival groups. But so far as Ceylon is concerned it is certainly an innocent victim of the Big Power rivalries. It is threatened with the Soviet veto not because it is not qualified for membership of the U.N. Organisation but because the Soyiet Union had to retaliate against the Western democracies for their opposition to the admission of certain East European states. And this is where the injustice to Ceylon lies. Ceylon, as the note of its Government urges, "is now a full responsible nation, in no way subordinate (to Britain) in any aspect of domestic or external affairs". In fact, Ceylon is no more a satellite of any big Power, than is India, Pakistan or Burma, the admission of the latter two of which the Soviet Union did not and does not oppose. India earnestly hopes that the Ceylon Government's memoradum will find favour with the Soviet Union and that the latter will support Ceylon's application as a gesture not only to Asia but also to the inherent justice of that country's case.

The Main Object

The pumping station at Latrun, which supplies the larger part of Jerusalem's water requirements, has been blown up. For over three months Jerusalem had been managing without this supply because it had been cut off in May last. Nevertheless the destruction of the station is an outrage which deserves unequivocal condemnation. But the interesting thing to note is the Jewish rush to damn the Arabs for it even to the extent of a prompt and loud shout by Mr. Moshe Shertok for the ears of the Security Council. The station was situated in a no-man's land between Arab and Jewish lines. Moreover, Arab refugees from that area were about to return home under an arrangement by Count Bernadotte. It might very well be that the Jews deliberately blew up the station and blamed it on Arabs in order to defeat Count Bernadotte's arrangements. Even more noteworthy is the undoubted fact that the outrage is being exploited mainly and principally for the benefit of Jewish opposition to the demilitarisation of Jerusalem.

Educational Research

The Indian Institute of Education of Bombay, inaugurated by Dr. Satyidain on Thursday, is a long-needed institution to promote educational research. It is admitted by all that education is not merely preparing students for examinations, though the present system of education in India is little beyond that. As Dr. Saiyidain pointed out, the main function of education is to discover the dominant characteristics of the individuality of the students and develop those characteristics. This demands much research work, particularly in the sphere of child psychology, though most teachers need only to be conversant with the results of the researches by a few. The present Institute, which is a non-official body, will aid teachers preparing for post-graduate examinations and will also otherwise promote research. We need more such institutions. Though there is force in the remark of Mr. V. L. Mehta, our Finance Minister, that educational experiments are better carried on by non-official bodies, the Department of Education and the University can also do much to promote research in education. We feel confident that efficient non-official institutions doing such work will be duly financed by Government.

India Maintains World Supremacy

Despite the fears and apprehensions entertained in many quarters India succeeded in defeating Britain by the substantial margin of 4 goals to nil. Upto her entry in the final Britain had not a single goal scored against her, and she had defeated the strong Pakistan side by a brace of goals without response in the penultimate round. India, on the other hand, had 2 goals debited to her account, and the goals registered in her favour were the same, 21, as collected by Britain. This meant that if there was a draw in the Final, Britain would be awarded the Championship by virtue of her superior goal average. For India, therefore, a straight victory was imperative. Praise is due to all the members of the team—and Captain Kishenlal in particular—for their resounding success. They have upheld the honour and prestige of their Motherland with great credit. India's supremacy on the field of hockey stands unchallenged.

The Open Air...

When petrol rationing allows nothing gives me greater pleasure than to drive out into the jungle dressed in comfortable old clothes and strong shoes, and armed with trowels and digging implements.

Now, in these early days of monsoon everything is fresh and clean, and the thick film of red dust which covered every roadside plant and tree is washed away. The ground is carpeted with the emerald spears of young tender grass. Here a mist of mauve among the grass attracts attention. Hundreds of tiny lilies send up their spikes of flower among the rosettes of shiny green leaves. The whole plant is not more than three inches in height, and each individual flower is only about an eighth of an inch across and yet, in information, they are perfect miniature lilies with petals turned back in typical lily fashion. A few must come up to be added to my garden stock. At a little distance the young shoots of the Glory Lily may be seen. They grow deep down in the ground and need a lot of digging to avoid breaking the roots. They are worth the trouble, however, for no flowers are more worthy of the name "Gloriosa Superba" than these lovely flame-coloured, climbing lilies of the monsoon

D. R.

NEW DRIVE AGAINST INDIANS IN SOUTH AFRICA

CAPETOWN, August 13 (U.P.I.) : Further steps in its racial separation policy were taken by the Malan Government when it announced complete segregation of Whites and non-Whites in the Capetown suburban trains from Monday.

According to the announcement no coloured persons will now be able to travel in compartments for White persons and vice versa.

There is already complete segregation in trains and buses in the rest of South Africa.

Dr. Malan, South African Prime Minister, told the South African Assembly today that it was the intention of the Government to repeal the whole of Chapter Two of the Asiatic Land Tenure and Indian Representation Act, "Reuter" reports.

Dr. Malan, who was replying to a question by Mr. J. R. Sullivan (United Party), added that it was not the intention of the Government to appoint a Fact-Finding Commission to make recommendations on which to base the amendment of the existing legislation. He hoped that any further questions on this matter would be adequately answered when he introduced the Bill to amend the Act on August 16.

Replying to a further question by Mr. Sullivan as to whether Natal opinion, both Indian and European, would be consulted before the Bill reached final stages, Dr. Malan said that this query would have to wait until August 16 for its answer.

ONLY AN EXPERIMENT!

Mr. P. O. Sauer, South African Minister of Transport, said that the introduction on Capetown Suburban Railways of special carriages "for Europeans only" was only an experiment.

The step would be reviewed later in the light of experience. The new arrangements will come into force on Monday. Where there are five first class carriages, three will be reserved for Europeans. Second and third class carriages will not be affected.

Mr. Sauer said it was a measure of segregation affecting only Europeans and only first class passengers. Only through complete co-operation between European and non-European, could the policy be applied in practice. The Government was determined to apply the principle of reserving some accommodation for Europeans only.

Accommodation for non-Europeans would not be reduced in quantity or quality.

He hoped the move would be accepted as an effort to provide the type of service desired by railway users. They had to observe the desires of regular passengers.

For years now waiting rooms and benches on suburban stations have carried notices reading "for Europeans only" and "for non-Europeans only."

QUESTION OF SOUTH-WEST AFRICA

The South African Government is studying proposals submitted by the two main parties in South-West Africa —German territory before World War One—as a basis for incorporating the territory in the Union.

Dr. Daniel Malan, Prime Minister, announcing this in the House of Assembly, added that no legislation on the subject would be introduced during the current session.

The proposal, unanimously agreed between the two principal parties of South Africa, were that South-West Africa be granted eight seats in the Lower House and six in the Senate.

Two of the Senate seats, it was proposed, should be filled by members appointed because of their special knowledge of the needs of the native population in the territory.

It would not be expedient to give South-West Africa the status of a province, a memorandum conveying the proposals said, but the territory asked for financial autonomy and direct representation on all public bodies affecting South-West African interests.

Just Out

Recent Publications

Dr. Panelli's Typhoid	Rs. 8/-
Dr. Gregg's Consumption	Rs. 8/-
Dr. Guernsey's Haemorrhoids	Rs. 3/-
Dr. Gross Comp Mat. Madica	Rs. 10/-

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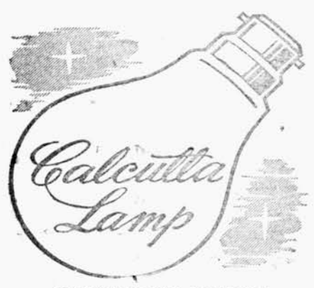

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TO-DAY'S WEATHER IN CITY

BOMBAY, Friday.

Frequent showers, heavy at times, and occasionally strong winds are expected in Bombay on Saturday, the Santa Cruz Observatory said tonight.

The Observatory said that the Colaba recorded one inch of rainfall, while Santa Cruz and Juhu recorded 50 and 25 cents each.

The Observatory said that the monsoon had extended into Cutch, Bhuj reporting light showers on Friday afternoon. Fairly widespread rain with moderate to heavy showers are likely in Gujerat and Sourashtra in the next forty eight hours.

Heavy rain continued along the Konkan coast. Devgad recorded the highest rainfall of 5 inches in the 9 hours following 8 a.m. on Friday.

CONCILIATION FAILS

India United Workers Want Only Two-Loom System

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Government of Bombay has received a report from Mr. E. J. S. Ram, Conciliator, saying that the conciliation proceedings between India United Mills No. 4 and their employees in the Weaving Department on the qpestion of the proposed retrenchment of 62 workers have ended in failure.

The report said that the failure was partly due to the fact that the workers' representatives were not agreeable to accept the management's offer to take the men back on the four-loom system and insisted on their continuing in the two-loom system. They complained that the four-loom system involved strain.

They were, however, willing to accept the change if the management paid fifteen days' wages for every completed year of service to each worker affected by the change-over from the two-loom to the four-loom set-up.

The report quoted the management of the Mill as having represented before the Conciliator that the original retrenchment notices were necessitated by insufficient supply of yarn and consequent lack of work. The workers' representatives alleged that the notices were aimed to put the workers on the four-loom system.

Wage Board For Textile Industry

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Government of Bombay today announced that the newly constituted Wage Board for the textile industry in the province will consist of the following persons:—

Messrs Purshottam Kanji, R. R. Bakhale, D. V. Gillespie, M. L. A; Neville N. Wadia, Sakarlal Balabhai, Nur Mohamad H. Shaikh and G. D. Ambekar.

The Chairman of the Board will be Mr. Kanji.

B.C.W. FREEDOM NUMBER

The next issue of the "Bombay Chronicle Weekly" (Sunday, August 15) will commemorate the first anniversary of India's Independence.

It is a bumper issue with a striking cover in colours and numerous special features.

Among the highlights are:

- *Messages from the Governor-General and the Prime Minister.*
- *A two-page illustrated lecture "Moments In The Life Of Nehru".*
- *Pearl Buck's moving tribute to Gandhiji.*
- *Special articles dealing with the achievements—and also the shortcomings—of a year of freedom.*

Despite the increased number of pages, the issue will be sold for the usual price of four annas.

Book your orders early with your newsagent and avoid disappointment.

Bombay Chronicle Weekly
Sunday, August 15

One Year Of Freedom

Processions, Parades, Music And Dance: City Programme

BOMBAY, Saturday.

By midnight today, India will have completed one year of her life as a free nation. Long before the midnight hour strikes, Bombay will have swung into a series of engagements to observe in due solemnity, the first birthday of freedom.

In Bombay, as in the rest of the country, it will be a solemn and serious observance rather than of rejoicing and jubilation because the year of freedom was also the year of the passing of the architect of freedom. All the functions arranged by official and non-official organisations are designed to be in tune with this fact.

TORCH LIGHT PROCESSION

Besides the official observances on Sunday, which begin with an impressive military and march past at the Brabourne stadium and ends with the Mayor's banquet at night at the Corporation hall the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has chalked out its own programme which begins with a torch-light processions at 9 p.m. today. The climax will be reached at midnight when the tricolour flag of saffron, white and green with the Ashoka Chakra, will go up the flag mast at Congress House.

Congress programme for Sunday includes a central flag salutation at Gowalia Tank, at 8 a.m. and a mammoth procession from the Azad Maidan to Chowpaty where a public meeting will be held in the evening.

B. P. C. C. Programme

TODAY (SATURDAY): 9 p.m. Torch Light Procession by volunteers of the Congress Seva Dal (Sevaks and Sevikas) and other volunteers. 10 p.m. Congress workers' Sammelan at Congress House. 12 Midnight. Hoisting the Tricolour Flag on Congress Office Building.

For Sunday (August 15)

6 A.M. Prabhat Pheries with musical instruments carrying the National Flag to move through important thoroughfares.

7 A.M. Flag Salutations by private institutions and display of National Flags on public buildings, business houses and residential premises.

8 A.M. Central Flag Salutation at Gowalia Tank.

8-30 A.M. Laying Wreaths on the Memorial Tablet on G. T. Boarding House, Gowalia Tank.

9 A. M. Route March of volunteers in uniform from Gowalia Tank Maidan to Congress House by the following route:

Gowalia Tank Road, Grant Road, Play House Foras Road, Golpitha, Null Bazar, C.P. Tank Road and Vithalbhai Patel Road.

10 A.M. Laying of wreaths at the foot of the 'Shaheed Stoop' especially erected in the Congress House compound and paying tributes to the unknown martyrs in the freedom struggle.

10-30 A.M. Tree planting in the Congress House Compound.

3 P.M. Procession from Azad Maidan to Chowpatty. Route of the procession: Azad Maidan (Dhobi Talao) Kalbadevi Road, Princess Street, Jumma Masjid, Mangaldas Market, Crawford Market, Mohammadali Road (Bhendi Bazar), Parel Road, Pydhonie, Kalbadevi Road, East India Cotton Building, Bhuleshwar Road, C.P. Tank Road, V. P. Road, Sandhurst Road, Lamington Road, Opera House, Sandhurst Bridge and Chowpatty.

6 P.M. Public Meeting at Chowpatty.

The above programme will be supplemented by D.C. Cs, T.C. Cs, and other allied Congress institutions, without clashing with any of the main items in the Central Programme, by arranging independent functions of their own, such as: flag salutation, tree-planting, sammelans, spinning, etc.

Socialist Party And Independence Day

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Secretary Socialist Party (Bombay) writes:

"On the 15th August 1948, our Country will be celebrating the first anniversary of Indian Independence. The advent of freedom has failed to ameliorate the sufferings and miseries of the common forgotten man in India. Freedom without its social and economic contents has remained a mere abstraction for the teeming millions of this country. The edifice of Free India of their dream can be built only on the stable foundations of social justice and economic equality. The only way to accomplish this task is to make a solemn resolve on the day of the anniversary of our independence to march resolutely and steadfastly towards the inspiring goal of Democratic Socialism."

Independence Day Celebrations At Kaisar Baug Dongri

A meeting organised will be held under the presidentship of Mr. Haji Noormohmad Ahmed M.L.A. today (Sunday) at Kaisar Baug, Dongri, Bombay, at 9 P.M. (S.T.) to celebrate the Independence Day. Mr. V. L. Mehta, Minister of Finance and Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister of Health and P.W.D. will attend the meeting.

The signatories to the meeting are:— Gulamhussain A. Single, Devji Ratansi; President, B Ward Congress Committee; Haji Hasham H. M. Ismail President, Memon Chamber of Commerce; Dawood Haji Nassur Dr. J. A. Collaco Mohomad Haji Ahmed Agboatwalla Ratilal Mooljı Gandhi Yayhabhai Jasdanwalla, Vallabhdas Vassanji, President, Katha Bazar. Gulamhussein Conawalla, Khatau Vallabhdas, President, Colour & Chemical Market. Mahomed Hussein Toffic President, Market Halai Memon Jamat. Tatia Ravji, President, Mudi Bazar. Ahmed Abdulla, President, Bhavnagari Halai Jamat Dr. T. D. Taleyarkhan Bhagwandas Haridas President Ghee Bazar Dawood Moosa Narsi Chattarbhuj President Gum Bazar. Shaikh Mohamed Khatkhatay Harsukhbhai Harilal Hussein Abdul Karim Panju Ahmedali K. Sajan, Advocate. Husseini Varawalla Shivji Monjee Nakar. Secretary B Ward Congress Committee. Dr. N. H. Calcuttawalia Saif F. Tayabji Dr. Shinde Joint Secretary, B Ward Congress Committee. Paschal Lawrence Mathias Abubakar Ibrahim Hakim Mirza Haider Beg Dr. D. T. Anklesaria Kassamalli Dawood, Karmalli Abdulla Jayantilal, Joint Secretary, B Ward Congress Committee. Abubakar Dada Salemahomed.

SOCIALIST PARTY: 6-30 a.m. procession from Napoo Garden; 8-30 a.m. flag salutation at Indian Gymkhana ground, 9 p.m. public meeting, Napoo Garden.

AT SHIVAJI PARK

Mr. Jaiprakash Narain, the Socialist leader, will hoist the flag at 7-15 a.m. at Shivaji Park at a function arranged by the Shivaji Park Nagarik Sangh. Innumerable functions have also been arranged by a variety of organistions.

Here is the detailed list of announcements.

Programme for Saturday (Aug. 14).

GIRGAUM CONGRESS COMMITTEE

Ladies' public meeting, at Vanita Vishram, 4 p.m. Smti. Maniben Desai presiding. Speakers: Mrs Alwa, Smti Shantabai Vengsarkar, Smti. Tarabai Modak, Smti. Malinibai Kulkarni.

LADY NORTHCOTE HINDU ORPHANAGE

Social Gathering by Vidyarthi Mandal, 4-30 p.m. Chowpatty Rd. D.-B. K. M. Jhaveri presiding.

R. M. B. HIGH SCHOOL

Unveiling of Mahatma's oil portrait by S. K. Patil and address to pupils, Parel.

NATIONAL CONGRESS, GOA

Mass meeting of Goans, Sundrabai Hall, His Worship the Mayor presiding, Hon. Sjt. Vartak to inaugurate session. Speakers: Principal Welinkar, Prof. Moraes and others. Prof. A. Lobo & party will sing national songs.

INDIA CULTURE LEAGUE

At Vanmali Hall, Dadar, 6-30 p.m. Speeches, music and recitations.

EDUCATIONAL FILMS OF INDIA

Educational Film shows at 4, 5 and 6 p.m. for teachers, students and others interested in visual education, respectively, 91 Walkeshwar Road.

HUME MEMORIAL CHURCH

Under auspices of Bombay Pastors' Union, thanksgiving service of all denominations, at Hume Memorial Church, 6 p.m.

JAI HIND COLLEGE (Elphinstone College Bldg.).

Speeches and Songs in the Assembly Hall.

BHAJAN SANGEETH SANGH : Bhajans and Prayers, at Chandra Nivas, Bandra, 9 p.m.

NAGIONAL GUARDS

All volunteers to assemble at Azad Maidan, 7 p.m. with full uniform to attend torch light procession. Instructions will be given theer.

A WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE: Prabhat Feri, from (Bora Bazar St.) office to Bhatia Bag, 5-45 a.m. flag salutation at 7 a.m. by Sardar Pratapsingh. Procession from Ward office at 1-30 p.m., joining the Azad Maidan procession at 3 p.m.

GHATKOPAR CONGRESS COMMITTEE: Prabhat Feri at 6-45 a.m. from Agra Road to Congress camp; Flag salutation at 8 a.m. at Congress Camp by Sri Shantilal Shah; at 8-15 a.m. public meeting at Congress Camp, road binding works 9 a.m. to 11 a.m.; mass spinning 2 p.m. to 3 p.m. at V. C. Gurukul High School, Ladies' meeting, 3 p.m. at Dhanji Doshi Kanyashala; mass drill demonstrations 5 to 7 p.m., Kanyashala compound (also public meetings at Harijan Nivas, Kirol and Vikhroli.

SION-MATUNGA CONGRESS COMMITTEE: President B. N. Maheshwari to give tea party to Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai, 2-30 p.m. at Khalsa College, Matunga.

SANTA CRUZ TALUKA COMMITTEE: 7 a.m. procession from Podar H. School; 8 a.m. flag salutation; 8-30 a.m. public meeting, at Podar H. School; 9 p.m. mass spinning.

TARDEO TALUKA COMMITTEE: 4 p.m. a Sneh Sammelan at Gilder Tank Building, Lamington Road.

CONGRESS SEVIKA DAL: 8 a.m. flag salutation, Gowalia Tank Maidan 1 p.m. opening of Gram Ddyog Store; 3 p.m. procession starts from Azad Maidan to Chowpatty.

C WARD COMMITTEE: 7 a.m. Prabhat Feri from Popatwadi; 8 a.m. flag salutation by Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai, at Gazdar Park, Chira Bazar; 9 p.m. meeting at Lohar Chawl.

CONGRESS VENUE

JAIPUR, Aug. 12 (API): The Sub-Committee appointed for the purpose by the Provisional Reception Committee of the forthcoming Congress session at its meeting today decided that the forthcoming session of the Indian National Congress will take place near the Ambagh Palace between Notidonori and Jhalana railway station, two and a half miles from Jaipur city.

INDEPENDENCE NUMBERS

MARCH—Freedom 1947-48 number is good value for money from the purely quantitative point of view. In these days of acute paper shortage, 48 pages for four annas is generous.

The cartoons in this issue are good. While some articles are interesting, well-written, balanced, there are others which are not. Some contributors seem to be strangely fascinated by sheer length.

The issue contains an article in which the Nizam is alleged to have paid a small present of a hundred thousand pounds to Winston Churchill, to win his support. This makes stunning reading. But bright writing, even sensational writing, need not imply such a strain on the imagination. Besides, to damn the Nizam may be good patriotism now-a-days, but to damn Churchill, is a bit out of date; for, the voluble old gentleman has had his innings, and has now retired into well-earned obscurity.

INDIA—Special Independence Number 32 pages 6 annas. This issue is like the other weekly issues of this journal except that it is twice the usual size and an attempt has been made to provide special articles suitable to the occasion such as those by Messrs. Abid Husain, Pothan Joseph and J. N. Sahni. The most important piece in the issue, however, is an article by Mr. Jayaprakash Narain setting out the stand of the Socialist Party in clear terms. Jayaprakash describes nothing more than the usual democratic procedure when he says that his party is with the Government in times of national danger, internal or external; but they differ on the governance of the country.

The two picture pages on Hyderabad border incidents are revealing. But we regret to say that we cannot compliment the journal on the joke in the letter press to a picture illustrating an article headed: "I lunch with the Governor-General". It is crude.

INDEPENDENCE DAY REMISSIONS

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Government of Bombay has issued orders for the grant of one month's remission to all convicts on AUGUST 15, 1948 in commemoration of the new year of Independence. This remission will be over and above the remission earned under the ordinary rules. Convicts who qualify for release by the grant of this remission will be released on the evening of the 14th August 1948.

IN PAKISTAN

DACCA, Aug. 13 (API): The organising Committee of the Pakistan Independence Day Celebration has rejected the request made on behalf of the District Minority Association that along with recitations from the Holy Quoran, there should be recitations from the Gita and the Bible at the inauguration of the celebrations. The Committee has decided that only Holy Quoran should be recited.

This information was given this morning to a member of the Minority Association by Mr. Habibulla Bahar, Minister for Local Self-Government and Public Health, and Chairman of the Pakistan Independence Day Celebration Committee, when he saw Mr. Bahar.

AIR Special Programme For Tomorrow

NEW DELHI, Aug. 13. (UPI.) The special independence b day programme of A.I.R., Delhi begins with a broadcast to the nation by Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Governor-General of India, at 8-30 p.m. on August 14.

At 7-30 in the morning of August 15, the programme begins with "Jana Gana Mana."

A special feature on the teaching and ideals of Gandhiji will be on the AIR at 7-35. A running commentary on the flag salutation ceremony at the Red Fort will begin at 8-30 a.m. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Sardar Baldev Singh will broadcast to the nation in the evening.

Vocal Music will be presented by Hirabai Barodekar M. S. Subbalakshmi, Krishna Rao Shankar Pandit and Saraswati Rane. Ustad Bandu Khan and Ali Akbar Khan will give instrumental recitals. There will be musical feature-Amar Archana at 9-45 a.m. and a special feature in the series "Nav Bharat" will be broadcast at 8 p.m.

Special programmes for women, children and rural listeners will also be broadcast.

Pan-American Round Trip Fares Cut

NEW YORK, Aug. 13. (UPA.) The Pan-American World Airways today, announced it will slash round trip fares from New York to India, the Middle East, Europe, South and Central Africa on October 1.

President Juan Tripe said the fare cuts are designed to assist the European Recovery Programme by supplying Europe with an increased flow of tourist dollars.

The price reductions, which apply only to round trip fares that touch India, follow:

New York to Calcutta will be 1,233.90 dollars as against the 1,645.20 dollars at present and New York to Karachi will be 1,124.90 dollars as against 1,501.20 dollars.

DANUBE CONFERENCE'S SURPRISE DECISION

BELGRADE, Aug. 13 (Reuter): The Danube Conference today excluded Britain, France and the United States from participation in the future Danube Navigation Control Body.

The General Committee of the eleven-nation Conference accepted by seven votes to three, article five of the Soviet draft Convention limiting the future Commission to one member each from the Soviet Union. Hungary, Yugoslavia. Bulgaria, The Ukraine and Czechoslovakia.

Austria will be able to join after the signing of her peace treaty.

The Committee rejected by the same vote a United States amendment providing for the immediate participation of the Western Powers and Austria in the Commission, and of Germany after the signing of the peace treaty, or earlier, if generally agreed.

Britain and France have been on the Danube Commission since 1856.

"FEARS OF SCALING DOWN UNFOUNDED"

(Continued from Page 1.)

machineries, implements and other war materials, including aeroplanes which were badly needed by India, were sent to Pakistan and why those British officers who were responsible for their transfer should not be brought to book?

CURRENCY RESERVE WITH BANK OF ENGLAND

In conclusion, Mr. B. Das referred to the currency reserve with the Bank of England and asked whether India would continue to keep this reserve even after the nationalisation of the Reserve Bank of India.

Dr Pattabhi Sitharamayya vehemently attacked the Finance Minister and the delegation that had gone to England for not being able to negotiate a more favourable agreement. He wondered why India, being a creditor, should have sent a delegation to England which was debtor country. He said that the failure of the delegation in getting the best deal out of England reminded him of a saying. "If a book, a girl or money goes into anybody else's hands, these can not be recovered".

BARGAIN FOR ENGLAND

As regards the defence materials for which India agreed to pay Rs. 130 crores, these had gone through disposals, and everybody knew that a tin containing goods worth Rs. 1/4/- was sold away by disposal department for one and one-half annas. He asked what was the ratio of the price paid for and what was the ratio of the price received through disposals. He thought that it was very handsome bargain from Britain's point of view as they got one third of the original price for what would otherwise have been mere scrap.

WHY PAY FOR SCRAP?

Dr. Sitharamayya wondered why the Government did not purchase half a dozen of cruisers instead of paying for the scrap and other things. He also did not know whether payment for the cruiser, recently purchased, was made from the sterling reserves.

Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari, who went to London for negotiation as member of the sterling delegation, speaking next said: "I am not asking the House for congratulation for what has been done. It has not been a pleasant job and we do not feel that we have secured any success. The Finance Minister also has said that he was not very pleased with what he has been able to do."

COUNTER-MEASURE TO SCALING DOWN

The speaker said that several members had suggested that the Finance Minister should have asked for clear assurance from Sir Stafford Cripps that the Sterling Balances should not in future be scaled down. He said that it was not at all necessary to do so. Even if the Finance Minister had intended to do so he would have taken objection to it.

He said that members of the House unnecessarily felt nervous about possible scaling down. Even if it came, Mr. Krishnamachari maintained, India had enough resources in India in the form of British assets, to offset any scaling down. If a contigency arose he was sure the Indian Government would not hesitate to freeze all the British assets in India and thus make up the loss for sealing down.

Before Mr. Krishnamachari could finish, the House adjourned for lunch.

Continuing after lunch Mr. Krishnamachari said that members in the House asked why did they not liquidate foreign assets in India. They did not realise that now India was an independent country and free to shape its foreign and economic policies according to its will.

QUESTION OF PENSIONS

As regards the question of pensions, Mr. Krishnamachari said that he was personally in favour of arriving at a settlement once for all to get rid of the liability. This would have saved the touble of keeping separate secretariat for this purpose.

As regards general release, Mr. Krishnamchari said that he did not feel happy but now that 160 millions had been secured for the next three years, they should impress upon the Government here and now that these should be utilised properly.

As regards multi-lateral convertibility, Mr. Krshnamachari said that it was good that Belgium was a hard currency area because India had a surplus trade with Belgium as this surplus would add to her dollar requirements.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa severely criticised the delegation for the manner in which they had handled the question of a release of sterling balance and settlement of other outstanding issues.

Mr. Sidhwa charged the Government for their failure to utilise the sterling that was made available last year in getting capital goods, which British industrialists agreed to give as the Finance Minister revealed yesterday.

WRONG APPROACH

Mr. Ananthaswamy Ayyangar criticising the negotiations by the delegation said that the whole approach was wrong. The delegation, he added had in mind what British could give instead of what India wanted. Regarding the purchase of military stores left in India Mr. Ayyangar doubted whether the amount paid was correct.

Regarding arrangements made for paying pensions, Mr. Ayyangar observed that the current approach should have been to pay off India's liability in this respect from the interest and not from the capital.

Mr. B. K. Keskar supporting the demand said that the delegation had done their best in the circumstances.

Mr. Ajit Prasad Jain also supported the demand in spite of many loopholes in the agreement.

"PRODUCE DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCES"

Pandit Lakshmi Kanta Maitra however, felt differently and asked the Finance Minister to produce all the documentary evidences which, he said, would prove that the question of sterling balances had been given the good bye. He said that if by any chance Mr. Churchill came to poyer after three years, he would surely effect this scaling down of sterling balances unless categorical statement to the contrary was received from the British Government.

Pandit Moitra oberved that if the delegation would have arranged some preliminary conferences with different interests of the country, they would have gauzed their opinions and accordingly planned their negotiations.

CHETTY'S REPLY

Replying to the debate on the sterling balances, Mr. Shanmukham Chetty, Finance Minister, said that he had been in public life for more than a quarter of a century and he was used to hear criticisms. He was not the least perturbed of the adverse criticism in the House. The Finance Minister added that some of those were actuated by motives to create difficulties for the Government. He quoted the speech of Mr. Z. H Lari in this connection. Some criticism was based on the difference in the ideology of approach to the problem. Mr. Sitbanial Saxena and Prof. K. T. Shah were in that category, Mr. Chetty remarked. The rest of the criticism, he said, was readily due to the apprehension on the part of the members of the House to see that the interest of India was safeguarded and their apprehension was readily enhanced, leading sometimes to confusion, on account of misunderstanding of the highly technical nature of the subject.

The Finance Minister also observed that some members started criticism that the members of the Delegation were more influenced by the difficulties of Great Britain and not alive to the sacrifices of India in the past. Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar made pointed reference to this. Mr. Chetty remarked.

INDIA'S CLAIM

The Finance Minister observed that generally what transpired in the course of a negotiation were not divulged. But he thought it would not be violation of international etiquette if he divulged to the House that at the preliminary meetings with the British Chancelleor of the Exchequer the Finance Minister repeatedly told him that these balances had accumulated on the sacrifices of the 400 million people of India and as such India was entitled to have the full amount of the Sterling Balances in her hour of need.

"INDIA STRUCK GREAT BARGAIN"

Coming to stores and installations, the Finance Minister said that had not India acquired these stores and equipments from Great Britain, the Hon. Members did not realise that India would not have able to fight in Kashmir.

She would not have got the much-needed arms and ammunitions. Many members held, he continued, that whatever India got were obsolete and unusable. He said that they did not realise that India struck a great bargain in agreeing to take those stores and paying the amount as they agreed.

The Finance Minister added that upto March last, the Government of India realised by sale of goods Rs. 18 crores and had not the Industries Ministry put an embargo on the sale of these goods, India would have got during the course of the year at least Rs. 20 crores more.

Mr. Chetty further remarked that he tried to meet all the criticism made by the members of the House. As regards the general release of sterling, he maintained that if properly utilised, India could build her economy on a sound basis during the next three years.

PREPARING FOR THE WORST

He informed the House that the Reserve Bank was at present engaged in assessing the valuation of British assets in India and assured that if the eventtuality arose, the Government would not hesitate to freeze these assets to make up the loss sustained in their sterling accumulation.

The House passed the two grants. The sole dissentient voice to say 'No' was that of Prof. K. T. Shah.

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ON THE SILVER SCREEN

"SHAHEED"

Film Of "Quit India" Struggle At Roxy

Filmistan's latest picture "Shaheed," which was released last Saturday at the Roxy, continues to draw crowds of enthusiastic spectators.

"Shaheed" is an inspiring picture of patriotism dealing with some phases of the nation's fight for freedom during the "Quit India" struggle of 1942. Full of romantic and soul stirring situations, the picture carries a great message for India's rising generation the future citizens of this great sub-continent.

The picture shows how India's freedom was won and what it cost to those who struggled for it, including thousands of lives of promising young men who gave up all their mundane aspirations and personal ambitions in order that their motherland may be free from the alien rule.

Inspiring songs and impressive dialogues are interspersed throughout the picture, whose appeal is further enhanced by the charming performance of Kamini Kaushal, Leela Chitnis, Dilipkumar and Chandramohan.

"SATI VIJAYA"

Premiere Of Mythological Film At Krishna

Ramayan has provided ample material for screen stories time and again. A touching episode from this epic has been brought to the screen in M. and K. Productions' new offering 'Sati Vijaya' which is having its premiere at Krishna today.

This episode revolves round Sulochana, daughter of a serpent king who was married to Indrajit son of Ravan the Lord of Lanka. It shows how in spite of all adverse circumstances she remained pious and faithful and proved herself to be a great Sati. The story incidentally recounts Hanuman's visit to Lanka, the burning of Lanka, the building of bridge between India and Ceylon, the war, the death of Indrajit and the final sacrifice of Sulochana.

Ratnamala plays the role of Sulochana, the other important roles being played by Kishore Kumar, Suryakant Chatterji and Kanta Kumari Produced on lavish scale by Keki Damania and Minoo Sethna, it has been directed by K. J. Parmar of 'Prakash' fame.

SHOBHARANI in the role of an aboriginal girl is starred with Mahipal in Rajkamal's "Banwasi".

'BAGHDAD KA CHOR'

Arabian Nights Tale In Technicolor

Men, women and children of all classes in the city have discovered an entrancing entertainment that they can all enjoy equally. It is an Arabian fairy tale come to life, a story unequalled for its fascination, a sumptuous feast to the eye and ear "Baghdad Ka Chor", the first Hindi-Urdu technicolor to come to the city is a pictorial narrative rich in colour and contents, replete with mighty spectacles of medieval Baghdad and Basrah, with intriguing scenes of fights, chase, escape, romance, torture, suspense and hair-raising magic!

Old and young alike are spell bound as they follow the adventures of the boy thief (played by the world-famous Indian star of Hollywood, Sabu) as he steals, gets caught and jailed, makes friend with a kingly fellow-prisoner, escapes, cruises down the river, helps his friend meet the princess of Basrah, gets caught again and turns into a dog at the hands of a wicked magician! The breath-taking episodes in which Sabu regains his human form and starts on another series of adventures, like meeting a towering giant, flying through space on the giant's back and then later on the magic carpet, destroying the magician on the soaring horse, evoke storms of applause from the spectators, most of whom feel that they can never have enough of this wizard show!

"PADMINI"

Musical Hit At Majestic

The versatile director, Wali Saheb has presented to movie-fans a good musical and a resoundingly successful show in 'Padmini," which is running to crowded houses at the Majestic in its 3rd week. Ashok Kumar and Mumtaz Shanti are jointly starred in this picture, with Mumtaz Ali shining bright in his own light.

Ashok, the hero, has to desert Padmini, the heroine, when he learns from her mouth that she was engaged. That she was engaged, was a fact which the hero takes in other light being so sentimental as to miss the joke which his beloved had played. With this central situation and its opportunity for misunderstanding the film gets under way providing tuneful and tingling array of sweet melodies and attractive dances. The net result is a super musical.

"BANWASI"

Aboriginals On The Screen

Stated to be strikingly different from most other social pictures, Rajkamal's new offering "Banyasi" will have its premiere at New West End on Thursday 19th inst.

Based on R.W. Dighe's prize-winning novel, "Banwasi" claims to present a true-to-life story of love, passion, hate, jealousy and pride of the one of "backward tribes", who are denied, on one hand, the education and one of other amenities of the civilised and, on the other, the necessities of life like food and shelter. In different provinces, these tribes are known by different names, like Bhils, Nagas, Warli Santhal, Kirat and Adivasis.

This is the story of Kirats and their customs and their manners. Their songs and dances woven into an engrossing dramatic pattern and presented against the fascinating background of colourful Nature. Most of the picture was shot on location, and thus in richness of outdoor scenery and its intrinsic beauty "Banwasi" will be an outstanding attraction. The colourful costumes, the enchanting songs and dances further brighten this realistic portrayal of their life.

Shobharani, a newcomer, plays the principal role as the Banwasi girl; Gyani, Mahipal, Vishwas and Sushanta are cast in other stellar roles; Ram Gangoti has given the music, Narendra Sharma has written the songs and dialogues of "Banwasi" which has been directed by Chandrashekhar.

GITA VEDI, Star of "Karwat", journalist Chopra's maiden venture.

LEFT: Asok Kumar and Mumtaj Shanti, in a scene from "Padmini".

RIGHT: Khurshid (Jr.), star of "Bichhade Balam".

"MAJBOOR"

Heading Towards Silver Jubilee

"Majboor", the Bombay Talkies picture, which is running into its 21st week, all houses literally going packed at the Kamal Talkies, is definitely heading towards its silver jubilee It has besides its able cast, a powerful story, full of suspense and dramatic elements, which appeals to all types of audiences.

BRIGHT FUTURE FOR INDO-BRITISH TRADE

U. K. Commissioner Presents Facts & Figures For Past Year

BOMBAY, Aug. 13 (API): India's share of the total British exports was being maintained at the 1938 level and even increased in certain directions, according to figures of trade between the United Kingdom and India, made available by H. M. Trade Commissioner in Bombay.

These figures showed that in 1947, taking visible trade only, 43 per cent of imports into Britain from India were paid for by exports of Capital goods, as compared with 18 per cent of imports into Britain from all countries. Exports from Britain of Capital goods to India represented 43 per cent of the total exports to this country, compared with an average of 27 per cent to all other countries and 28 per cent as a proportion of total exports from Britain. Twelve per cent of British Capital goods went to India in 1947. The next highest recipients were South Africa (8.7 per cent) and Australia (5.3 per cent). No other country received above 5 per cent from Britain. Exports of machinery from the U.K. to India represented 17 per cent. The next highest recipients from that country were South Africa (8 per cent), U.S.S.R. (5.8 per cent) including U.N.R.R.A.) and Australia (5.9 per cent).

Two concrete examples of increase in trade with India were that of iron and steel and their manufactures the exports from Britain of which to British India amounted to £3, 711,866 and £5, 172,698 for 1946 and 1947 respectively, compared to £3, 249, 282 in 1938. Similarly, exports of electrical goods and apparatus in 1946 and 1947 were £4, 615, 537 and £6,737,763 respectively, compared with £1,485.467 in 1938.

The declared value of imports into Britain from the Dominion of India for the two months ended February, 1948, was £14,072,847. Exports from the U.K. to India for the same period were placed at £ 13,559,949 and re-exports at £85,460.

These figures represent India as the largest customer of Britain for Capital goods during this period. In 1947 she took a normal percentage of total British Capital goods exports, but a smaller proportion of other goods. The proportion of Capital goods of total British exports to India was 43 per cent., compared with 30 per cent. Before the war, and an average of 33 per cent. To all other countries now. As the volume of British exports of Capital goods in 1947 was greatly above that in 1938, the fact that India took her previous percentage of this total (by value) meant that she took a considerably increased volume.

Mr. J. W. Stoodley, the U. K. Trade Commissioner,who gave these figures said that they reflected the keen interest of U.K. manufacturers in the Indian market, and augured well for future Indo-British trade.

Development Of Sailing Vessel Traffic

The Committee appointed by the Government of India in Ministry of Commerce to examine and report on the steps necessary to ensure the fullest utilisation of sailing vessels (Country Crafts) has commenced its work and a Questionnaire is being sent to all interested bodies for eliciting their views and suggestions. Any individual, firm or association, directly or indirectly concerned with the development of this traffic is requested to contact the Secretary of the Committee, 100, Frere Road, Bombay 9, with a view to assist the Committee in examining the problem in all its aspects.

Tata Iron & Steel Company

The Tata Iron and Steel Company Limited state that there is no truth in the report published in certain newspapers and journals to the effect that the Company has applied to the Government of India for a loan of about Rs. 20 crores for the modernisation and expansion of the plant.

AVERAGE WHOLESALE PRICES OF CEREAL FOODGRAINS

The Index Numbers of the wholesale prices of the main cereal foodgrains which had been rising since January 1948, declined from 267 at the end of June to 258 in the third week of July. The Government Relief Shops which started functioning on an extensive scale during July 1948 have not only arrested the normal tendency of prices to rise at this time of the year, but have actually resulted in a downward trend in foodgrain prices.

The following table gives the average wholesale prices of main cereals and their Index Numbers in the Province of Bombay. (Prices are per Bengal Maund):

	Rice	Wheat	Jowar	Bajri	Combined Index.
Pre-Decontrol	Rs. As. Ps. 12-6-1 (100)	Rs. As. Ps. 11-12-2 (100)	Rs. As. Ps. 7-0-5 (100)	Rs. As. Ps. 7-6-7 (100)	(100)
Average for April '48.	32-14-11 (266)	28-13-0 (245)	12-10-4 (180)	15-7-10 (209)	(232)
Average for May '48.	35-6-6 (286)	29-6-5 (250)	13-11-3 (195)	16-2-6 (218)	(247)
Average for June '48.	37-10-2 (304)	29-15-10 (255)	14-8-8 (207)	16-15-7 (229)	(260)
On 3-7-48.	38-12-0 (313)	30-11-2 (261)	14-13-2 (211)	17-4-4 (233)	(267)
On 10-7-48.	38-12-0 (313)	30-7-4 (259)	14-10-11 (209)	17-3-2 (232)	(266)
On 17-7-48.	38-2-1 (308)	30-3-7 (257)	14-7-7 (206)	16-15-7 (229)	(262)
On 24-7-48.	37-6-3 (302)	29-14-0 (254)	14-4-2 (203)	16-12-0 (226)	(258)

SUN'S HEAT RESPONSIBLE FOR EXPLOSION

LUDWIGSHAFEN, August 11 (Reuter): The sun's heat detonating an either solution in a railway tanker caused the recent explosion at the I.G. Farben Works in Ludwigshaien which killed more than 200 Germans, the German News Agency DPD said today, quoting the French authorities.

According to this latest official version, the tanker explosion spread to other stores of Chloride, tricholoride and benzol, all highly inflammable.

The French authorities denied rumours that war material was being manufactured at the works.

Fakir Of Ipi's 'Accomplices' Jailed

(Feom Our Correspondent)
KARACHI, Aug. 12

According to a report in the "Dawn" eleven persons recently arrested at Bannu on the charge of being accomplices of the Fakir of Ipi have been sentenced to three years imprisonment each.

AMMAN, Aug. 12 (Reuter): Transjordan and Saudi Arabia, two of the seven Arab League states, agreed today to exchange diplomatic relations for the first time in their history.

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Indus Floods Threaten Larkana

SHIKARPUR POPULATION ORDERED TO EVACUATE

KARACHI, August 13, (API): Shikarpur, Sind's third biggest town with a population of 40,000, is now threatened by floods and orders for evacuation of the population to Jacobabad have been given, according to the latest reports reaching here, writes an A.P.I. correspondent from Sukkur who is touring the flood-affected areas.

The flood water is still flowing unchecked from the one thousand feet wide breach in the Sukkur—Begari "bund" which was breached on Sunday last.

The flood waters are reported to have come within three miles of Shikarpur and have surrounded Garhi Yasin about 18 miles from Sukkur.

Orders for the shifting of Government records from Garhi Yasin have been given.

The flood water has now advanced well into Larkana District and has cut the Larkana—Ratodero road and flooded Nowdero Railway Station. Larkana town and Mirokhan are both in danger of being flooded for the water line is only about twelve miles from Larkana.

Canal Cut At Many Points To Relieve Pressure

KARACHI, August 12, (API): The floods in Sukkur and Garhi Yasin talukas have spread further today. The breach in the "bund" has been checked at a width of 500 feet and the discharge may increase during next day or two. Efforts to close the breach continue, stated a Press Note of the Sind Government.

The flood water has moved along the north-western perennial canal to the west of Ruk. The bank of the canal was overtopped at several places near the village of Amrot in Garhi Yasin taluka. To relieve the pressure, the canal has been cut at several points in this neighbourhood and flood water is now flowing westwards to the south of the main canal along the Jam Pario Dhoro. The water has, therefore, reached a point about 18 miles from the breach.

The banks of the Sindwah and Mangalwah canals are being strengthened as precautionary defence lines for the towns of Shikarpur and Garhi Yasin — in case the volume of flood water should greatly increase owing to the rise in the river and so threaten these towns.

There are two breaches in the rice canal one at Madeji in Garhi Yasin taluka and the other at Naueero in Ratodero taluka. The latter is comparatively serious and flood water has reached the village of Garhi Khudabaksh about four miles from the canal. Efforts have been made to close this breach and to reduce the heavy flow of water in the canal by cuts at suitable points.

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India And Holy See

Delegate Presents Credentials

NEW DELHI, August 12, (API): In the atmosphere of the democratic freedom which India's constitution guaranteed to all citizens, those great principles of the country's foremost leaders, were indeed a meeting ground for the Holy See and the Government of India," declared Archbishop Leo P. Kierkels, Apostolic Internuncio in India, after presenting his credentials to the Governor-General of India here this afternoon.

In a statement he said:— The establishment of diplomatic relations between India and Holy See, rendered fully effective by the presentation of my credential letters to the Governor-General today, is a memorable event for us Catholics, not only in this country but all over the world. Such relations are based on principles common to the high parties concerned: and without entering into other details of what India and Holy See may have in common, I may mention India's programme of social uplift and justice for the masses, the great moral ideal of Mahatma Gandhi, the supremacy of moral law in national international intercourse and the importance of personal integrity in public life, both advocated so eloquently and fittingly by India's illustrious Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru. On those basic requirements of justice and peace the Holy See and especially the Sovereign Pontiff also insists pressingly and frequently.

"In the atmosphere of the democratic freedoms which India's constitution guarantees to all citizens, those great principles of the country's foremost leaders are indeed a meeting ground for the Holy See and the General, whose kindness and courtesy happy to represent the Holy See in this far-famed land and I find additional pleasure in the providential circumstance that I have presented my credential letters to such an eminent person as India's present Governor-General, whose kindness and courtesy I had occasion to appreciate years ago in Madras and who has again been so exceptionally kind on this occasion. May God bless India and her distinguished leaders."

CHOLERA TAKING HEAVY TOLL IN PATNA

PATNA, August 12 (API): Forty-six cholera cases were admitted into Patna General Hospital till 7.20 p.m. tonight. The situation still remains serious. Lectures in the Medical College have been suspended since yesterday to enable the students to lend a helping hand in fighting the epidemic.

The figures of actual seizure and deaths have not yet been officially released Over 400 cases were admitted to hospital during the last few days and the number of deaths inside and outside the hospital is reported to be very heavy.

Several persons while being removed to hospital for admission are reported to have died on the way. According to unconfirmed reports, at least 150 persons died of cholera during the last four days.

Pessimism Over Moscow Talks

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Aug. 12: A feeling of pessimism over Moscow talks appears today as the two sides are believed to be maintaining their well-known attitudes leading almost to deadlock. Though negotiations have not broken down, general settlement in terms of the establishment of a Central German Government and ending of military occupation are out of question but it is yet possible that the Soviet blockade may be lifted and a Quadripartite Conference called which may evolve arrangements by which opposing parties may live for few years on divided Germany. It is the Four Power "modus vivendi" that is being sought by disputants in Moscow.

Recognition Of Korea

TRUMAN NOMINATES AMBASSADOR

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13, (Reuter): The United States extended de facto recognition last night to the Korean Government formed in South Korea.

The Korean National Assembly representing people of American occupied Southern Korea was elected in May. Doctor Syngman Rhee was inaugurated as President of the Republic on July 24. Russian occupied Northern Korea has its own Government.

President Truman has nominated Mr. John J. Muccio as Special Representative with personal rank of Ambassador to new Government.

State Department said that the Seoul Government was entitled to be regarded as Government of Korea as envisaged by United Nations General Assembly resolutions of November 14 last year. It is hoped that people of North (Russian occupied) Korea will be free in due course to assume their rightful role in Seoul Government the statement said.

Those people had been prevented from participating in elections of May 10 by refusal of Soviet Union to permit implementation of the General Assembly's resolution calling for the elections in its occupation zone, the statement added.

The Statement said that Ambassador Muccio would be sent to Seoul after consideration by General Assembly at its forthcoming session of report of United Nations Temporary Commission on Korea.

He would be authorised to carry on negotiations with the Seoul Government in consultation with the Commission for further implementation of United Nation resolutions calling for establishment of a National Government.

The United States has informed Britain as signatory of the Cairo Joint Declaration on Korea of December 1, 1943 and the eight countries of United Nations Commission on Korea of its action.

Those countries are China, Philippines, Syria, India, Australia, Canada, France, and El Salvador.

China's Recognition

NANKING, August 12— The Chinese Foreign Minister Wang Shih Chien, announced last night that China's Provisional Government had also decided to recognise the independent Korean Government as elected and formed under United Nations auspices.

Doctor Liuyuwan has been appointed China's diplomatic representative in Korea with rank of Ambassador he said.

Doctor Wang added that China's recognition was provisional pending discussion of report of United Nations Temporary Commission on Korea at next General Assembly.

"In spite of defeat of Japan the realisation of Korea's independence has been much delayed" Doctor Wang said.

United Nations Temporary Commission on Korea had fulfilled its assignment in assisting the birth of a truly democratic Korean Government and the Chinese Government deemed it both her right and obligation to establish immediate relations with Government of Korea.

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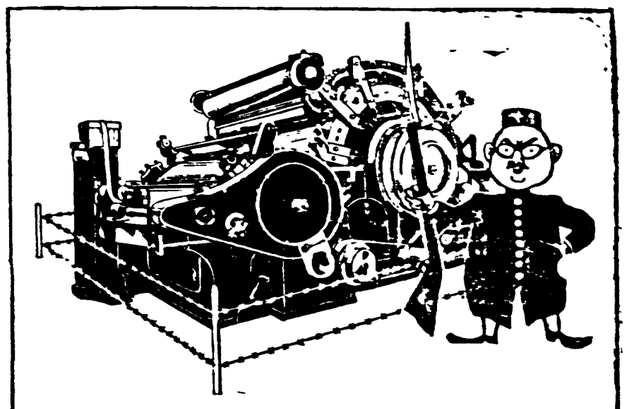
ELLORE. (W. G. Dist.).



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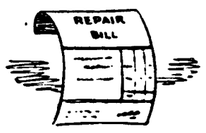

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MAJORITY VOTE FOR PRICE CONTROL

Advocate More Production & Stern Action Against Black-Marketing

BOMBAY CITIZENS' VIEW

That the Government should control the prices of cloth, food and coal is the opinion of more than 70 per cent. of the citizens of Bombay. This was revealed in a survey conducted by Bureau of Commercial Intelligence & Statistics, Bombay. In an attempt to elucidate suggestions to bring down prices without controlling them, most of our respondents gave more than two suggestions. More production, be it in coal, cloth or food, scored highest in the list of suggestions, followed by heavy punishment for 'black market operations' and 'open fair price shops'

QUESTIONAIRE

The following are the list of questions and an analysis of the answers:

QUESTION 1: Do you think that Government should control the price of cloth?

Yes	No	No opinion
71 p.c.	25 p.c.	4 p.c.

QUESTION II: Do you think that Government should control the price of foodgrains?

Yes	No	No opinion
78%	18%	4%

QUESTION III: Do you think that Government should control the price of coal?

Yes	No	No opinion
74%	21%	5%

PUNISH BLACK MARKETING

That the citizens seem to be very well informed on the subject of controls there can be no doubt, as only a very low percentage of people had no opinion on the subject. Though controls are advocated by an overwhelming majority, it is obvious that the pinch is felt when the control of foodgrains is discussed as will be evident from the 78 per cent. people who advocate control of foodgrains.

Another question posed was "What do you think Government should do to lower prices without controlling them?" Though this question has been meant to elucidate the public thinking in respect of suggestions that they can make to lower the prices without controlling them the fact that the 22 per cent advocate heavy punishment for black-marketing is at once a pointer towards the current marketing practices which need to be stamped out drastically. The most sensible approach to the problem is 'more production' as 24 per cent. advocate it as a remedy to lower the prices. 'Open fair price shops' scored 20 ptr cent.

The following is a detailed analysis of suggestions made:

More production	24p.c.
Heavy punishment for black-marketing	22 p.c.
Open fair price shops	20 p.c.
More transport facilities	13 p.c.
More imports	9 p.c.
Others	8 p.c.
Exhibit prices	4 p.c.

OTHER SUGGESTIONS

Among others are suggestions to train the public in austerity, nationalise the basic industries and stop issue of further currency.

It may be interesting to record the highlights from the comments received.

"The delay due to red-tapism should be avoided in meeting out rigorous punishments to the profiteers."

"Laws be promulgated to enable Government to freeze all available stocks in the market at any time when required, giving adequate reason for their impartial action".

"A dealer, found to be creating artificial high prices, should not be allowed to remain open to do business."

"Want of thransport is holding us up at present. Linking up major markets with the system of well built roads will be the most important asset of "Government both from the civil and military point of view. This work should receive priority over all other like the urgency wartime measures."

"It is mainly in the hands of individuals to forbear buying anything unless absolutely necessary. This I know is hard to enforce because most people, even the humble workers, have more money to spend today than they had in prewar days."

"Use more transport, and for local purposes, some of the ex-army trucks or lorries that are still lying rotting in various dumps throughout India."

"Government should abolish the intermediary system and arrange to purchase the consumers' goods directly from the manufacturers or producers."

"Government have to strengthen and harness its investigation machinery to the detection of all sources of supply".

Whatever may be the experience of the Central Government or the Provincial Governments from the working of controls and whatever may be the policies the Government are considering, before following a new scheme, here is what the citizens of Bombay think and what they have to say.

To obtain an accurate picture of the views of Bombay citizens on the subject of controls, a cross section of the informed and responsible citizens was polled by mail and by personal interviews. These results in the light of Government's present plans, go to prove that the public thinking is right as otherwise no democratic Government would sponsor any move contrary to public opinion.

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Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER
NEW YORK, Aug. 13.

Previous Closing	31.30
Today's Opening	31.20
Diference	—10
Today's Closing	31.16
Difference	—10

LAST QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, Aug. 13.

	Rs.	As.
Silver Bullion FFrward	16	1
Gold Forward	112	7
Sovereign	74	12
EXPECTATION:		
Cotton Jarila Sept.	Rs. 569	0

NEW YORK STOCKS
NEW YORK, Aug. 13.

New York Stock Exchange Opening prices:

Anaconda Copper Mining 36
General Motors unquoted.
United States Steel Common 76-3 8
United States Steel Preference unquoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, August 13 (Reuter): Trading in London stock-exchange was almost at a standstill today.

Some slight interest was displayed in British Government stocks which moved higher by one-sixteenth per cent.

In the industrial section, Tobacco shares showed occasional dullness following the announcement that supplies of tobacco to retailers would be cut by four to five per cent. Other industrials were neglected and registered some small declines.

Overnight steadiness on Wall Street imparted a firmer trend to international stocks. Nickels were a half-point higher at 54.

Movements in oils amounted to a few Pence only and were confined to second grade issues. Leaders remained steady but idle.

South African mining shares met with an early demand from Johannesburg. With the drying-up of these orders, however, prices eased and small losses were shown on day.

So ended a quiet week in markets generally with developments in the international situation still veiled by news blackout.

HAPUR MARKET RATES

HAPUR August 13

Yesterday's closing sliver 165/ gold 111 gur fagun 9.15 6 today's silver forward 165/2 opened 164.9 touched 164 8 quietly steady gold foward 111/4 opened 111/ touched 111.4 gur ready 14/ fagun 9.15.6 opened 9.15.6 touched 9/15 highest 10/1 cruptal sugar ex-mill 35/8 ready 37 8 Khandsari 28/ to 35/ bardana ready 108/8 ready 115/8 asuj 104/ October 114/ wheat 23/ to 21/ gram 13/2 barley 12/8 peas 12/8 arhar 12/5 moong 18/12 urd-19/8; sarson 25 mustard oil 67/ oilcake 8/2 cottonseed 13/ to 14/8 groundnut 16 oats 9/4.

CALICUT MARKET.
CALICUT, Aug. 13.

Coiryarn Beypore 135/145; Quilandy 145/155; Fibre Garbled 105; Ungarbled 95; Cocoanuts Raw 112/8; Dry 155; Cocoanut Oil 465; Copra Office 315; Dilpasand 325; Madrasnottam 325; Pepper -Wynaad 1400; Country 1360; Dry Ginger Chernad 455; Ernad 440; Coffee Robusta 155, Tumber Pali 45/60, Junglewood 20/30; Vellapine 40/50; Benteak 40/50; Teak 80/120; Mango 3/4; Teak 10/20; Rose Wood 10/15.

LONDON PEPPER QUIET, SINGAPORE UNCHANGED.

LONDON, Aug. 12 (U. P. A.): The pepper market remained quiet today with Singapore unchanged despite increased activity in New York.

Calcutta Stock Exchange Steady With Fair Turnover

CALCUTTA Aug. 13 (API): The market continued its steadier notes round all sections and a fair turnover took place. Following are todays final transactions upto 1.45 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: three per cent loan 1986 99/7 three per cent loan 1949/52 101/- three per cent loan 1951/54 102/8/6 three per cent loan 1959/61 102/2 three percent loan 1953/55 102/11 three per cent.

BANKS: Calcutta National Bank 15/8 Hindustan Commercial Bank 27/8 Reserve Bank 113/8.

COTTONS: Basanti 10/6 Bengal Nagpore Cotton 30/1 Cawnpore Textiles 11/13 Elgin Mills 58/8 Miur Mills 350/-.

COALS: Bengal 445/- Cumdivslot Bhalgora 9/6 Burrakur 21/- Central India 7/3 Dhemo Main 14/- Nazira 8/6 Raneegunge 16/13 Standard 16/10 South Karanpura 23/10 Western Bengal 5/10.

JUTES: Barnagore 291/- Belvedere 300/- Slotcraig 15/2 Delta 263/- Howran 30/5 Reliance 28/8.

MININGS: Burma Corp 3/5 Indian Copper 2/9.

ENGINEERINGS: Burn and Co. ordy 290/- Jessop and Co. 18/9 Indian Iron 25/15 Kumardhubi Eng. 9/2 Steel Corp 21/8 Textile machinery 8/6.

MISCELLANEOUS: Sone Valley Crop 21/8 Textiles machinery 8/8. Cement 8/1 Alkali and Chemicals 16/2, Indian Alluminium 181 Slots Jardine Heudenson 170/- National Tobacco 22/4 Rohtas Industry 8/9 Bengal Paper 38/- S. Lot Shree Gopal Paper 10/4 Titagnur Paper 51/5 Midnapore Zemindary 88/- Assam Saws 6/5 Bengal Assam Steamship 203/- India Steamship 11/5.

SUGARS: Carew and Co. 8/13

TEAS: Bishnauth 49/12 Dufflaghur 29/8 Ethelbari 12/8 Hantapara 358/- Jayrirpara 48/8 Paharpoomiah 430/- S Lot Terpore ordy 26/8.

WOOL TOPS CLOSE STEADY UP 60 TO 90.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12, (U. P. A.): Wool tops closed steady up 60 to 90. August was quoted at 181.5 nom. October was quoted at 182—184. December was quoted at 185—186.

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TRADE & FINANCE

CONSISTENT RISE IN SCHEDULED BANKS' BALANCES

Imperial's Investment Portfolio Up

TEXTILE SHARES SUFFER SETBACK

(From Our Special Correspondent)
BOMBAY, Aug. 13.

MONEY

Conditions in the short-term money market reflected little change as compared with the past few weeks, interbank call being quoted at 1 4 per cent Three months' deposits were placeable at 3/4 per cent and six months' upto 1½ per cent. Against this week's sale of Treasury Bills, the amount offered totalled Rs. 9.65 crores, out of which Rs. 6 crores were accepted at Rs. 0-8-0 per cent as compared with Rs. 0-7-10 per cent last week. As an index to the prevailing easiness in the money market may be mentioned the consistent rise in the scheduled banks' balances with the Reserve Bank, which rose from Rs. 78 crores to Rs. 112 crores during the course of July, whereas their advances in India showed a fall of Rs. 28 crores from Rs. 434 crores to Rs. 406 crores during the same period.

The weekly statements of the Reserve Bank of India for the period ended 6th August reveals a rise of Rs. 5.76 crores in the notes in circulation due probably to beginning of the month disbursement with a corresponding decline in the notes held in the Banking Department. This is the first rise since the decline started in the middle of June this year. It may be noted here that the note circulation declined since the second week of June by as much as Rs. 58 crores. Government deposits have risen by Rs. 1.54 crores during the week, whilst those of the scheduled banks have dropped by Rs. 7.40 crores. Balances held abroad show an increase of Rs. 4.61 crores.

The statement of affairs of the Imperial Bank of India for the week ended 6th August shows a sharp rise of Rs. 6.47 crores in deposits and a decline of Rs. 1.02 crores in advances. The Bank's investment portfolio is up by Rs. 6.88 crores and in consequence the cash holding of the Bank has risen only by Rs 71 lakhs

GILT-EDGEDS

Barring some enquiry in 3 per cent 1986 conversion loan which hardened from Rs. 99-3 to Rs. 99-6 during the course of the week, the rest of the market experienced a complete lull with prices tending slightly downwards The volume of trading was inclined to be very small. 2½ per cent 1961 loan was quoted lower at Rs. 97-4 and 2-3/4 per cent 1960 loans at Rs. 100-4. 3 per cent 1949-52 loans moved further down to Rs. 101-1. 3 per cent 1957-54 loan tapered off to Rs. 102-10, 3 per cent 1957 victory loan to Rs. 102-9 and 3 per cent 1959-61 loan to Rs. 102-3. 3 per cent 1963-65 loan was quoted at Rs. 101-1 and 3 per cent 1966-68 loan at Rs. 100-8. Other loans remained neglected.

EXCHANGE

There were no significant features to report in the rupee-sterling exchange market which continued steady though dull. For interbank business, sellers of spot TT on London quoted 1s. 5-13/32d. and buyers 1s. 6d. Merchant rates fixed by the Exchange Banks' Association were unchanged from last week.

In New York, the sterling-dollar cross-rate kept almost stationary around $4.03 for spot and $4.01-3/4 for forward.

GOLD

Prices in the gold section of the bullion market tended to harden owing to a steady depletion of stocks and the emergence of a small demand for ready. Forward business, however, was almost at a standstill as there were few sellers, the stocks being well held. Ready gold, which was quoted at Rs. 111-8 at the opening, steadily went up to Rs. 113-9 on Thursday and closed at Rs. 112-11. The premium on ready gold widened from 8 annas to as much as one rupee at the close. The quotation for sovereigns also moved up from Rs. 74-4 to Rs. 75 in sympathy with gold. Floating stocks of gold are estimated at 50,000 tolas. The average daily arrivals are said to be 4,000 tolas and the offtake is stated to have averaged 5,000 tolas a day. The highest and lowest rates touched were Rs. 113-9 and Rs. 111-8 for spot and Rs. 112-10 and Rs. 111 for forward.

SILVER

Thoroughly listless conditions prevailed in the silver section with very little activity going on. Trading in the two unofficial markets was reported to have been suspended and operators in the official market were also hesitant to enter into new business owing to fears of a squeeze on the termination of the present contract period. Ready silver, therefore, moved within a narrow groove, the quotation fluctuating between Rs. 176-10 and Rs. 176-1 during the week. Settlement silver was quoted at a discount varying between 6 and 12 annas. Floating stocks of the while metal are estimated at 7,000 bars and the average daily offtake is reported to be 45 bars. In the overseas markets, both the London and the New York silver quotations remained pegged at 45d. and 74-5/8 cents respectively. The highest and lowest rates touched were Rs. 176-10 and Rs. 176-1 for spot and Rs. 176-2 and Rs. 175-9 for forward.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT SILVER

In the Dominion Parliament, in reply to a question on Tuesday the 10th instant, the Finance Minister revealed that the Government of India's stock of silver before the war was 185 million ozs. held partly in India and partly in London. The quantity physically transferred from India to London during the war was 63 million ozs. and the silver so transferred was put to sale in Britain. Total quantity of silver sold in London was 152 million ozs. at rates varying between 17-3/4d. and 23½d. per standard oz. The total amount realised from these sales was Rs. 21.4 crores and the Government had suffered a loss of over Rs 5 crores in these transaction The silver was sold once for all and there was no question of its repatriation

SHARES

After a dull opening, prices on the stock exchange, more particularly of textiles, suffered a setback on speculative selling and closed at the lowest

Tata Defds., which were traded in around Rs. 1645 early in the week, receded in sympathy with the cotton mill section and closed at Rs 1617-8. Ordinaries likewise tapered down from Rs. 319-8 to Rs 310-8. In the textile section, buyers were cautious and with sellers pressing, prices of most of the popular scrips lost considerable ground; Bombay Dyeings moved down from Rs. 1070 to Rs. 1025; Kohinoors declined from Rs 315-8 to Rs. 305 and Swadeshis from Rs. 315 to Rs. 307. Hydro-electric and Bank shares maintained a steady poise with limited activity. Andhra Valley fluctuated around Rs. 1530 and Powers around Rs. 1630. Amongst Banks, whilst Central Banks and Imperial Banks Fully Paids kept steady at Rs. 89 and Rs 2050 respectively. Reserve Banks were fairly active with buyers in these scrips around Rs. 116. Bank of Indias, on the other hand, lingered ...ound Rs. 305. In the miscellaneous section Belapurs came to the fore with sales around Rs. 74 as against the opening rate of Rs 61. Associated Cements also moved down to Rs. 164-8 and Scindia Steams to Rs 26.

CALCUTTA SHARES

The jute section of the Calcutta share market maintained a firm undertone until mid-week on strong buying support in most of the popular scrips but thereafter the market turned easier on profit-taking at the higher level. The volume of business during the early part of the week was inclined to be fairly large

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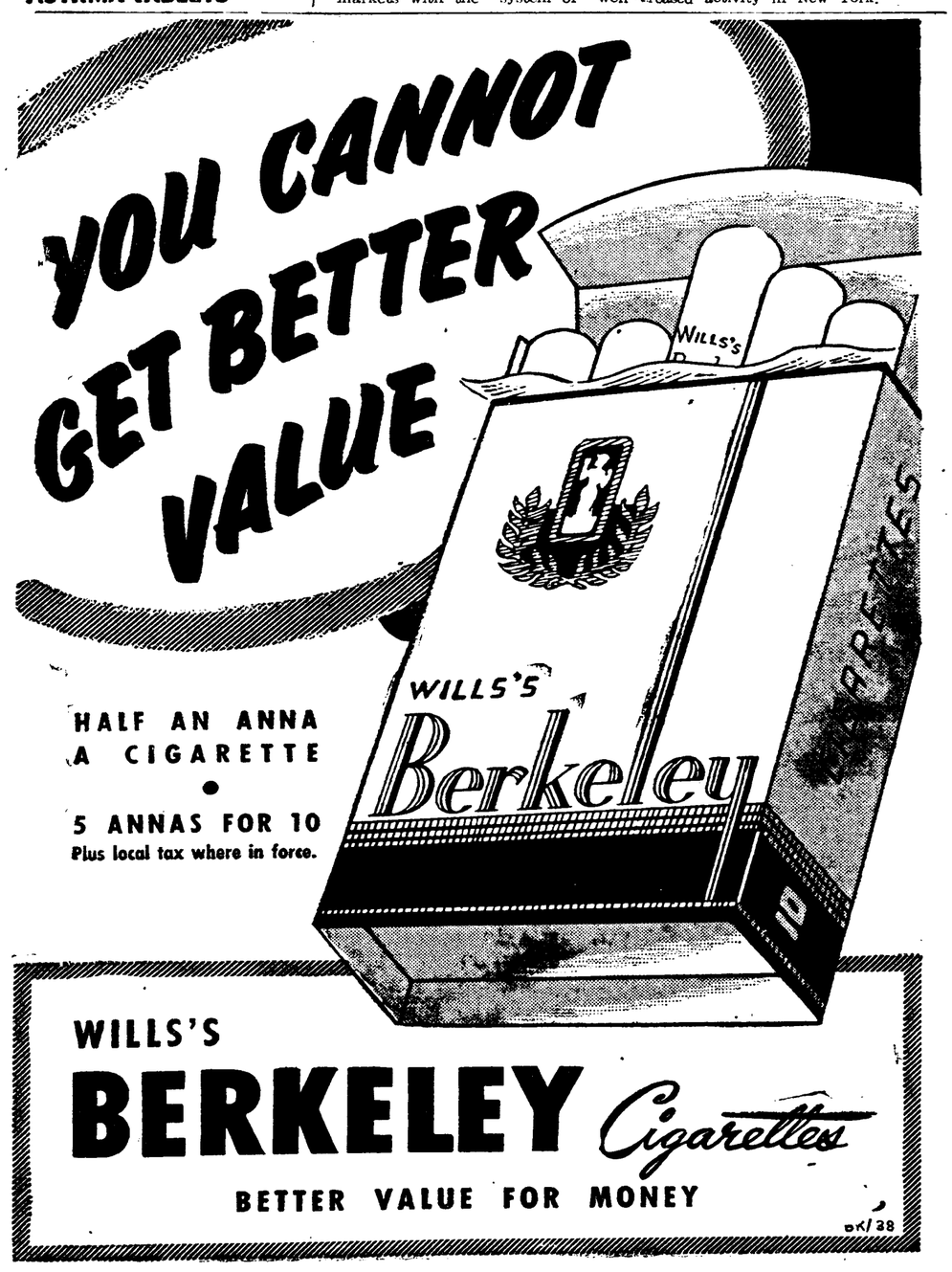

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In these days it isn't easy to cope with the demand for this exquisite soap. Help us by using it economically. Wet your hands and make a lather with the soap; rub the lather and not the soap on your face and body; keep the soap-dish dry—your soap will last longer

MSK 13

Sole Agents for Bombay Presidency including Southern Karnatic District of Dharwar Belgaum (S.C.)
Messrs. THE ASSOCIATED SALES CORPORATION Fort Chambers Hamam Street Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY Stock Exchange

Cotton Mill Shares Decline Under Restricted Trading

Bombay, Aug. 13.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was open to-day for one hour on account of fortnightly settlement. During the brief session price movement was again confined to a narow range with slightly increased selling in Cotton Mill shares. Tata Steel shares were quietly steady on the restrictive business.

Tata Steel Defds opened steady at a rise of Rs. 10 over the previous closing at Rs. 1627-8. This was the highest level for the day as buyers were cautious and under gradual liquidation Defds came down at Rs. 1616-4. There was scattered covering which in turn improved the quotation at Rs. 1623-12. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 312-8. After improving at Rs. 313 declined at Rs. 310-8 and finally steadied at Rs. 312. Bengal Steels were quoted at Rs. 21-8 while Indian Irons were done at Rs. 25-14.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1042-8 and after declining at Rs. 1025 rallied at Rs. 1035 on close at Rs. 1039. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 309 and after declining at Rs. 305 improved at Rs. 306-8. Swadeshi shares opened at Rs. 31-8 and after declining at Rs. 307 close at Rs. 309. Finlays were placed at Rs. 301 while Gokaks stood at Rs. 307. Simplex shares were quiet at Rs. 198. Swans lost Rs. 8 at Rs. 340 while Podars were marked down at Rs. 160. Tata Mills were also quiet at Rs. 70. The Bank section was steady. Centrals came in business at Rs. 89, while Imperials fully paid were done at Rs. 2050. India Bank changed hands at Rs. 205. United Commercials were placed at Rs. 61-4. Insurance shares were quiet with New India quoted at Rs. 65-8.

The miscellaneous section registered scattered small losses. Belapurs lost Rs. 3 while Burmas were quoted at Rs. 421-4. Burma Petrols eased off at Rs. 2-1-9. Premier Constructions were quiet at Rs. 192-8 under increased selling presure. Scindias declined at Rs. 26-1. Indian Bleachings also lost Rs. 5 at Rs. 178. Associated Cements were slightly better at Rs. 166.

Government Securities were quietly steady with 3 per cent 1986 Conversion Loan quoted at Rs. 99-6. 3 per cent 1963-65 changed hands at Rs. 101.

After the close the market feeling was bearish and Tata Steel Dfds. were nominally quoted Rs. 1,610.

FORWARD SECTION

	Rs.	a.
Bombay Dying (12-8 17-8)	1030	0
Kohinoor Mills (6-12)	306	0
Swadeshi Mills (22) X.R.	308	0
Central Indian Mills (4)	280	0
Simplex Mills	198	0
New Great Eastern (10)	156	8
Gokak Mills (9 plus 3)	307	0
Indore Malwa (21)	497	8
Century Spinning (15)	527	8
Colaba Land and Mill (12)	165	0
Indian Bleaching (6)	178	0
Swan Mills (20)	340	0
Finlay Mills (15)	298	0
Morarji Goculdas	495	0
Edward Sassoon (30)	525	1
Meyer Mills (12)	150	0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	3/3/6	
India United Ord. (0-13-9)	12	14
India United Defd (0-2-6)	2	
Madhusudan Mills (15)	241	4
Podar (S)	160	0
Khatau Makanjee (8)	266	4
STEEL SHARES		
Tata Steel Ord (14)	312	0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-14-1)	1620	0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (7 1/2)	140	12
CEMENTS		
Associated Cement (5)	166	0
INDUSTRIES		
Burma (12-8)	421	4
Belapur Sugar (12) X. R.	274	0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	36	12
Scindia Steam (1-4)	26	1
Premier Construction	192	8
Tata Chemicals	15	14
Tata Oil (2)	55	0
Indian Iron (0-6)	25	13
Bengal Steel (0-8)	21	8
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Tata Hydro (4-8)	160	0
Andhra Valley (45)	1520	0
Tata Power (50)	1630	0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS		
Elphinstone Mills (5) X. D.	74	0
Phoenix Mills (50)	446	4
Indian Manufacturing	4260	
Koorla Mills (5) X.R.	148	12
Dawn Mills (40)	1545	
David Mills (6)	191	4
New City Mills (10)	212	8
Minerva Mills (12)	161	4
Bradbury Mills	680	
Bharucha Dfd. (0-4)	5	6
Bharat Mills (2)	38	12
Mysore Spg. Mills	185	10
Madhovji Dharamsi (0-12)	15	
Model Mills (12-8)	185	0
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	731	4
Vishnu Cotton (8)	286	4
Western India (40)	4010	
Standard Mills (15)	586	
Sholapur Mills (200)	4520	0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0/8)	12	8
Hindustan Mills (40)	4185	
Tata Mills (3)	72	8
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	275	
Ahmedabad Advance New	195	
Sasson Silk (3)	90	0
New Union Mills (0-8)	12	4
Madhusudan R (2/8)	47	
Shrinivas Mills	195	0
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	126	
Berar Mills	275	0
Victoria Mills	225	
Colaba Land Coupon	43	0
New Great New	153	
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Ahmedabad Electric (3-8)	117	8
Ahmedabad New	13	4
Surat Electricity (2-8)	151	4
Surat New	152	8
Karachi Electric Supply (2)	141	4
Broach Elec. Supply (0-5)	11	0
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10	13
Amalgamated (0-12)	13	4
Nagpur Electricity (1/12)	53	
Poona Electric Supply	155	0
Bombay Suburban Old (3)	148	12
Bombay Suburban New (2) XD	131	4
BANK SHARES		
Reserve Bank (2-12) XD	114	0
Imperial Bank of India (35)	2050	0
Imperial Bank P. P. (8-12)	510	0
Central Bank Old (1-8)	89	0
Central Bank New	88	8
Bank of India (4)	205	0
Union Bank of India	9	8
Bank of Baroda (3-8)	165	0
Habib Bank (4)	163	
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	52	8
United Commercial (1-8)	61	4
Bank of India Coupon	38	8
Jaipur Bank (1/6	48	
Hindustan Commercial	27	0
Mysore Bank (8)	365	
Exhange Bank of I & A. (1/8)	38	
Eastern Bank (0/14/6)	105	
INSURANCE SHARES		
Oriental Life (125)	5150	0
Empire of India (10)	687	8
New India Assurance (1-8)	65	8
Jupiter General (1/4)	25	
Vulcan Insurance (0/10)	13	8
Indian Mercantile (2)	44	0
Universal Fire (0/4)	11	4
British India General (9-12) X. D.	23	4
Industrial and Prudential	29	8
Neptune Assurance	7	
New Great	25	
All India General	21	4
RAILWAY SHARES		
Central Provinces (1-4)	108	8
Mymensingh Rebate (2)	103	8
Mymensingh Guaranteed (1/4)	103	12
Pachora-Jamner Rly. (2/8)	107	
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES		
Alcock Ashdown (15)	321	4
Bombey Steamer (28)	603	12
Bombay Burma New (5)	151	4
British Burma Petrol	2	1/9
Mackenzie (6)	90	0
Port Canning (6)	79	0
Kemp and Co. (New)	462	8
Kemp and Co. (30)	475	
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	150	0 0
Industrial Invest Trust (4)	99	8
Western India Match (7-5)	302	8
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	37	0
Mukund Iron	10	
Dena Trust (0/12)	21	0
Alembic Chemical (15) XR	202	4
Supreme India	123	12
Jam Wire (6)	73	0
Bombay Uganda	69	
Bombay Motor Cycle	42	
Walchand Nagar Industries	220	0
United Motor	74	0
Associated Cement New (1-4)	106	0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	910	0
Hydary Construction	19	8
Mahmadi Steam	96	8
Gujarat Motor	25	
Sardar Carbonic	750	
Harvey Press	310	
Estrela Batteries	51	0
Prince of Wales Press	610	0
Manmad Press	120	0
PREFERENCE SHARES		
Tata Steel 1st (6)	192	8
Andhra Valley (7)	1307	8
Tata Power (7/8)	1395	0
Hydro Electric (7)	130	0
Bombay Steamer (6)	307	8
Central India (5)	645	0
Swadeshi Mills	146	
Vishnu Mills (7)	640	
Lakshmi Mills	277	8
New Great Mills (5/8)	222	8
Poddar Mills (4)	105	0
Shrinivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	113	2
Bradbury Bills (7-8)	365	0
Surat Electricity (3/4)	131	4
Premier Construction 1st (6½)	120	0
Premier Construction 2nd (6-4)	122	8
Amalgamated (5/8)	123	2
Habib	72	0
Tata Chemical (5)	135	0
Walchand Nagar Indus. (7)	250	0
Jupiter General	19	14
Supreme	120	0
Meyer	121	
Mackenzie 1st	127	8
Mackenzie 2nd	125	0
Ahmedabad Advance	132	8
Mysore Mills	50	0
Standard Mills	01	0
Madhusudan Mills	12	0
Khatau Mills	105	0
DEBENTURES		
Andhra 1952 (4)	103	8
Bombay Steamer (1959) (4-8)	105	0
Indian Hume Pipe (6)	111	0
Tata Power 1951	103	0
Walchand Nagar (6)	117	0
OUTSIDE SHARES		
Indian Copper (2-7)	2	10
British India Corporation (0-10)	8	1
Burma Corporation	3	5
New Victoria Mill	4	0
Phalton Sugar (8)	130	0
Gold Mohur (20)	325	0
New Kaiser-i-Hind	375	0
Sajjan Mills (3)	225	0
Osmanshahi Mills (10)	1	1
Azam Jabi Mills (10)	260	0
Air Service	11	0
Ambica Air Lines	16	14
Air India	151	4
Hind Motor	6	1
Indian Steam	11	3

GOVERNMENT LOANS

2 1/4 per cent 1954	98	14
2 1/4 per cent 1950	101	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	97	4
2 3/4 per cent 1960	100	1
2 3/4 per cent 1962	100	2
2 3/4 per cent 1976	98	14
3 per cent Non-Terminable	99	0
3 per cent 1986 Con.	99	6
3 per cent 1949-52	100	1
3 per cent 1951-54	102	10
3 per cent 1953-56	102	13
3 per cent 1957	102	9
3 per cent 1950-61	102	3
3 per cent 1963-65	101	0
3 per cent 1966-75	100	9
3 per cent 1970-75	100	8
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	105	6
4 per cent 1948-53	101	4
4 per cent 1960-70	110	12
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	104	8
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	112	6
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	116	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS		
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	98	8
2 3/4 per cent U. P. 1961	98	12
3 per cent Punjab 1952	98	12
3 per cent Bombay 1955	101	4
3 per cent Bombay 1958	101	4
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	10
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100	10
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100	10
3 per cent N. W. F. 1952	99	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-66	100	4
4 per cent Bombay Municipality D	121	0
5 per cent Bom. Muni 1959	114	0
6 per cent Bom. Muni 1954	116	0
3-1/4 per cent Municipality 1977	101	10
6 K. P. T.	112	0

BOMBAY COTTON

Prices Recover After Early Drop On Heavy Covering

Bombay, Aug. 13.

The local cotton market was again easy to-day on increased selling.

It appears that absence of transfer facility to new crop months is inducing unloading. So far trading in new crop has not started and traders' confidence is impaired.

It was reported that this year Egyptian cotton crop is also likely to be larger. Thus with bumper American cotton crop and large Egyptian crop, the statistical position is weakening.

There is more disposition to await the decision of the Conference which is scheduled to be held next week.

The market opened at Rs. 558 for September contract against yesterday's close at Rs. 563-8 and declined at Rs. 556 which was a new low level.

At the decline there was cessation of selling and prices recovered at Rs. 564 on moderate short covering. At this level short covering. At this level the demand was satisfied and under renewed selling the market declined at Rs. 560-8.

Thereafter September improved at Rs. 562-8 and steadied at Rs. 561-8. Later on there was heavy short covering and Septembeh advanced at Rs. 569/-. The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under.

I.C.C. September.....Rs. 568 8 0

FLUCTUATIONS IN SEPTEMBER

Opening Rs. 558, 557, 564, 560 564/8, 560, 562/8, 561/8, 563/8, 561, 564/8 562, 565, 563/8, 569 close Rs. 568/8 clearing Rs. 562.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September delivery is 956 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

Indian Cotton Figures

The weekly and total arrivals into and exports of cotton from Bombay forward the East India Cotton Association ar as under:

ARRIVALS

Arrivals by Rail and Sea for week-ending August 12:—

	Bales.
Bengals	877
Oomras	9,495
ciation are as under	
Tholleras	2,480
Broach	837
Southerns	5,641
Sandans	10,760
Egyptians	4,429
East African	106
Total	34,626

Total arrivals from 1st September 1947 to 12th August.

	Total
1947-48	22,06,837
1946-47	19,16,428
1945-46	23,98,834
1944-45	20,41,324
1943-44	18,38,214

EXPORTS

Exports for the week-ending 12th Aug.

Continent	829
China	1,100
U. S. A	400
Others	98
Coast Ports	10,366
Total	12,703

Exports from 1st September to 12th Aug.

	Totals
1947-48	10,78,529
1946-47	4,71,170
1945-46	4,99,385
1944-45	1,67,842
1943-44	1,79,384

Exports by Rail from 1st September to 12th Aug. 3,29,641 bales.

Estimated mill consumption in Bombay from 1st September to 12th Aug. 10,71,882 bales.

Same period last year 10,72,260.

Estimated Stock of Raw Cotton in all hands on August 12th 10,06,452.

Same time last yar 12,77,472.

COPPER SHEETS 4X4

21 lbs.	155
28 lbs.	145
35 lbs.	138
42 lbs.	128
49 lbs.	125
56 lbs.	125
Tin Shravan dely.	51 8 0
Tin Aso dely.	62 8 0
Copper Ingots Shravan	91 4 0
Copper Ingots Aso	92 0 0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Aug. 13.

Tata Ordinary 312/8 Tata Deferred 1620 Indian Iron 25/12 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 21/10 Bombay Dyeing 1030 Central India 280 Gokak 307 Kohinoor 306 Simplex 198 Swadeshi 308 Tata Power 1630 Associated Cement 166 Belapur 274 Bombay Burma (Old) 421/4 Scindia 26/1 Central Bank 89 New India 65/8 Tata 2nd Pref. 140

GOLD AND SILVER

Scattered Buying Hardens Prices

Bombay, Aug. 13.

Standstill conditions prevail in the local Bullion market for the last few days. The present inaction of the market is directly due to manipulations by professional operators. The Bullion Exchange proved a source of money-making device for some financially rich operators. With the power of purse they weighed over all available stock and they play the Dictators. Even the present state provide some means of earning to these operator in way of selling Double option rights. This goes to prove that outsiders have left the market.

It may be mentioned that we have three markets in the city doing forward business in Gold and Silver.

The Government has advocated a plan to reorganise the trade on the pattern of the Cotton Exchange and general agreement is arrived at but the developments too slow.

The market was quietly steady. Forward Silver was quoted at Rs. 175-12 without any change. Ready Silver was quoted at a premium of annas eight at Rs. 176-4.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 112-5 and improved at Rs. 112-7. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 113-3 while Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 75.

Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.		
Ready Silver	176	9	0
Forward Silver	175	15	0
Ready Gold	113	4	0
Forward Gold	112	4	0
Soverigns	75	2	0

STATE BANK OF PAKISTAN

The following is an account of the State Bank of Pakistan for the week ended the 6th day of August:

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	4,06,93,000
Notes in circulation	74,75,37,000
Total notes issued	78,82,30,000
Total Liabilities	78,82,30,000

ASSETS	Rs.
India notes pending transfer to the Reserve Bank of India	24,52,60,000
B. Rupee Coin	2,72,43,000
Gold Coin and Bullion	1,69,54,000
Sterling Securities	34,52,43,000
Government of India Securities	13,69,24,000
Rupee Coin	1,66,06,000
Total Assets	78,82,30,000

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	1,53,00,000
(a) Central Government	66,20,97,000
(b) Provincial Governments	6,28,82,000
(c) Banks	25,14,86,000
(d) Others	9,24,38,000
Bills Payable	40,000
Other Liabilities	16,56,000
Rupees	1,06,58,99,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	4,06,93,000
Rupee Coin	96,000
Pakistan	5,000
India	18,000
Balances held outside Pakistan	1,02,53,36,000
Other Loans and Advances	6,00,000
Other Assets	1,91,49,000
Rupees	1,06,58,99,000

Position Of Scheduled Banks

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as on the close of business of the 6th August.

Demand Liabilities in India	Rs.
(i) Borrowings from banks	20,24,18,000
(ii) Other demand liabilities	6,68,06,51,000
Time Liabilities in India	
(i) Borrowings from banks	1,21,97,000
(ii) Otehr time liabilites	3,13,06,66,000
Cash in India	
(i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	34,19,06,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,34,54,000
(ii) Subcidary Coin	68,06,000
Balances with Reserve Bank	1,12,70,38,000
Advances in India	4,01,74,28,000
Bills discounted in India	15,70,38,000

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Aug. 12

T. T. London on:—

New York Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325; Montreal Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325; Zurich Selling 17.34, Buying 17.36; Stockholm 14.47 to 14.50.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12

September	2.24.
December	2.27.
May	2.22-5/8.
July	2.09-7/8 bid.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Aug. 12.

Australian Wheat bulk 109 Oct.-Nov.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Aug. 13.

MILLS

Apollo 3/4,6 3/3,6
B. Dyeing 1042/8 25 35 30
C. India. 284 80 82 80
Century 527/8
Elphinstone Ord. 74
Finlay 302 296 201 295 298
Gokak 308 5/8 7
I. U. Defd. 2/1/6 2

BUDLEE CHARGES

Tata Steel Dfd. Reverse Rs. 6/14, 8, Tata Steel Ord. As. 6, As. 8, Dyeing Rs. 1/14, 2, Kohinoor Rs. 3, 2/8, 3, Swadeshi Reverse Rs. 1/8, Scindia Rs. 0-0-6, Rs. 0-0-9, Bellapur As. 8.

I. U. Ord. 12/15 13 12/11 12/14/6 12/14
Indore 498/12 90 97/8
Khatau 266/4
Kohinoor 309 5 7/8 6
Madhawji Defd. 15/2
New Great 158 56/8
Podar 160
Sassoon Silk 90
Simplex 202 198 200 198
Swadeshi 311/8 7 10 8
Swan 345 40
Tata Mills 70

BANKS

Central 88/8 89
Imperial Old 2050
Imperial New 510 11/4 10
India 205
Reserve 114

U. Commercial 61/4

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 117/8
Andhra Valley 1520
Karachi 141/4
Hydro 160
Hydro (Pref.) 130
Power 1630
New India 66 65 65/8

STEAMER.

B. Steam 602/8 3/12
Scindia 26/8 26/6 26/9 26/5 26/7 26/1

STEEL.

B. Steel 21/9 21/11 21/5 21 8
I. Iron 25/14 26 25/12 25/14 25/13
Tata (Defd.) 1627/8 16/4 23/12 20
Tata (Ord.) 312/8 13 10/8 12
Tata (1st Pref.) 192/8
Tata (IInd Pref.) 140/8 41 40/12

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 321/4
A. C. C. (Old) 166/4 65 66
A. C. C. (New) 106/8 6
Belapur 277 73 74
B. B. (Old) 422/8 18/12 21/4 20 21/4
B. B. (New) 151/4
B. B. Petrol 2/2/6 2/1/9
I. Bleaching 180 78
I. I. Trust 99/8
Dharamsey Chem. 37
Port Canning 79
P. Const. 193 92/8
Tata Chem. 15/12 15/14
Tata (Pref.) 135
Tata Oil 56
Walchandnagar 220
Wimco 303/12 2/8

SPECIAL.

India Bank Coupon 35 39
Central Bank (New) 80 85/8

PRODUCE MARKET

Further Drop In Groundnuts On Increased Arrivals

BOMBAY, Aug 13

Trading in September Castorseeds remain suspended until final decision of the Board in connection with price and delivery of forward contract. It is said that buyers are willing to accept delivery orders upto 20th instant while sellers insist on the extension of the delivery period upto the end of September. So far no decision is arrived at as it is said that the principal buyer is out of Bombay. It is generally expected that final decision will be arrived at early next week. In the meantime both linseeds and groundnuts are keeping quiet under the weight of increased arrivals. Quotations were as under:—

	Rs.		
GROUNDNUTS			
Khandesh quality	33	4	0
Coromandal ready	32	12	0
Bold	32	4	0
CASTORSEEDS			
Ready	30	8	0
September	..		
LINSEEDS			
Ready	27	0	0
September	27	12	0
OILS			
Groundnut ready receipt	19	2	0
Groundnut September	19	1	0
Groundnut October	18	12	0
Groundnut November	18	1	0
Groundnut December	17	11	0
Linseed Oil	18	6	0
Castorseed First Pressing	18	8	0
Castorseeds Commercial quality	16	8	0

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Cotton Bales	21271
Linseed	5435
Groundnuts	15645
Gram	4148
Castorseeds	47
Mowra	110
Cotton Seed	2473
Sugar	5867
Tilseed	27

SUGAR PRICES

BOMBAY, Aug. 13.

Small Grain	110 0 0
Medium	113 0 0
Big Size	114 8 0
Extra Big	118 0 0
August	39 3 0
October	37 15 0
January	32 11 0
Arrivals Bags	4225

HESSIAN MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 13.

45X11	
Ready	109-1/2
July/September	110-1/2
October/December	112-1/2
D. W. 40X28	
Ready	112 0 0
July/September	112 0 0
October/December	112 8 0

ITALIAN ART-SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Aug. 13.

150 D. August	4 9 0
150 D. September	4 8 0
150 D. Ready	4 8 0
120 D. Ready	4 9 6
20/22 Yellow Silk.	
Ready	26 4 0
August	26 4 0
September	26 6 0

PEPPER PRICES

BOMBAY, Aug. 13.

PER CANDY.	
Shravan dely.	1175 to 1180
PER CWT.	
Bhadarva dely.	223 to 226
Aso dely.	221 to 223

METAL MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 13.

BRASS SHEETS 4X4

21 lbs.	166
28 lbs.	171
35 lbs.	171
42 lbs.	161
49 lbs.	160
56 lbs.	160

Madras Share Market

MADRAS, August 13 (A.P.I.) : The Madras market continued lifeless with very little business passing through banks. Insurance, Electrics and even Plantings were neglected whilst Tea shares were in demand. Textiles continued steady with practically no changes. Miscellaneous section was featureless market closed weak.

Following are today's quotations:—

SECURITIES:

Government of India loans three per cent 1986 Rs. 99/6 do 1970/75 100/7 Government of Travancore loan Rs. 103/0/6 Government of Madras loan 1960 Rs. 101/-.

BANKS: Travancore 22/10 Reserve 11 M.

PLANTINGS: Chembras 5/14 Devashola 17/8 Nellampathys 1/7/6 Ouchterlony 6/12 Pullangodes 1/3/6 T. R. and T. 6/15.

TEXTILES: Buckinghams 174 Do Pref. 196 Cambodias 9/14 Coimbatore C. M. 91 Lakshmi 71/8 Radhakrishna 141 Rajalakshmi 56 Ranga Vilas 43/W Trav. Rayons 4/12 Trichinopolys 12/14/6 Vasanta 103.

MISCELLANEOUS: F A C TS 6/3 India Cements 14/5 Mettur Chem. 9/2 Mysore Chem. Ferts 10/8. (Loyal Textiles and Malabar Industrials unchanged)

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD Aug. 13

Market opened round about last closing and declined on general liquidation. Bear hammering in Arvind was the main feature. Closed easy.

Calico opened 1175, highest 1190, lowest 1168, closed 1176.

Ambica opened 426, highest 437, closed 436.

Arvind opened 1432, highest 1453, lowest 1414, closed 1421.

Deffered opened 1630, highest 1617, lowest 1601 closed 1610.

Closing quotations: Arvind 1421, Ambika 436. Calico 1176, Jupiter 395, Marsdon 190, Monogram 186, Saraspur 580, deferred 1610. New Cotton 420, Ashok 610, Mahalaxmi 625, Vijay 687-8-0.

WORTH STREET TRADING SLOW.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12. (U. P. A.): Trading turned slow on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market today as dealers continued to ponder over the towering cotton crop prospect. There was a show of activity in the bag trade with moderate inquiry involved and buyers were cautious on Thursday because they concluded the huge cotton crop will provide an over-ample supply which might result in cloth prices undergoing a levelling off.

Other producers insisted there is little chance for an immediate markdown since most of the goods available currently were made of some cotton purchased at higher level. Also the recent eight per cent wage increase in mills must be considered, dealers said.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

S.S. ARMORA

From Sdyney—54 casks mutton tallow, 55 casks tallow 120 cases textile printing, 4300 ctns. portins, 42 cases electric bath grounds, 141 cases pipe bends, 57 cases medicines.

From Prementile—54 drums mutton tallow, 30 cases cigarette papers.

From Port Adelaid—79 bales wool taps, 43 cases motor garage, primmer sets, 750 boxes brandy, 415 auto garage fackles.

From Adelaid—119 dry storage batteries.

From New Castle—25 drums pipe fittings, 36 cases condensed milk 980 cases milk powder.

From Melbourne—945 cases milk powder, 425 cases whisky, 1148 bales scorned wool, 28 cses tallows, 59 cases engineering bands, 413 ctns drugs, 316 cases bournvita.

From Colombo distilled c. nut 26 reels paper.

S. S. DUMRA

From Basrah—6000 baskets dates, 67 bags gol nuts.

From Khoramshire—1405 bags cumin seed 109 bags altars, 395 bags almonds, 397 bags puppy seed, 864 bags zeera, 252 bags almond with shell, 160 bdls. angoor, 818 cases khishmish, 342 bdls. rasins 513 bags shelld almonds.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

To Mombassa:—11 bales cotton piecegoods and 11 bales cotton blankets—The Bombay Dying and Manufacturing Co. Ltd. 19 bales cotton piecegoods—P. Gulabchand Co. 12 bales cotton piecegoods—K. T. Modi, 6 bales cotton piecegoods—M. Kantilal and Co. 12 bales cotton piecegoods—M. P. Mehta, 18 bales cotton piecegoods—Katharin and Co. 21 bales cotton piecegoods—V. A. Khanderia, 10 bales cotton piecegoods—D. Chaganlal and Co. 17 bales cotton piecegoods—B. Punjabhai, 19 bales cotton piecegoods—Velji and Co. 5 bales cotton piecegoods—J. Tribhuwandas.

S.S. TAIREA

To Daresalam:—83 bales cotton piecegoods—V. Kalidas and Co.

To Bera:—33 bales cotton piecegoods—S. M. Rajnarayan Kharat and Co.

S.S. SARANJAN

To Singapore:—10 bdls kashew kernels and 20 bags tilseed and 20 bags coriander—M. A. Mullic and Co.

To Penang:—30 bags fenelseed and 30 bags methi seeds and 30 bags turmeric—P. Bhuganjilal

To Colombo —10 bales cotton piecegoods—N Mansukram and Co

S.S. RIVER CIEANANCE

To Sydney. -1365 drums linseed oil—Northern India Oil Industries Ltd.

To Melbourne —1081 drums linseed oil—Northern India Oil Industries Ltd.

S.S CITY OF EVANSVILLE

To Montreal —40 bags psyllum seed, 50 bags celeryseed—S. S. Ramsingn, 51 bags ajamseed—B Ramsingh.

S.S DUMRA

To Busrah 100 bags potatoes—S. Pesanji and Co

To Behrin. 200 chest black tea—N. Hirjee and Co

S.S. BHADRAVATI

To Karachi —50 baskets beetle leaves—M A. Bhuraji

S.S. FLYINGCLOUD

To Hong Kong 50 cases cashew karnels—Tavaria Bros

BY AIR

60 baskets beetle leaves—R. M. Jaffer

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

"HERDIS" arrived from Antwerp with 1,089 tons general cargo on Aug. 12. Agent B C

"NETRAVATI arrived from Karachi with 1240 tons general cargo on Aug 12. Agent B.S.N. Co.

"MARINE LEOPARD" arrived from San Francisco with 8,251 tons general cargo on Aug 13. Agent F.F.C.

"ELISABETH BAKKE" arrived from New York with 2,900 tons general cargo on Aug. 13 Agent Volkart Brothers.

DEPARTURE

"CITY OF DUNDEE" sailed for Liverpool with 3,631 tons general cargo on Aug. 13

"CASTILE'S WOOD" sailed for Ras Tamora in ballast on Aug. 11.

"OOSTCAPPELE" sailed for Cochin with 418 tons general cargo on Aug. 11.

"ARENDS KERK" sailed for Brisbane with 3,120 tons general cargo on Aug. 11.

"BARJORA" sailed for Basrah with 392 passengers and 780 tons general cargo on Aug. 12.

"L'EMERILLON" sailed with 13 passengers and in ballast for Singapore on Aug. 12

"PORT CHIPEWYAN" sailed for Calcutta with 206 car trucks for Calcutta on Aug 12.

"BHARAT MATA" sailed for Karachi with 2,980 tons of general cargo on Aug. 12.

"RIZWANI" sailed for Karachi in ballast on Aug. 12.

Irregular Price Movement On N. Y. Cotton Exchange

WALL STREET MARKET STEADY AT HIGHER AVERAGE

NEW YORK, August 12:

Cotton: The early losses reflected scattered hedges and other selling influence by large crop prospects and the bearish statistical outlook plus the disappointing New York Cotton Exchange July consumption estimate of 615,000 bales—the lowest of the season—compared with 801,000 in June and 678,000 in July last year. Prices steadied on persistent dribbles of trade buying with contracts scarcer due to talk of the probabilities of large loan entries.

The census Bureau reports linters produced this season were 1,281,000 bales compared with 991,000 last year. Total cottonseed crushed was 4,061,000 against 3,068,000 last season. Cotton oil consumed in July was 120,000 barrels compared with 157,928 in June and 147,003 in July last year.

The Prices held relatively steady during late dealings attributable to trade buying, mill pricefixing and lightness of hedge pressure. Apart from the continued stress on Government loan implications, the market was devoid of fresh features. The session closed steady. Sales are estimated at 180,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON CLOSING

New York, Aug. 12.

October	31.30+07
October Highest	31.34+11
October Lowest	31.09—14
December	31.33+04
March	31.25—07
May	31.00—15
July	30.24—16
Middling Spot	32.57+14

NEW ORLEANS COTTON CLOSINGS

New York, Aug. 12.

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd No B 1065

Bhopatkar Objects To Evidence Of Angad Singh

SEARCHING CROSS-EXAMINATION BY DEFENCE COUNSEL IN GODSE TRIAL

Air Hostess Gives Evidence On Flight From Bombay To Delhi

RED FORT (DELHI), August 13 (UPI).—The Special Court trying Nathuram Godse and seven others in the Gandhi Murder Case resumed hearing today after two days' adjournment owing to the illness of Shankar Kistaya, one of the accused, when a young girl, Miss Lorna Bainbridge, air-hostess of the Air-India told the Court that the accused Nathuram Godse and Narain Apte travelled from Bombay to Delhi on January 27, 1948, by an Air India plane.

In her deposition, Miss Bainbridge said that she was on duty in the plane which left on January 27 at 9 a.m. from Santa Cruz airport of Bombay for Delhi. Two passengers named V. Rao and N. Rao travelled by that plane. They sat on one of the rear seats together and according to the chart for passengers' luggages, they pooled their luggage as was done when passengers travelled together.

When the police asked her if she remembered the two passengers named V. Rao and N. Rao who travelled on the 27th January last, she recalled them and remembered that they sat in one of the rear double seats. She also recalled one of them, she added, because he called on her more often than was usually done by passengers for coffee and sweets.

In the Court Miss Bainbridge identified Nathuram Godse and Apte as the persons who had travelled by her plane on the 27th January. She also said that Apte was the person who called on her quite often for coffee and sweets. Two or three weeks after they had travelled, she went for identification proceedings in Bombay and identified them there.

Mr. Daphtari, Chief Prosecution Counsel, having finished his examination, Mr. V. V. Oak, Counsel for accused Nathuram Godse, cross-examined the witness. Replying to Mr. Oak, the witness stated that the charts and luggage lists prepared in regard to the passengers are handed over to the Head Office of the company after the flight was over and were retained there. The witness did not have any chart or the list of the passengers before her statement to the police.

Cross-examined by Mr. Mengle, Counsel for accused Apte, the witness said that the passengers chart (which was exhibited before the Court) was in her own handwriting.

Cross-examined by Mr. Dange, Counsel for accused Karkare, the witness stated that there was nothing written in her own hand in the luggage chart of the passengers.

No other defence counsel cross-examined the witness.

BHOPATKAR'S OBJECTION

After the cross-examination of the witness, Miss Bainbridge was concluded, the court considered the petition made by Mr. Bhopatkar on Tuesday last stating that Angad Singh's evidence so far as it related to what he heard from Prof. Jain, another prosecution witness whose evidence has already been recorded, should not be admissible. Mr. Bhopatkar had no objection to the recording of the testimony of Angad Singh in so far as it related to what he himself heard from Madanlal when the latter was telling to Prof. Jain.

Mr. Daphtari, prosecution counsel, argued that under section 60 of the Evidence Act the evidence of Angad Singh was admissible because it would corroborate what Prof. Jain had told to the court.

Mr. Bhopatkar contended that under section 60 of the Evidence Act the deposition of Angad Singh should not be recorded because it was a hearsay evidence. The testimony of Prof. Jain before the court could be corroborated by his own statement which was made before the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay.

Mr. Bannerjee, another defence counsel, said that section 157 of the Evidence Act did not apply to what Mr. Daphtari said because that was not the fact in issue. The fact in issue here was the crime, conspiracy, etc., and the evidence of Angad Singh would corroborate what Prof. Jain had told the court. So, under section 157 of the Evidence Act the evidence of Angad Singh could not be admitted.

Mr. Daphtari replying said that relevent facts also came under section 157 of the Evidence Act.

ANGAD SINGH'S EVIDENCE

The Judge thereafter decided to record the evidence of Angad Singh, subject to his decision as to the admissibility or inadmissibility of the testimony at a later stage.

Mr. Bhopatkar objected to it.

Angad Singh, in his deposition said that he knew Dr. J. C. Jain and used to see him with Madanlal.

Witness first saw Madanlal at the house of Dr. Jain on or about October 26, 1947. On that day a R.S.S. rally was held at the Shivaji Park. The witness casually dropped at Prof. Jain's residence on his way back from a walk. Dr. Jain, Madanlal and two or three other persons were in the house. Dr. Jain then introduced Madanlal to him as a refugee and asked the witness if he could arrange a job for him. Madanlal said that he was prepared to take up the job even of a peon. Dr. Jain thereupon said that Madanlal being educated upto the intermediate standard, should not do the work of a peon. He should go in for further education, for which Prof. Jain was willing to help him, or he should go in for something better than a peon's job. The witness suggested to Madanlal that he should not take up any service but should do some business. Madanlal thereupon told him that he had no money. At this, witness suggested that he should go to Bassain and buy and sell vegetables there. Madanlal seemed to be reluctant. Thereupon, Dr. Jain suggested to Madanlal that he should sell his books on commission basis, to which Madanlal agreed. Thereafter, he left Dr. Jain's house.

Daphthari: When did you see Madanlal next?

Witness: I then met Madanlal near the City Light Cinema in the Lady Jamshedjee Road during the Dewali. I asked him as to how he was faring in the sale of books. He said that he was not selling any books but crackers. I asked him if he was doing well. He said that he was doing very well in that line, and I wished him success.

MADANLAL AT AHMEDNAGAR

The witness again met Madanlal at Dr. Jain's residence about 10-11 January 1948 at about 7-8 p.m. Giving a gist of the conversation the witness had with Madanlal at that time, the witness stated that Madanlal talked of his exploits at Ahmednagar. He told him that he had formed a party at Ahmednagar and that the party was being financed by Seth Karkare. Madanlal further told the witness that they were creating trouble for the Muslims there and their object was that no Muslim should be left at Ahmednagar. He next said that they had driven away all Muslim stallkeepers and that all the shops had been taken by Seth Karkare.

Continuing the witness said that Madanlal told him that when a meeting was being addressed by Rao Saheb Patwardhan at Ahmednagar and when Patwardhan said that Hindus and Muslims should live as brothers, Madanlal rushed up to the dias, whipped a knife and caught hold of his collar. The police then took Madanlal aside. Madanlal then took out a newspaper from his pocket and gave it to Prof. Jain and said that it was full of praises for him. As the witness was not interested in his activities in Ahmednagar he left the place.

The Court adjourned for lunch.

AFTER LUNCH

When the Court resumed hearing after lunch, accused Madanlal informed the Court that he would like the Court to continue hearing in the case of his illness. His counsel would represent him. Accused Nathuram Godse and Apte also similarly informed the Court that in case of their illness their counsel would represent them. Accused Shankar also informed the Court, through his interpreter, Miss Kamalamma that he would also like his counsel to represent him in case he fell ill again and was not able to attend the Court on Monday.

The Judge remarked that in the case of other accused it would be arranged but Shankar's' case was different. He might say later that his counsel did not carry out his instructions as was complained by him once. The position of his counsel was rather difficult. He asked the interpreter to explain the position to Shankar and let him know the final decision.

After concultation with Shankar the interpreter told the Court that the accused had agreed that in case of his illness his counsel would represent him and the proceedings of the Court should not be adjourned.

Continuing his deposition Angad Singh said that he saw Dr. Jain again two or three days later. He had a long conversation with Dr. Jain on that day and in course of the conversation he enquired of Madanlal and the tall talks he had indulged in.

MADANLAL TALKS OF PLOT

Dr. Jain looked a bit worried and told the witness that Madanlal had told him that the party to which Madanlal belonged had plotted to kill a leader and that after some persuasion Madanlal disclosed that the leader whom they had planned to murder was Mahatma Gandhi. Dr. Jain also told the witness that Madanlal had told him that they were collecting arms and ammunition in Ahmednagar for this purpose and that Barrister Savarkar was behind this party.

Asked as to how he got all these information from Madanlal Dr. Jain told the witness that he had a long talk with Madanlal the previous evening. Dr. Jain also told the witness that he had tried to dissuade Madanlal from indulging in such activities.

Dr. Jain further said, added the witness that since Savarkar was behind the party, as was told by Madanlal, it might come out true. So he taught that he should pass on the information to the authorities.

The witness told Dr. Jain that it was a tall talk by a refugeee and no seriousness should be attached to it since the refugee used to abuse Congress leaders and Gandhiji in those days. He, however, agreed with Dr. Jain that the information should be passed on to the authorities. The witness then left the residence of Dr. Jain.

The witness met Dr. Jain next on the morning of January 21, when he read in the morning papers that one Madanlal had exploded a bomb at the prayer meeting of Gandhiji. Dr. Jain told the witness that what Madanlal was talking had come out true partially. The plot to murder Gandhiji, Dr. Jain added might also come true. Dr. Jain and witness then decided to inform the authorities and they first attempted to contact Sardar Patel. They then went to the nearest telephone and Dr. Jain telephoned Sardar Patel's house but he could not contact Sardar Patel as he had left for the aerodrome a few minutes earlier. Dr. Jain then telephoned to Mrs. S. K. Patil but could not contact him as he had gone to the aerodrome to see off Sardar Patel. Dr. Jain after that telephoned to Mr. B. G. Kher, Bombay Premier. Mr. Kher attended the call. Dr. Jain then told the witness that Mr. Kher had given time at 4 p.m. in the evening and they should go to the Secretariat to meet the Premier. The witness, unfortunately, could not go to the Secretariat to meet Mr. Kher as he had some work.

ANGAD CROSS-EXAMINED

Cross-examined by Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, Chief Defence Counsel, the witness stated that he took his B.A. Degree in 1939. He then studied law but could not pass the examination as he was taking active part in politics. The witness was a member of the Congress for 8 or 9 yeas and left the Congress in 1946-47 when Socialists seceded from the Congress. He was now a member of the Socialist Party at Bombay. The witness remembered that a conference of Socialists took place at Nasik either at the end of 1947 or at the beginning of 1948, but the witness did not attend it. The witness knew Achyut Patwardhan who was probably the brother of Rao Saheb Patwardhan.

The witness further stated that he contacted Mr. Ashok Mehta and Mr. Haris of the Bombay Socialist Party after he read about the bomb explosion in Gandhiji's prayer ground and narrated the "Plot". He did not give in writing anything about the plot to anybody. The witness never attached any importance to the "Plot" till he read about the explosion. The witness never kept any diary and did not make any record about the "Plot". The witness did not try to contact anyone after he was told by Prof. Jain that he had already contacted the Bombay Prime Minister and Bombay Home Minister.

Mr. Bhopatkar asked the witness if he had stated to the police that Seth Karkare had been financing the Party and he had been occupying all the stalls that were created by his "Party".

HEATED ARGUMENT

Heated argument ensued on this question as the Prosecution Counsel, Mr. Daphtari argued that Mr. Bhopatkar could not ask this question because the omission on the part of the witness in supplying this information to the police was not a contradiction. Mr. Bhopatkar maintained that this omission on the part of the witness was a contradiction.

The Court accepted Mr. Bhopatkar's contention.

The question was then asked by the Court and the witness replying said that he did tell the police all these things, but he could not say whether the police recorded then or not.

The witness said that he did not know Savarkar nor did he know the resident of Mr. Savarkar. He, however, came to know of the location of Savarkar's house after the assassination of Gandhiji.

Replying to another question by Mr. Bhopatkar, the witness said that he did tell the police that Dr. Jain had told him that Madanlal had told him (Dr. Jain) that Savarkar was behind the plot and that when Madanlal went to the residence of Savarkar the latter had patted him on his back for his adventure, as was told to him by Dr. Jain.

Cross-examined by Mr. V. V. Oak, Counsel for Nathuram Godse the witness stated that before he left the Congress he was not a member of the All-India Congress Committee but he was an ordinary member.

Mr. Oak then asked if the witness attended the meeting of the A.I.C.C. at Bombay when the Congress decision for partition of India was ratified by the A.I.C.C.

At this stage Nathuram Godse got up and said that the decision to partition India was taken by Congress leaders first and afterwards it was ratified by the Bombay session of the AICC.

Mr. Oak repeated his question, to which the witness stated that he was not present at the AICC meeting held at Bombay. The witness was aware of the fact that the Socialist Party did not vote at that meeting as the Party had decided to remain neutral.

Cross-examined by Mr. Dange, the witness said that he first came into contact with Dr. Jain in 1945-46. During that period the witness was a candidate for the BPCC elections and he contacted Dr. Jain to secure votes for the witness. Dr. Jain told him that he would consider his case along with other candidates. The witness lost the election.

The witness said that he did not maintain any diary of daily events. He also told the Court that Dr. Jain had telephoned Sardar Patel's house and asked for him on January 21.

Dange: You told the Court that an appointment was made with Mr. B. G. Kher at 4 p.m. on 21st January, but you could not go because of some work. What was that work?

Witness: I had a case in a suburban court at Bandra. I did not tell Dr. Jain about the case when the appointment was fixed by him with Mr. Kher.

Dange: What was the relationship between Dr. Jain and Madanlal?

Witness: Dr. Jain helped Madanlal by giving him books for sale and I think Madanlal might be obliged to Dr. Jain for that.

The cross-examination of witness Angad Singh did not conclude when the Court adjourned till Monday.

Lajpatrai Statue Brought To Simla

SIMLA, August 12 (API): The statue of Lala Lajpatrai was brought here today in a truck from Lahore. It will be installed at a prominent place near the junction of the Mall and Ridge Maidain road. The Premier of East Punjab Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, will perform the unveiling ceremony of the Statue on the morning of August 15.

CONFERENCE OF YARN & CLOTH DEALERS

BOMBAY, Aug. 13 (API.) An All-India Conference of cloth and yarn dealers is proposed to be held in Bombay on August 21 and 22 to discuss the situation arising out of the decision of the Government to reimpose control restrictions on the trade.

The Conference, which will be held under the auspices of the Federation of Piecegoods and yarn Merchants' Association of India will be presided over by Seth Gordhandas G. Morarji, President of the Federation.

PRESS PARTY TO RAJAJI

NEW DELHI, Aug. 15 (API.) The Governor-General Shri C. Rajagopalachari was entertained this evening at a party given by the Press Association, Delhi, and the Foreign Correspondents' Association.

40,000 Damage Sequel To Attack Train

MADRAS, Aug. 13 (API.) The train attack in Hyderabad territory near Bezwada on August 7 when an R.M.S. mail van was burnt and one of the sorters suffered gun-shot injuries involved a total estimated damage of Rs. 40,000 according to an official account received by the Madras Government today.

GUARD OF HONOUR TO NEPAL CONTINGENT CHIEF

MAJ.-GEN. SARDAR SHAMSER JUNG BAHADUR RANA, G.O. C.-IN-CHIEF NEPALESE CONTINGENT IN INDIA ACCOMPANIED BY MAJ.-GEN. TARA SINGH BAL, INSPECTING THE "GUARD OF HONOUR" PRESENTED BY 6/5 ROYAL GURKHA RIFLES.

RADIO TO AID AVIATION

Government Confers With Air Lines

BOMBAY, Friday.

The extension of India's radio communicatiou system to aid speedier contacts between domestic airports and with foreign centres would help to "streamline" the national and international air routes crossing the country, it was agreed during discussions held in the city between Officials of the Government of India's Overseas Communications Service and representatives of aviation companies.

The conference noted that the existing facilities were inadequate to convey timely information regarding bookings and availability of seating accommodation from one port to another with the result that planes were forced to fly without their full complement of passengers. It was felt that the establishment of fast communications with the landing grounds outside India and between airports of international standing within the country itself—at present Bombay, Delhi, Calcutta and Madras—was an imperative need, and that the application of radio facilities could solve the problem.

The General Traffic Manager of the Overseas Communications service explained that under the "phonogram" system airlines were expected to have independent direct line connections with the O.C.S. Control Office. All messges received for these parties were telephoned to them immediately they were received by the Control Office from abroad.

Government officials stated that it should be possible for radio communications to be of greater service to aviation both in the domestic and international spheres. Sixty to seventy million words were now being radioed annually by India's communication system to Britain, America China and Australia, while plans were being made to link Japan to the service.

'VIGILANCE' RAIDS IN CITY

BOMBAY, Friday.

A man and his wife were arrested by the Vigilance Branch of the C.I.D. on Thursday night for living on immoral earnings after they had unsuspectingly admitted into their Colaba flat a "bogus customer" sent by the police.

On the same night two men were arrested in a hotel in north Bombay on similar charges.

The raids were conducted by Inspector Salvi and Sub-Inspectors Shanti Parvane and Khatgi of the Vigilance Branch. They said that the girls found in both the premises were lodged in a Rescue Home, pending investigation.

INDIA UNLIKELY TO LEAVE COMMONWEALTH

Sir B. N. Rau On Country's Serious Problems

BRUSSELS, Aug. 13 (Reuter): India is unlikely to leave the British Commonwealth and thus add to her present serious problems, Sir B. N. Rau, Constitutional Adviser to the Indian Government, told reporters here today.

Whether or not she was to remain within the Commonwealth was the most important question in India's new constitution, Sir B. N. Rau, who will represent India at the forthcoming International Justice Conference at The Hague, said.

KASHMIR AND HYDERABAD

Sir B. N. Rau, referring to the problems of Kashmir and Hyderabad, said: "We must not lose our sense of proportion. We must not minimise the importance of the question, but they are but two units in a Dominion made up of thirty provinces and states."

"Fourteen-fifteenths of India is living in comparative peace.

"When Canada was born in 1867, everybody was pessimistic about its future, but look at the Dominion today.

"When the Irish Free State was established in 1921 there was a long period of internal strife. Just as these unfortunate events passed in Canada and Ireland thus we can hope they will pass in India.

THE REAL PROBLEM

He then explained what he described as India's real problem—rapidly increasing population. There was an increase of fifteen per cent in the population in 1931-1941, he said.

"If this increase goes on at that rate", he said, "at the end of the next generation—that is in thirty years time—the population will total six-hundred million.

"India", he said, "is largely an agricultural country and the amount of land available for cultivation is not likely to increase at the same rate. Therefore it will be difficult to maintain even the present standard of living even by trying to increase the amount of land under cultivation or increasing the fertility of the land."

"You do not know", Sir B. N. Rau said, "how low our standard of living is."

"An estimate taken in 1944 revealed that the individual income in India worked out at sixty-five Rupees or just over £5 a head.

The individual income in the United States worked out at twenty times this".

Good Rains In Saurashtra

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, Aug. 13—Rajkot Rashtriya Vidyarthi Mandal will celebrate Independence "Parva" on 14th, 15th and 16th inst. its president Sjt. Vasant Khakhar has appealed all to co-operate in celebrations.

Last night Rajkot had good rain amidst lightening and roaring thunders. In most parts of Surashtra good rain was reported.

Indo-Czech Trade Prospects

PRAGUE, Aug. 13 (Reuter): Mr. L. K. Jha, Head of the Indian Trade Delegation now in Czechoslovakia, told Reuter today that he had formed the impression that Indian-Czechoslovakia trade could be considerably extended.

Mr. Jha said that the Delegation had inspected a number of industrial plants including the Skoda Arms Works at Pilsen.

They had found Czechoslovakia could deliver the machinery India wanted within a reasonable period. India was primarily interested in machine tools, locomotives and hydro-electric equipment.

The Delegation's task had been to find out what was offered, at what price and on what sort of delivery promise.

There was no fixed trade agreement largely because although trade had gone on since the war, few contracts had been made.

WHAT CZECHS WANT

Czechoslovakia was especially interested in Indian supplies of oil seed and also wanted Indian jute, hides and cotton.

Mr. Jha said he had created some consternation by asking the Czechs who are suffering from a scarcity of oil seeds, whether they had any machinery which would run on vegetable oils.

The Czechs asked India to export her vegetable oils and accept diesel oil for her machines.

Mr. Jha said he would leave Czechoslovakia tomorrow, spend a day in Geneva and go on to London before returning to India, where he expected to arrive on Thursday August 19.

IMPROVEMENTS ON INDIAN RAILWAYS

Suggestions Of All-India Passengers' Conference

BOMBAY, Friday.

Enactment of an "Indian Passengers Welfare Act" was urged by the All-India Railway Passengers Conference which concluded its two-day session here today.

The Act it was recommended should provide inter alia for the establishment of an "Indian Passengers' Welfare Service" under a special department of the Government of India for the prompt removal of all the grievances of the travelling public and the provision of all civilised amenities at railway stations as well as during journey". The Government should allocate a minimum of 15 per cent of the road railway, sea, and air transport revenues for financing the Welfare Service.

The Conference urged upon Government to appoint at an early date an Indian Transport Survey and Development Commission to make a broad survey of the present position in regard to transport conditions and submit recommendations for more efficient management and administration of transport service.

REMEDY FOR TICKETLESS TRAVEL

Suggesting a remedy for ticketless travel, which was described in a resolution as "an exhibition of moral depravity on the part of a large section of our people, and also of boundless corrupion and incompetence on the part of transport officials", the conference urged amendment of the Indian Railway Act Amendment Act of 1941 and, called upon Government to appoint a special committee to go into the matter.

Radical revision of the Indian Railways Act of 1890 was also suggested by the Conference.

ONLY TWO CLASSES

The conference recommended that in future there should be only two classes upper and lower in trains and that the lower class compartments should be so constructed as to provide corridors and comfortable seats.

A Standing Committee of nine members led by Seth Matadin A. Khattau was appointed by the conference to see to the implementation of the resolutions passed by the conference.

MUTT AND JEFF—Yes In deed, The Cure Was Sure And Effective — By BUD FISHER

I'VE GOT AN AWFUL COLD! WISH I DIDN'T GET THESE HEADACHES!
I KNOW HOW YOU CAN STOP GETTIN' HEADACHES!
HOW?
MY UNCLE HAD A HEADACHE ONCE! KNOW WHAT HE TOOK?
NO, WHAT?
A HALF GLASS OF EYE WASH AND A HALF GLASS OF PAREGORIC!
WHY THAT MIGHT KILL ME!
I KNOW-- IT KILLED MY UNCLE- BUT HE NEVER GOT ANOTHER HEADACHE!
?
Fisher

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